

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Subsidiaries

**Publicly announced consolidated financial statements and
related disclosures at March 31, 2020 together with
auditor's review report and interim activity report**

**(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated financial
statements and independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish,
See Note I. of Section Three)**

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three)

INTERIM REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated financial subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") at 31 March 2020 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three-month period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation (together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 7 of the Explanations and Disclosures related to the Liabilities, the accompanying consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2020 include a free provision amounting to TL 220.000 thousand which were provided within 2018 and before out of which TL 20.000 thousands was provided and reversed as at 31 March 2019 and 30 June 2019 respectively by the Bank management, for the possible effects of the negative circumstances which may arise in the economy or market conditions. Since the above mentioned provisions do not meet the accounting requirements of TAS 37, the "Prior Years' Profit/Loss" as of 31 March 2020 and "net income" of 31 March 2019 are understated by TL 220.000 thousands TL 20.000 thousands respectively.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the effects of the matter on the consolidated financial statements described in the basis for qualified conclusion paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial information do not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. and its consolidated financial subsidiaries at 31 March 2020 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, are not consistent with the consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi
A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited



Yaşar Brivas SMMM
Partner

30 April 2020
İstanbul, Türkiye

**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF
TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş.
FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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The consolidated financial report for the three months includes the following sections in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Explanation and Notes that will be made Publicly Announced" as sanctioned by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency:

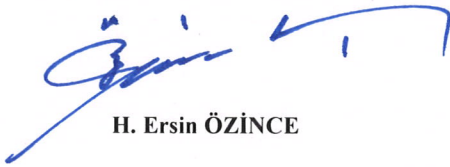
- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE CORRESPONDING ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP WHICH IS UNDER CONSOLIDATION
- EXPLANATORY DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM REPORT

The subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, whose financial statements are consolidated within the framework of the reporting package, are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Associates
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. İş Faktoring A.Ş.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and the explanatory footnotes and disclosures for the three months, unless otherwise indicated, are prepared in **thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL")**, in accordance with the Communiqué on Bank's Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, related communiqués and the Bank's records, and have been independently reviewed and presented as attached.

30 April 2020



H. Ersin ÖZİNCE

**Chairman of
Board of Directors**



Ece BÖRÜ

**Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Executive Vice President
In Charge of Financial Reporting**



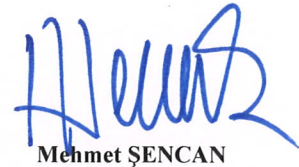
Tolga SERT

**Head of Financial
Control Department**



Gamze YALÇIN

Member of Audit Committee



Mehmet ŞENCAN

Member of Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge for addressing questions about this financial report:

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TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. The Parent Bank's incorporation date, beginning status, changes in the existing status

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. ("The Parent Bank") was established in accordance with the decision of President of the Republic of Turkey numbered 3/11203 on 12 May 1950. This decision was declared by T.R. Office of Prime Ministry Procedures Directorate Decision Management on 12 May 1950.

According to the classification set out in the Banking Law No: 5411, the status of the Parent Bank is "Development and Investment Bank". The Parent Bank does not have the license of "Accepting Deposit". Since the establishment date of the Parent Bank, there is no change in its "Development and Investment Bank" status.

II. Explanations regarding the Parent Bank's shareholding structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the managing and controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling group of the Parent Bank

Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. has the authority of managing and controlling power of the Parent Bank directly or indirectly, alone or together with other shareholders. Shareholders of the Parent Bank are as follows:

Current Period	Share	Shareholding	Paid in	Unpaid
Name Surname/Commercial Title	Capital	Rate (%)	Capital	Capital
T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Group	1.426.280	50,94	1.426.280	-
T. Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	234.570	8,38	234.570	-
Under Custody at Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu (Other Institutions and Individuals)	1.139.150	40,68	1.139.150	-
Total	2.800.000	100,00	2.800.000	-

Prior Period	Share	Shareholding	Paid in	Unpaid
Name Surname/Commercial Title	Capital	Rate (%)	Capital	Capital
T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Group	1.425.780	50,92	1.425.780	-
T. Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	234.570	8,38	234.570	-
Under Custody at Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu (Other Institutions and Individuals)	1.139.650	40,70	1.139.650	-
Total	2.800.000	100,00	2.800.000	-

The Parent Bank shares are traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange ("BIST") since 26 December 1986. The Parent Bank's 50,94% of the shares belongs to İş Bank Group and 38,62% of these shares are in free floating and traded in BIST Star Market with "TSKB" ticker.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

III. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares and responsibilities in the Parent Bank

The Chairman and The Members of Board of Directors:

Name Surname	Title (1)
H. Ersin Özince	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Mehmet Şencan	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee
Yavuz Canevi	Member of the Board of Directors
Mithat Rende	Member of the Board of Directors
Zeynep Hansu Uçar	Member of the Board of Directors
Ahmet Hakan Ünal	Member of the Board of Directors
Abdi Serdar Üstünsalih	Member of the Board of Directors
Gamze Yalçın	Member of the Board of Directors and Member of Audit Committee
Hüseyin Yalçın	Member of the Board of Directors
Can Yücel	Member of the Board of Directors

General Manager and Vice Presidents

Name Surname	Title / Area of Responsibility
Ece Börü (by proxy)(2)	General Manager
Meral Murathan	Executive Vice President – Financial Institutions and Investor Relations, Development Finance Institutions
Aslı Zerrin Hancı	Executive Vice President – Treasury, Treasury & Capital Markets Operations, Loan Operations
Hasan Hepkaya	Executive Vice President – Corporate Banking Marketing, Corporate Banking Selling, Project Finance, Corporate Communication
Ece Börü	Executive Vice President – Loan Allocation, Loan Monitoring, Loan Analysis, Financial Control, Budget Planning
Hakan Aygen	Executive Vice President – Corporate Finance, Economic Research, Engineering and Technical Consultancy, Financial Consultancy, Business Development and Consultancy Management Office Departments
H. Yetkin Kesler	Executive Vice President – Pension and Assistance Funds, Human Resources, Enterprise Architecture and Process Management, Corporate Compliance
B. Gökhan Çanakpınar	Executive Vice President – Support Services, System & Network Support, Application DevelopmentN
A. Ferit Eraslan	Executive Vice President – Head of Board of Internal Auditors, Internal Control, Risk Management

(1) The shares of above directors in The Parent Bank are symbolic.

(2) The Member of the Board of Directors and General Manager of the Parent Bank Mr. Suat İnce resigned from his duty as a member of the Board of Directors and General Manager position due to retirement as of 3 April 2020. Assistant General Manager Mrs. Ece Börü has been appointed as Proxy General Manager.

According to the regulations on auditing in Articles 397-406 of the Turkish Commercial Code numbered 6102, Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci ve Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. has been elected as the independent auditor for the year 2020 in the General Assembly Meeting held on 26 March 2020.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

IV. Information about the persons and institutions that have qualified shares in the Parent Bank

Explanation about the people and institutions that have qualified shares control the Parent Bank's capital directly or indirectly are described in General Information Section II.

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's functions and areas of activity

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is the first private development and investment bank which was established by the Council of Ministers resolution number of 3/11203 established in 1950 with the support of World Bank, Government of Republic of Turkey, Central Bank of Republic of Turkey and commercial banks. As per the articles of association published in the Official Gazette on 2 June 1950, the aim of the Parent Bank is to support all private sector investments but mostly industrial sectors, to help domestic and foreign capital owners to finance the new firms and to help the improvement of Turkish capital markets. The Parent Bank is succeeding its aims by financing, consulting, giving technical support and financial intermediary services. The Parent Bank, which operates as a non-deposit accepting bank, played a major role on manufacturing and finance sectors in every phase of the economic development of Turkey. The Parent Bank started its journey in 1950 financing the private sector investments in Turkey and today it provides loans and project finance with the goal of sustainable development to corporations in different fields. As a leader in meeting the long term financing needs of the private sector, the Parent Bank also continues to offer solutions with respect to the newest needs and client demands.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the institution subject to line-by-line method or proportional consolidation and institutions which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods

Due to differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Account Standards (TAS), the non-financial subsidiaries and associates, TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., Terme Metal Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., Ege Tarım Ürünleri Lisanslı Depoculuk A.Ş., TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. and Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi are not consolidated since they are not in scope of financial institutions according to related Communiqué.

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. and its financial institutions, Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş., TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. and Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by line by line consolidation method; İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. and İş Faktoring A.Ş. are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by equity method.

Financial institutions included in the consolidation are determined in accordance with “Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 8 November 2006 numbered 26340.

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. :

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (“YF”) was established in 15 October 1976. The Company’s purpose is to perform capital market operations specified in the Company’s articles of association in accordance with the CMB and the related legislation. The Company was merged with TSKB Menkul Değerler A.Ş. on 29 December 2006. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 95,78%. The company’s headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. :

TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (“TSKB GYO”) was established on 3 February 2006. Core business of the Company is real estate trust to construct and develop a portfolio of properties and make investment to capital market instruments linked to properties. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 89,09%. The company’s headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. :

Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. was established on 20 September 2019. Core business of the Company is to issue a lease certificate exclusively in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Market Law and the relevant Communiqué. The share of Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. is 100%.

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. :

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (“İş Finansal Kiralama”) was established on 8 February 1988. The Company has been performing its operations in accordance with the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No 6361. The purpose of the Company is performing domestic and foreign financial leasing activities and all kind of rental (leasing) transactions within the framework of legislation. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 29,46%. The Company’s headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

İş Faktoring A.Ş. :

İş Faktoring A.Ş. (“İş Faktoring”), was incorporated in Turkey on 4 July 1993 and it has been performing its operations in accordance with the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No: 6361. The Company’s main operation is domestic and export factoring transactions. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 21,75%. The Company’s headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

- VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the institution subject to line-by-line method or proportional consolidation and institutions which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods (continued)**

İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. :

İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (“İş Girişim”) started its venture capital operations by the decision of Capital Market Board dated 5 October 2000. The principal activity of the Company is to perform long-term investments to venture capital companies mainly established or to be established in Turkey, have development potential and require resource. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 16,67%. The Company’s headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

- VII. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle on the transfer of shareholder’s equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries or the reimbursement of liabilities**

There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. The Parent Bank charge or pay cost of the services according to the service agreements done between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. Dividend distribution from shareholders’ equity is made according to related legal regulations.

Written policies of the Parent Bank related to compliance to publicly disclosed obligations of the Parent Bank and assessment of accuracy, frequency and compliance of mentioned disclosures

The Parent Bank Disclosure Policy approved by the meeting of the Board of Directors has entered into force on 28 February 2014. Compliance to public disclosure obligations, frequency of public disclosures and tools and methods used for public disclosures are explained in the disclosure policy of the Parent Bank accessible from the Parent Bank’s corporate website.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)
AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ASSETS	Section 5 Note I	Reviewed Current Period 31 March 2020			Audited Prior Period 31 December 2019		
		TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I. FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)		3,307.275	6.196.030	9.503.305	3.417.606	3.597.087	7.014.693
1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents		283.165	2.680.823	2.963.988	539.386	1.047.785	1.587.171
1.1.1 Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(1)	1.019	1.040.551	1.041.570	513	803.528	804.041
1.1.2 Banks	(3)	230.752	1.476.566	1.707.318	12.973	244.719	257.692
1.1.3 Money Market Placements		51.639	164.500	216.139	526.286	-	526.286
1.1.4 Expected Credit Losses (-)		245	794	1.039	386	462	848
1.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(2)	22.663	263.097	285.760	15.821	263.097	278.918
1.2.1 Government Debt Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.2 Equity Instruments		2.950	-	2.950	1	-	1
1.2.3 Other Financial Assets		19.713	263.097	282.810	15.820	263.097	278.917
1.3 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(4)	2.115.310	2.421.837	4.537.147	2.209.134	1.977.139	4.186.273
1.3.1 Government Debt Securities		1.922.052	2.361.080	4.283.132	2.001.291	1.922.143	3.923.434
1.3.2 Equity Instruments		68.275	59.429	127.704	62.763	53.806	116.569
1.3.3 Other Financial Assets		124.983	1.328	126.311	145.080	1.190	146.270
1.4 Derivative Financial Assets	(2)	886.137	830.273	1.716.410	653.265	309.066	962.331
1.4.1 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		886.137	830.273	1.716.410	653.265	309.066	962.331
1.4.2 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
II. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (NET)		6.885.924	29.331.052	36.216.976	6.757.111	26.586.973	33.344.084
2.1 Loans	(5)	4.754.898	29.593.130	34.348.028	4.750.439	26.766.177	31.516.616
2.2 Lease Receivables	(10)	-	149.777	149.777	-	128.874	128.874
2.3 Factoring Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4 Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(6)	2.453.927	324.878	2.778.805	2.285.894	299.266	2.585.160
2.4.1 Government Debt Securities		2.453.927	324.878	2.778.805	2.285.894	299.266	2.585.160
2.4.2 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.5 Expected Credit Losses (-)		322.901	736.733	1.059.634	279.222	607.344	886.566
III. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET)	(16)	64.403	-	64.403	64.403	-	64.403
3.1 Held for Sale Purpose		64.403	-	64.403	64.403	-	64.403
3.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. EQUITY INVESTMENTS		478.893	-	478.893	473.335	-	473.335
4.1 Investments in Associates (Net)	(7)	471.534	-	471.534	465.976	-	465.976
4.1.1 Accounted Under Equity Method		470.478	-	470.478	464.920	-	464.920
4.1.2 Unconsolidated Associates		1.056	-	1.056	1.056	-	1.056
4.2 Subsidiaries (Net)	(8)	5.109	-	5.109	5.109	-	5.109
4.2.1 Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2 Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		5.109	-	5.109	5.109	-	5.109
4.3 Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture) (Net)		2.250	-	2.250	2.250	-	2.250
4.3.1 Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		2.250	-	2.250	2.250	-	2.250
V. TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(12)	346.417	-	346.417	347.206	-	347.206
VI. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(13)	5.661	-	5.661	5.074	-	5.074
6.1 Goodwill		1.005	-	1.005	1.005	-	1.005
6.2 Other		4.656	-	4.656	4.069	-	4.069
VII. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(14)	274.792	-	274.792	273.918	-	273.918
VIII. CURRENT TAX ASSET		3.474	-	3.474	255	-	255
IX. DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(15)	43.951	-	43.951	39.930	-	39.930
X. OTHER ASSETS (Net)	(17)	387.767	335.285	723.052	289.966	400.147	690.113
TOTAL ASSETS		11.798.557	35.862.367	47.660.924	11.668.804	30.584.207	42.253.011

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)
AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

		Reviewed Current Period 31 March 2020			Audited Prior Period 31 December 2019			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		Section 5 Note II	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(3)	125.791	28.305.282	28.431.073	635.639	25.992.686	26.628.325
III.	MONEY MARKET BALANCES		363.853	431.978	795.831	535.195	662.172	1.197.367
IV.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(3)	199.077	9.572.562	9.771.639	253.918	6.023.450	6.277.368
4.1	Bills		-	-	-	108.662	-	108.662
4.2	Assets Backed Securities		199.077	-	199.077	145.256	-	145.256
4.3	Bonds		-	9.572.562	9.572.562	-	6.023.450	6.023.450
V.	BORROWER FUNDS		2.967	145.312	148.279	2.494	56.456	58.950
5.1	Borrower Funds		2.967	145.312	148.279	2.494	56.456	58.950
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(2)	189.186	371.986	561.172	277.424	207.410	484.834
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		189.186	371.986	561.172	277.424	207.410	484.834
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES	(5)	4.795	-	4.795	4.913	-	4.913
X.	PROVISIONS	(7)	243.594	23.663	267.257	242.096	22.070	264.166
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2	Reverse for Employee Benefits		20.249	-	20.249	18.095	-	18.095
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4	Other Provisions		223.345	23.663	247.008	224.001	22.070	246.071
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(8)	21.427	-	21.427	83.358	-	83.358
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(10)	-	2.040.071	2.040.071	-	1.830.045	1.830.045
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	2.040.071	2.040.071	-	1.830.045	1.830.045
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		163.860	296.859	460.719	158.620	86.076	244.696
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		5.354.957	(196.296)	5.158.661	5.182.346	(3.357)	5.178.989
16.1	Paid-in capital	(11)	2.800.000	-	2.800.000	2.800.000	-	2.800.000
16.2	Capital Reserves		906	-	906	904	-	904
16.2.1	Share Premium		532	-	532	530	-	530
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		374	-	374	374	-	374
16.3	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		339.721	435	340.156	337.134	(147)	336.987
16.4	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		96.604	(196.731)	(100.127)	75.403	(3.210)	72.193
16.5	Profit Reserves		1.929.258	-	1.929.258	1.226.589	-	1.226.589
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		342.716	-	342.716	306.633	-	306.633
16.5.2	Status Reserves		75.641	-	75.641	75.641	-	75.641
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		1.507.981	-	1.507.981	841.395	-	841.395
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		2.920	-	2.920	2.920	-	2.920
16.6	Profit Or Loss		153.866	-	153.866	704.226	-	704.226
16.6.1	Prior Years' Profit/Loss		1.455	-	1.455	(26.278)	-	(26.278)
16.6.2	Current Year Profit/Loss		152.411	-	152.411	730.504	-	730.504
16.7	Non-Controlling Interests		34.602	-	34.602	38.090	-	38.090
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			6.669.507	40.991.417	47.660.924	7.376.003	34.877.008	42.253.011

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET
AS OF 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

		Reviewed Current Period 31 March 2020			Audited Prior Period 31 December 2019			
		Section 5						
OFF-BALANCE SHEET		Note III	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		8.029.190	67.130.620	75.159.810	8.650.964	56.620.778	65.271.742
I.	GUARANTEES AND COLLATERALS	(1)	475.049	4.792.949	5.267.998	450.734	4.096.982	4.547.716
1.1	Letters of Guarantee		475.049	1.275.540	1.750.589	450.734	1.368.294	1.819.028
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.2	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		475.049	1.275.540	1.750.589	450.734	1.368.294	1.819.028
1.2	Bank Acceptances		-	200.734	200.734	-	190.447	190.447
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	200.734	200.734	-	190.447	190.447
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptance		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Letters of Credit		-	3.316.675	3.316.675	-	2.538.241	2.538.241
1.3.1	Documantery Letters of Credit		-	3.316.675	3.316.675	-	2.538.241	2.538.241
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Securities Issue Purchase Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7	Factoring Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.8	Other Guarantess		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.9	Other Collaterals		-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	(1)	1.070.113	4.514.384	5.584.497	1.313.799	3.181.266	4.495.065
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments		660.435	503.891	1.164.326	968.090	336.269	1.304.359
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		44.132	84.829	128.961	4.506	16.898	21.404
2.1.2	Forward Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		689	105.826	106.515	-	96.782	96.782
2.1.4	Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.7	Payment Commitment for Checks		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.9	Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10	Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Payables for Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.13	Other Irrevocable Commitments		615.614	313.236	928.850	963.584	222.589	1.186.173
2.2	Revocable Commitments		409.678	4.010.493	4.420.171	345.709	2.844.997	3.190.706
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		409.678	4.010.493	4.420.171	345.709	2.844.997	3.190.706
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(2)	6.484.028	57.823.287	64.307.315	6.886.431	49.342.530	56.228.961
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes		-	22.238.192	22.238.192	-	16.520.430	16.520.430
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedge		-	22.238.192	22.238.192	-	16.520.430	16.520.430
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held for Trading Transactions		6.484.028	35.585.095	42.069.123	6.886.431	32.822.100	39.708.531
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		2.703.514	4.476.810	7.180.324	2.715.295	2.672.415	5.387.710
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		1.361.331	2.230.390	3.591.721	1.359.615	1.335.965	2.695.580
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		1.342.183	2.246.420	3.588.603	1.355.680	1.336.450	2.692.130
3.2.2	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rate		3.133.604	30.411.895	33.545.499	3.283.114	29.261.907	32.545.021
3.2.2.1	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		338.659	6.980.547	7.319.206	664.611	6.474.510	7.139.121
3.2.2.2	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		2.794.945	3.715.928	6.510.873	2.618.503	4.090.143	6.708.646
3.2.2.3	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		-	9.857.710	9.857.710	-	9.348.627	9.348.627
3.2.2.4	Interest Rate Swap-Sell		-	9.857.710	9.857.710	-	9.348.627	9.348.627
3.2.3	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate, and Securities Options		646.910	696.390	1.343.300	888.022	887.778	1.775.800
3.2.3.1	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		323.455	348.195	671.650	444.061	443.889	887.950
3.2.3.2	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		323.455	348.195	671.650	443.961	443.889	887.850
3.2.3.3	Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.4	Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.5	Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6	Securities Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4	Foreign Currency Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.1	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.4.2	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5	Interest Rate Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.1	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2	Interest Rate Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.6	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		82.357.195	566.247.931	648.605.126	75.378.722	466.258.507	541.637.229
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		2.956.596	246.929	3.203.525	2.730.641	688.583	3.419.224
4.1	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody		2.436.408	246.929	2.683.337	2.136.470	688.583	2.825.053
4.3	Checks Received for Collection		248	-	248	248	-	248
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		6.576	-	6.576	-	-	-
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8	Custodians		513.364	-	513.364	593.923	-	593.923
V.	PLEDGES ITEMS		59.491.513	320.372.336	379.863.849	52.958.989	254.620.688	307.579.677
5.1	Marketable Securities		456.248	28.450.218	28.906.466	471.248	13.784.545	14.255.793
5.2	Guarantee Notes		61.224	1.769.818	1.831.042	95.499	3.691.702	3.787.201
5.3	Commodity		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.4	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	Real Estate		4.783.308	74.754.174	79.537.482	3.805.808	63.849.083	67.654.891
5.6	Other Pledged Items		54.190.733	215.398.126	269.588.859	48.586.434	173.295.358	221.881.792
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	ACCEPTED BILL OF EXCHANGE AND COLLATERALS		19.909.086	245.628.666	265.537.752	19.689.092	210.949.236	230.638.328
TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (A+B)			90.386.385	633.378.551	723.764.936	84.029.686	522.879.285	606.908.971

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS		Section 5 Note IV	Reviewed Current Period 1 January 2020 – 31 March 2020	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January 2019 – 31 March 2019
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(1)	788.893	881.873
1.1	Interest on Loans		570.650	567.265
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits		-	2.225
1.3	Interest Received from Banks		7.242	13.516
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Placements		14.160	113.212
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio		192.811	179.656
1.5.1	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		522	636
1.5.2	Fair Value Through other Comprehensive Income		111.796	107.313
1.5.3	Measured at Amortized Cost		80.493	71.707
1.6	Finance Lease Income		2.084	1.765
1.7	Other Interest Income		1.946	4.234
II.	INTEREST EXPENSES (-)	(2)	339.203	387.193
2.1	Interest on Deposits		-	-
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed		164.788	170.393
2.3	Interest on Money Market Borrowings		7.640	74.252
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued		165.757	141.412
2.5	Leasing Interest Expense		96	-
2.6	Other Interest Expense		922	1.136
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		449.690	494.680
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME / EXPENSES		36.403	15.770
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		39.706	19.044
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		13.462	5.506
4.1.2	Other		26.244	13.538
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		3.303	3.274
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		823	915
4.2.2	Other		2.480	2.359
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(3)	5.944	4.202
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME	(4)	(10.694)	(79.319)
6.1	Securities Trading Gains / (Losses)		(508)	490
6.2	Derivative Financial Instruments Gains / Losses		163.311	106.384
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses (Net)		(173.497)	(186.193)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5)	9.558	24.197
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		490.901	459.530
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	(6)	223.952	150.935
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(6)	-	20.000
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		41.350	37.537
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(7)	36.018	21.086
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		189.581	229.972
XIV.	AMOUNT IN EXCESS RECORDED AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	-
XV.	PROFIT / (LOSS) ON EQUITY METHOD		8.142	(6.660)
XVI.	GAIN / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XIII+...+XVI)		197.723	223.312
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(8)	47.394	54.130
18.1	Provision for Current Income Taxes		2.134	44.551
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		166.076	90.999
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		120.816	81.420
XIX.	NET PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVI±XVII)	(10)	150.329	169.182
XX.	INCOME ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income on Assets Held for Sale		-	-
20.2	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Venture)		-	-
20.3	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXI.	LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Loss from Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2	Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Venture)		-	-
21.3	Loss from Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT / (LOSS) ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XX-XXI)		-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Provision for Current Income Taxes		-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(11)	150.329	169.182
25.1	Group's Profit / Loss		152.411	170.408
25.2	Minority Shares (-)		(2.082)	(1.226)
	Earning / (loss) per share		0,054	0,061

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statement

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE
INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	Reviewed Current Period 1 January 2020 – 31 March 2020	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January 2019– 31 March 2019
PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
I. CURRENT PERIOD INCOME / LOSS	150.329	169.182
II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(169.151)	(50.897)
2.1 Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	3.169	(4.940)
2.1.1 Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase / Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase / Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain / Loss	-	-
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	3.169	(4.940)
2.1.5 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2 Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(172.320)	(45.957)
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Differences	5.042	1.805
2.2.2 Valuation and / or Reclassification Income / Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(224.060)	(63.222)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income / Loss	-	-
2.2.4 Income (Loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	(2.583)	1.329
2.2.6 Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	49.281	14.131
III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	(18.822)	118.285

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss					Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassified Through Profit or Loss										
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
I. Prior Period – 31 March 2019																	
Prior Period End Balance		2.800.000	516	-	374	261.494	(566)	23.442	15.704	(162.058)	6.791	529.059	670.698	-	4.145.454	38.622	4.184.076
II. Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8																	
2.1 Effects of Errors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		2.800.000	516	-	374	261.494	(566)	23.442	15.704	(162.058)	6.791	529.059	670.698	-	4.145.454	38.622	4.184.076
IV. Total Comprehensive Income								(4.940)	1.805	(49.091)	1.329			170.408	119.511	(1.226)	118.285
V. Capital Increase by Cash																	
VI. Capital Increase by Internal Sources																	
VII. Effect of Inflation on Paid-in Capital																	
VIII. Convertible Bonds to Share																	
IX. Subordinated Debt Instruments																	
X. Increase/Decrease by Other Changes			8									79	419		506	(3.731)	(3.225)
XI. Profit Distribution												697.397	(697.531)		(134)		(134)
11.1 Dividends Distributed													(134)		(134)		(134)
11.2 Transfers to Reserves												697.397	(697.397)				
11.3 Other																	
Period-End Balance		2.800.000	524	-	374	261.494	(566)	18.502	17.509	(211.149)	8.120	1.226.535	(26.414)	170.408	4.265.337	33.665	4.299.002

1. Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

2. Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

3. Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

4. Foreign Currency Translation Differences

5. Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

6. Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

2. Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

3. Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

4. Foreign Currency Translation Differences

5. Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

6. Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	Note	Reviewed Current Period 31 March 2020	Reviewed Prior Period 31 March 2019
A. CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		198.172	153.714
I.1 Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		655.319	780.470
1.1.1 Interest Received		(231.680)	(308.859)
1.1.2 Interest Paid		5.944	4.202
1.1.3 Dividends Received		39.706	19.044
1.1.4 Fees and Commissions Received		11.006	29.183
1.1.5 Other Income		631	8.804
1.1.6 Collections from Previously Written off Loans		(69.309)	(61.323)
1.1.7 Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(68.571)	(81.505)
1.1.8 Taxes Paid		(144.874)	(236.302)
1.1.9 Others		-	-
I.2 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		(913.225)	878.811
1.2.1 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		(7.212)	(109)
1.2.2 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Due from Banks		-	-
1.2.3 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Loans		203.345	278.360
1.2.4 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Assets		(230.233)	(185.111)
1.2.5 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		-	-
1.2.6 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Deposits		-	-
1.2.7 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		(868.044)	72.517
1.2.9 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Matured Payable		-	-
1.2.10 Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(11.081)	713.154
I. Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Banking Operations		(715.053)	1.032.525
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II. Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Investing Activities		(484.917)	(171.404)
2.1 Cash Paid for Purchase of Entities under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.2 Cash Obtained from Sale of Entities under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3 Purchases of Property and Equipment		(1.165)	(2.833)
2.4 Disposals of Property and Equipment		241	2.177
2.5 Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		(761.677)	(208.570)
2.6 Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		386.777	38.729
2.7 Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		(107.927)	-
2.8 Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		-	-
2.9 Others		(1.166)	(907)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III. Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Financing Activities		2.236.413	(4.071)
3.1 Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		2.236.816	-
3.2 Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	-
3.3 Capital Increase		-	-
3.4 Dividends Paid		(134)	(134)
3.5 Payments for Financial Leases		(269)	(3.937)
3.6 Other		-	-
IV. Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		115.007	20.893
V. Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1.151.450	877.943
VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period		779.802	1.385.825
VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period		1.931.252	2.263.768

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Basis of presentation

I.a Preparation of the financial statements and the accompanying footnotes in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Principles Related to Banks' Accounting Applications and Maintaining the Documents

The consolidated financial statements are prepared its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Regulation” which includes the regulation on “The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks’ Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations and the amendments dated 1 February 2019 to the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to announced to public dated 28 June 2012 and with No. 28337 “Communiqué’ on Publicly Announced Financial Statements Explanations and notes to the Financial Statements”.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial asset, liabilities and buildings revaluation model which are carried at fair value.

Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are determined and applied, in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”).

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the 2020 period of Group are presented in the accompanying notes and the accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in Notes II to XXIII below.

The format and content of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes have been prepared in accordance with the “Communiqué’ on Publicly Announced Financial Statements Explanations and notes to the Financial Statements” and “Communiqué on Disclosures About Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks.”

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

The effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation and Turkish Accounting Standard 34” Interim Financial reporting” except for the matters regulated by BRSA Legislation accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

I.b The valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements

The accounting rules and the valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements were implemented as stated in the Turkish Accounting Standards and related regulations, explanations and circulars on accounting and financial reporting principles announced by the BRSA. These accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in the below notes through II to XXIII.

Coronavirus epidemic, which has recently emerged in China, spread to various countries around the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory infections, affects both regional and global economic conditions negatively, as well as causing malfunctions in operations, especially in countries exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 throughout the world, various measures have been taken in our country as well as in the world and still continue to be taken in order to prevent the transmission of the virus. In addition to these measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

The Bank began to apply principal and interest translation to its customers who demanded for support and convenience in the sectors whose cash flows deteriorated since was affected by the COVID-19 epidemic and the protection measures taken in this context.

As it is intended to update the financial information contained in the latest annual financial statements in the interim financial statements prepared as of 31 March 2020 and considering the magnitude of the economic changes occurred due to COVID-19, the Bank made estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed these in footnote IX “Disclosures on impairment of financial assets”. In the coming periods, the Bank will update its relevant assumptions according to necessary extents and review the realizations of past estimates.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I.c The items which have different accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and their ratios to the total of the related items in the consolidated financial statements

Different accounting policies are not applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

II. Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions

The main sources of the funds of the Group have variable interest rates. The financial balances are monitored frequently and fixed and floating interest rate placements are undertaken according to the return on the alternative financial instruments. The macro goals related to balance sheet amounts are set during budgeting process and positions are taken accordingly.

Due to the fact that the great majority of the loans extended by the the Group have a flexibility of reflecting changes in the market interest rates to the customers, the interest rate risk is kept at minimum level. Moreover, the highly profitable Eurobond and the foreign currency government indebttness securities portfolio have the attribute of eliminating the risks of interest rate volatility. The fixed rate Subordinated bond, Eurobond and Greenbond issued by the Group and a portion of fixed rate funds borrowed are subject to fair value hedge accounting. The Bank enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the change in fair values of its fixed rate financial liabilities. The changes in the fair value of the hedged fixed rate financial liabilities and hedging interest rate swaps are recognized under the statement of profit/loss.

In the beginning and later period of the hedging transaction, the aforementioned hedging transactions are expected to offset changes occurred in the relevant period of the hedging transaction and hedged risk (attributable to hedging risk) and effectiveness tests are performed in this regard.

The Group performs effectiveness test at the beginning of the hedge accounting and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the “Dollar off-set model” and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortized and recognized in income statement over the life of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued. The Bank liquidity is regularly monitored. Moreover, the need of liquidity in foreign currencies is safeguarded by currency swaps.

TFRS 9 provides the option of deferring the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and the option to continue to apply the provisions of TAS 39 hedge accounting in the selection of accounting policies. In this context, the Parent Bank continues to apply the provisions of TAS 39 hedge accounting.

The Group liquidity is regularly monitored. Moreover, the need of liquidity in foreign currencies is safeguarded by currency swaps.

Commercial placements are managed with high return and low risk assets considering the international and domestic economic expectations, market conditions, creditors’ expectations and their tendencies, interest-liquidity and other similar factors. Prudence principle is adopted in the placement decisions. The long term placements are made under project finance. A credit policy is implemented such a way that harmonizing the profitability of the projects, the collateral and the value add introduced by the Parent Bank.

The movements of foreign exchange rates in the market, interest rates and prices are monitored instantaneously. While taking positions, the Group’s unique operating and control limits are watched effectively besides statutory limits. Limit overs are not allowed. The Parent Bank’s strategy of hedging interest rate and foreign currency risks arising from fixed and variable interest rate funds and foreign currency fair value through other comprehensive income securities:

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions (continued)

A great majority of foreign currency fair value through other comprehensive income securities are financed with foreign currency resources. Accordingly, the anticipated possible depreciation of local currency against other currencies is eliminated. A foreign currency basket is formulated in terms of the indicated foreign currency to eliminate the risk exposure of changes in cross currency parity. Interest rate risk is mitigated by constituting a balanced asset composition in compliance with the structure of fixed and floating rate of funding resources.

The hedging strategies for other foreign exchange risk exposures: A stable foreign exchange position strategy is implemented and to be secured from cross currency risk, the current foreign exchange position is monitored by considering a currency basket in specific foreign currencies.

The foreign exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions are accounted for in the period of the transaction. Foreign exchange assets and liabilities are translated to Turkish Lira using foreign exchange bid rate as of the reporting date, and the resulting gains and losses are recorded in foreign exchange gains or losses.

III. Explanations on associates and subsidiaries

Explanations about the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries and associates subject to consolidation are described in General Information Section V.

IV. Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments

The Parent Bank is exposed to financial risk which depends on changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates due to activities and as part of banking activities uses derivative instruments to manage financial risk that especially associated with fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rate. Mainly derivative instruments used by the Group are foreign currency forwards, swaps and option agreements.

The derivative financial instruments are accounted for at their fair values as of the date of the agreements entered into and subsequently valued at fair value. Derivative financial instruments of the Bank are classified under "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values. Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, if the fair value is positive, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income", if the fair value is negative, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transaction

V. Explanations on associates and subsidiaries

The Parent Bank's financial subsidiaries' are reflected the consolidated financial statements according to the equity method in accordance with TAS 28 - Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures Related to the Turkish Accounting Standards. Unconsolidated and non financial subsidiaries and associates are presented in the financial statements in accordance with the "TAS 27-Separate Financial Statements" standard with their cost values after the deduction of, if any, impairment losses.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VI. Explanations on interest income and expenses

Interest income is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equal to net present value of future cash flows or financial assets and liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” standard by applying an accrual basis using the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, the Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected creditloss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of “Expected Credit Losses” and “Interest Income From Loans” for calculated amount. If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), interest income at subsequent reporting periods are calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

VII. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. Income from asset purchases to a third party or by natural or legal persons contracts are recognized in the period they occur.

VIII. Explanations on financial assets

Initial recognition of financial instruments

Initial recognition of financial instruments the Bank shall recognize a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized and derecognized, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, at initial recognition, the Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit/loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

Assessment of business model

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The business model does not depend on the intent of the management on an individual financial intermediary, so the condition is not a classification approach on the basis of a financial instrument but an evaluation by combining the financial assets. When the business model used for the management of financial assets is being evaluated, all evidence is taken into account. Such evidence includes the following:

- How the performance of financial assets held by the business model and business model is reported by the key executive personnel,
- Risks affecting the performance of the business model (financial assets held within the business model) and, in particular type of management,
- How the additional payments to the managers are determined (for example, whether additional payments are determined according to the fair value of the assets being managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

Business model evaluation is not based on scenarios in which the operator is not expected to be at a reasonable level, such as the "worst case" or "pressure case" scenarios. The same business model does not require a change in the classification of other financial assets as long as the cash flows are realized differently from the expected future date when the business model is assessed, the error correction is made in the financial statements or all relevant information available at the time of the valuation of the business model is taken into account. However, when evaluating the business model for newly created or newly acquired financial assets, information about how past cash flows have been taken into account along with other relevant information is also taken into account. The business models that comprise the bet are composed of three categories. These categories are as follows:

- Business model aimed to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: This is a model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortized cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: The Parent Bank may hold financial assets in this business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- Other Business Model: Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

The contractual cash flows including solely principle and interest on principle

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are classified compliance with TFRS 9 in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost

a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aimed to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and in case of the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from shortterm fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making.

The Parent Bank classifies certain loans and securities issued at their origination dates, as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit/ loss, irrevocably in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in compliance with TFRS 9.

Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and measured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement.

According to uniform chart of accounts explanations interest income earned on financial asset and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as “interest income” in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such assets are recorded under “trading account income/losses” in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such assets are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under “trading account income/losses”.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Syndicated loans extended to Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ) in the previous periods were restructured. Within this scope, in order to form the collateral of these loans, taking over process of 192.500.000.000 A Group shares which constitute 55% of Turk Telekom's issued capital, pledged in favor of the creditors, were completed on 21 December 2018, by LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (formerly known as Levent Yapılandırma Yonetimi A.Ş.) which was established as a privately-owned company and all creditors are direct or indirect shareholders. The Parent Bank has a share of 1,617% in LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which is the share of OTAŞ receivables.

Later, at the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. dated September 23, 2019, it was decided to convert some of the loan to capital and add it to the capital of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. The nominal value of shares increased from TL 0,8 to TL 64.403. This amount is presented under "Property and Equipment Held for Sale and Related to Discontinued Operations" in the financial statements. As of 31 December 2019, the portion which is followed accounted under credit loan is TL 263.097 and classified under "Other Financial Assets" under "Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" in the financial statements". The total fair value decrease recognized for loans and equity amounted to TL 34.196 and the total amount is classified under "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss".

Total assets amounting to TL 327.500 are measured at fair value under TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard and TFRS 5 Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The determination of this value is based on the results of an independent appraisal firm. In the valuation study, fair value is determined by considering the average of different methods (discounted cash flows, similar market multipliers, similar transaction multipliers in the same sector, market value and analyst reports). The maturity of the loan is 1 year and the maturity can be extended.

The main objective of the lending banks is to transfer Türk Telekom shares to an expert investor by providing the necessary conditions as quickly as possible. 55% of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. was authorized as an international investment bank sales consultant on 19 September 2019 for the sale of its shares. In this context, necessary studies related to sales and negotiations with potential investors will be initiated.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income:

In addition to Financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement.

“Unrealized gains and losses” arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the “Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss” under shareholders’ equity. Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can choose in a irrevocable was to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in the other comprehensive income. In the case of this preference, the dividend from the investment is taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in income statement.

In the “Fair value through other comprehensive income” and “measured at amortized cost” securities portfolio of the Parent Bank, there are Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Bonds.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (continued) :

The Parent Bank considered expected inflation index of future cash flows prevailing at the reporting date while calculating internal rate of return of the Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) marketable securities. The effect of this application is accounted as interest received from marketable securities in the consolidated financial statements. These securities are valued and accounted according to the effective interest method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. As stated in the Investor's Guide of CPI Government Bonds by Republic of Turkey Undersecretariat of Treasury the reference indices used to calculate the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are based on the previous two months CPI's. The Parent Bank determines the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The inflation rate is estimated by considering the expectancies of the Central Bank and the Bank which are updated as needed within the year.

d. Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Interest Rate (internal rate of return) Method". Duties paid, transaction costs and other similar expenses on assets received against such risks are considered as a part of transaction cost and charged to customers. Turkish Lira ("TL") cash loans are composed of foreign currency indexed loans and working capital loans; foreign currency ("FC") cash loans are composed of investment loans, export financing loans and working capital loans.

All loans of the Parent Bank has classified under Measured at Amortized Cost, after loan portfolio passed the test of ". All cash flows from contracts are made only by interest and principal" during the transition period.

Foreign currency indexed loans are converted into TL from the foreign currency rate as of the opening date and followed in TL accounts. Repayments are measured with the foreign currency rate at the payment date, the foreign currency gains and losses are reflected to the income statement.

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

As of 1 January 2018, loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost, financial assests measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit or loss based on TFRS 9 and regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans". TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not eligible for equity instruments.

At each reporting date, it shall be assessed whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, it shall be used the change in the risk of a default occuring for the financial instrument.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Calculation of expected credit losses

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Risk parameters used in TFRS 9 calculations are included in the future macroeconomic information. While macroeconomic information is included, macroeconomic forecasting models and multiple scenarios used in the Internal Capital Assessment Process (“ICAAP”) are considered.

Within the scope of TFRS 9, the probability of default (PD), Loss given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD) models have been developed. The models developed under TFRS 9 are based on the following segmentation elements:

- Loan portfolio (corporate /specilization)
- Product type
- Credit risk rating notes (ratings)
- Colleteral type
- Duration since origination of a loan
- Remaining time to maturity
- Exposure at default

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default within a specified time horizon given certain characteristics. Based on TFRS 9, two different PDs are used in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Bank uses internal rating systems for loan portfolio. The internal rating models used include customer financial information and knowledge of survey responses based on expert judgement. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

Exposure at Default (EAD): For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion factor corresponds to the factor which adjusts the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

Financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit loss is calculated based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Calculation of expected credit losses (continued)

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Calculation of expected credit losses is similar to descriptions above, but probability of default and loss given default rates are estimated through the life of the instrument.

Classification method is applied according to BRSA's decision dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 8970.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount. The probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

The default assessment of the Parent Bank is made according to the following conditions:

1. Objective Default Definition: It means debt having past due more than 90 days. Current definition of default in the Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries is based on a more than 90 days past due definition.

2. Subjective Default Definition: It means a debt is considered is unlikely to be paid. Whenever an obligor is considered is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, it should be considered as defaulted regardless of the existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

Classification method is applied according to BRSA's decision dated 17 March 2020 and numbered 8948.

Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

According to TFRS 9 the impairment requirements are applied for the recognition and measurement of a loss allowance for financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. However, the loss allowance shall be recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position. The expected credit loss is reflected in other comprehensive income and the accumulated amount is recycled to statement of profit/loss following the derecognition of related financial asset.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance for that financial instrument is measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, the Bank measures loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The Parent Bank makes qualitative and quantitative assessments regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk of financial assets to be classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk). Credit risk is based on a comparison of the probability of default calculated at the origination of the loan and the probability of default assigned for the same loan as of the reporting date.

If there is a significant deterioration in PD , it is considered that there is a significant increase in credit risk and the financial asset is classified as stage 2. In this context, the Bank has calculated thresholds at which point the relative change is a significant deterioration.

When determining the significant increase in the parent bank credit risk, The Parent Bank also assessed the absolute change in the PD date on the transaction date and on the reporting date. If the absolute change in the PD ratio is above the threshold values, the related financial asset is classified as stage 2.

The Parent Bank classifies the financial asset as Stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) where any of the following conditions are satisfied as a result of a qualitative assessment:

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Loans classified as watchlist
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to restructuring

Based on the decision of BRSA numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020, 90 days delay for the classification of non-performing loans in the scope of the forth and fifth articles of Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans can be applied for 180 days until 31 December 2020 for loans that classified in stage 1 and stage 2 within the board of decision as of 17 March 2020 due to disruptions in economic and commercial activities resulting from the COVID-19. In this context;

- . Temporarily, the receivables cannot be collect up to 180 days can be classified in Stage 2.
- . For the customers who do not want to be delayed in overdue installments, the practice of being able to postpone installments within the scope of these periods has been started without breaking the existing restructuring contracts.
- . In the process of completing the “Garam banks protocols”, it was formed as a result of extending the time to be given to time-consuming operations with a mutual agreement.

Ultimately, it was concluded that the expected credit losses to be calculated for such receivables will continue according to their own risk models used by banks in accordance with TFRS 9.

In the decision of the BRSA dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 8970, it was decided to apply the 30-day delay period for the classification of loans in the stage 2 can used 90 days until 31 December 2020 due to the COVID-19 outbreak, and continue to calculate Expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9.

Since the final process of the coronavirus outbreak is uncertain, its impact on the Bank cannot be reasonably estimated. However, for possible effects the Bank has established additional provisions for the sector and customers, which are considered to have a high impact on the expected credit loss calculations by making individual evaluations for the risks that cannot be captured through the models.

This approach, which is preferred in expected credit losses calculations for the first quarter of 2020, will be revised in the following reporting periods, taking into account the impact of the pandemic, portfolio and future expectations.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Explanations on offsetting, derecognition and restructuring of financial instruments

a. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset when the Parent Bank has a legally enforceable right to set off, and when the Parent Bank has the intention of collecting or paying the net amount of related assets and liabilities or when the Parent Bank has the right to offset the assets and liabilities simultaneously. Otherwise, there is not any offsetting transaction about financial assets and liabilities.

b. Derecognition of financial instruments

Derecognition of financial assets due to change in contractual terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset can lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a ‘new’ financial asset. When the Parent Bank assesses the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset, it evaluates the contractual cash flows including foreign currency rate changes, conversion to equity, counterparty changes and solely principal and interest on principle. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Bank retains control of the asset, the Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset. When the Parent Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognized in its entirety and the consideration received is recognized as a liability.

Derecognition of financial assets without any change in contractual terms

The asset is derecognized if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party. Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

c. Reclassification of financial instruments

Based on TFRS 9, the Bank shall reclassify all affected financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing financial assets.

The Bank has fulfilled the requirements of reclassification during transition to TFRS 9 and such reclassification details are presented in Section 3, Note VIII.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Explanations on offsetting, derecognition and restructuring of financial instruments (continued)

d. Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments

The Parent Bank may change the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is to change the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan by the Parent Bank which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future. Changes in the original terms of a credit risk can be made in the current contract or through a new contract.

Restrukted Loans can be classified in standart loans unless the firm has difficulty in payment. Companies which have been restructured and refinanced can be removed from the watchlist when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the through review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time).
- At least 2 years should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from non-performing loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring /refinancing shall be paid and no overdue amount (principal and interest) shall remain at the date of restructuring / refinancing.

In order for the restructured non-performing loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service.
- At least one year should pass over the date of restructuring
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring /refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as nonperforming (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring /refinancing
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as nonperforming receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring / refinancing, if there is a new restructuring / refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans again.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XI. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Funds provided under repurchase agreements are accounted under “Funds Provided under Repurchase Agreements-TL” and “Funds Provided under Repurchase Agreements-FC” accounts.

The repurchase agreements of the Group are based on the Eurobonds and government bonds issued by Republic of Turkey Undersecretariat of Treasury. Marketable securities subject to repurchase agreements are classified under assets at fair value through profit or loss, assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or assets at measured at amortized costs with parallel to classifications of financial instruments. The income and expenses from these transactions are reflected to the interest income and interest expense accounts in the income statement. Receivables from reverse repurchase agreements are recorded in “Receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements” account in the balance sheet.

XII. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets’ carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. This assets are not amortized and presented separately in the financial statements. In order to classify a tangible fixed asset as held for sale, the asset (or the disposal group) should be available for an immediate sale in its present condition subject to the terms of any regular sales of such asset (or such disposal groups) and the sale should be highly probable. For a highly probable sale, the appropriate level of management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or the disposal groups) , and an active programme to complete should be initiated to locate a customer. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should have an active market sale value, which is a reasonable value in relation to its current fair value. Also, the sale is expected to be accounted as a completed sale beginning from one year after the classification date; and the essential procedures to complete the plan should indicate the possibility of making significant changes on the plan or lower probability of cancelling. Events or circumstances may extend the completion of the sale more than one year. Such assets are still classified as held for sale if there is sufficient evidence that the delay in the sale process is due to the events and circumstances occurred beyond the control of the entity or the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group). Gains or losses relating to discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement.

XIII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the subsidiary or jointly controlled interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary or jointly controlled entity recognized at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognized as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. On disposal of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal. Intangible assets that are acquired prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at restated historical cost as of 31 December 2004; and those acquired subsequently are carried at cost less accumulated amortization, and any impairment. Intangible assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives. Depreciation method and period are reviewed periodically at the end of each year. Intangible assets are mainly composed of rights and they are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis between 1-15 years.

XIV. Explanations on tangible assets

Tangible assets rather than real estate, purchased before 1 January 2005, are accounted for at their restated costs as of 31 December 2004 and the assets purchased in the following periods are accounted for at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and reserve for impairment. Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

As of the third quarter of 2015, the Group changed its accounting policy and adopted revaluation method on annual basis under scope of Standard on Tangible Fixed Assets (TAS 16) with respect to valuation of immovable included in its building and lands. The amortization periods of real estates are specified in the appraisal's report. In case of the cost of tangible assets over the net realizable value estimated under the "Turkish accounting standards for impairment of assets" (TAS 36), the value of the asset is reduced to its "net realizable value" and are reserved impairment provision associated with expense accounts.

The positive difference between appraisement value and net book value of the property is accounted under shareholder' equity. Related valuation models such as cost model, market value and discounted cash flow projections approaches are used in valuation of real estates. There is no pledge, mortgage or any other lien on tangible assets. Tangible assets are depreciated with straight-line method and their useful lives are determined in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards.

Tangible Assets	Expected Useful Lives (Years)	Depreciation Rate (%)
Cashvault	4-50	2-25
Vehicles	5	20
Buildings	50	2
Other Tangible Assets	1-50	2-100

Investment Properties

Investment properties are real estate held to earn rent income, gain in value or both. An investment property is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits related to the property will be available to operate and the cost of the investment property can be reliably measured. The fair value model has been chosen for valuation of investment properties. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions

TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 Leasing standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of financial leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. The Bank has started to apply “TFRS 16 Leases” Standard starting from 1 January 2019. The Bank has applied TFRS 16 with a simplified retrospective approach. The new accounting policies of the Bank regarding to application TFRS 16 are stated below.

Right-of-use assets

The Bank recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes

- (a) the amount of lease liabilities recognised,
- (b) initial direct costs incurred,
- (c) lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Unless the Bank is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term.

The lease payments include

- a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable,
- b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate,
- c) amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.
- d) the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company / the Group and payments of penalties for terminating a lease,
- e) if the lease term reflects the Company / the Group exercising the option to terminate.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions (continued)

IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company / the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

After the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the lease obligation as follows:

- a) The book value is increased to reflect the accretion of interest of lease liabilities
- b) The book value is reduced to reflect the lease payments made

In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Parent Bank applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as Lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. The lease payments are allocated as principle and interest. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

The Group as Lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are included in profit or loss in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Tangible assets acquired by financial leases are amortized based on the useful lives of the assets.

In accordance with IFRS 16, the lessee, at the effective date of the lease, measures the leasing liability on the present value of the lease payments that were not paid at that date (leasing liability) and depreciates the existence of the right of use related to the same date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use their incremental borrowing rate. The interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on right of use are recorded separately.

XVI. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation due to a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If aforesaid criteria did not form, the Group discloses the issues mentioned in notes to financial statements. Provisions are determined by using the Parent Bank's best expectation of expenses in fulfilling the obligation, and discounted to present value if material. Contingent assets consist of unplanned or other unexpected events that usually cause a possible inflow of economic benefits to the Group.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVI. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Explanations on contingent assets

Since recognition of the contingent assets in the financial statements would result in the accounting of an income, which may never be generated, the related assets are not included in the financial statements; on the other hand, if the inflow of the economic benefits of these assets to the Parent Bank is probable, an explanation is made thereon in the footnotes of the financial statements. Nevertheless, the developments related to the contingent assets are constantly evaluated and in case the inflow of the economic benefit to the Parent Bank is almost certain, the related asset and the respective income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurred.

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits

Severance pay according to the current laws and collective bargaining agreements in Turkey, is paid in case of retirement or dismissal. The Group calculates a provision for severance pay to allocate that employees need to be paid upon retirement or involuntarily leaving by estimating the present value of probable amount. There is no indemnity obligations related to the employees who are employed with contract of limited duration exceeding 12 month period. Actuarial gains and losses are accounted under Shareholder's Equity since 1 January 2013 in accordance with the Revised TAS 19.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits (continued)

Employees of the Parent Bank are members of “Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası Anonim Şirketi Memur ve Müstahdemleri Yardım ve Emekli Vakfı” and “Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Munzam Sosyal Güvenlik ve Yardımlaşma Vakfı” (“the Pension Fund”). Technical financial statements of those funds are subject to audit in accordance with the Insurance Law and provisions of “Regulations on Actuaries” issued based on the related law by an actuary registered in the Actuarial Registry.

Paragraph 1 of the provisional Article 23 of the Banking Act (“Banking Act”) No: 5411 published in the Official Gazette No: 25983 on 1 November 2005 requires the transfer of banking funds to the Social Security Institution within 3 years as of the enactment date of the Banking Act. Under the Banking Act, in order to account for obligations, actuarial calculations will be made considering the income and expenses of those funds by a commission consisting of representatives from various institutions. Such calculated obligation shall be settled in equal instalments in maximum 15 years. Nonetheless, the related Article of the Banking Law was annulled by the Constitutional Court’s decision No: E. 2005/39 and K. 2007/33 dated 22 March 2007 that were published in the Official Gazette No: 26479 on 31 March 2007 as of the release of the related decision, and the execution of this article was cancelled as of its publication of the decision and the underlying reasoning for the cancellation of the related article was published in the Official Gazette No: 26731 on 15 December 2007.

After the publication of the reasoning of the cancellation decision of the Constitutional Court, articles related with the transfer of banks pension fund participants to Social Security Institution based on Social Security Law numbered 5754 were accepted by the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on 17 April 2008 and published in the Official Gazette No: 26870 on 8 May 2008.

Present value for the liabilities of the transferees as of the transfer date would be calculated by a commission that involves representatives of Social Security Institution, Ministry of Finance, Turkish Treasury, State Planning Organization, BRSA, SDIF, banks and banks’ pension fund institutions and technical interest rate, used in actuarial account, would be 9,80%. If salaries and benefits paid by the pension fund of banks and income and expenses of the pension funds in respect of the insurance branches, stated in the Law, exceeds the salaries and benefits paid under the regulations of Social Security Institution, such differences would be considered while calculating the present value for the liabilities of the transferees and the transfers are completed within 3 years beginning from 1 January 2008.

According to the provisional Article 20 of 73th article of Law No. 5754 dated 17 April 2008, has become effective on 8 May 2008 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 26870, transfer of Pension Funds to Social Security Institution in three years has been anticipated. Related resolution of the Council of Ministers related to four-year extension was published in the Official Gazette No: 28227 and Law no 5510 dated 8 March 2012. It has been resolved that the transfer process has been extended two year with Council of Ministers’ Decree, has become effective on 9 April 2011 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 27900. The transfer had to be completed until 8 May 2013. Accordingly, it has been resolved that, one more year extension with Council of Minister Decree No: 2013/467, has become effective on 3 May 2013 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 28636 and transfer need to be completed until 8 May 2014. However, it has been decided to extend the time related to transfer by the decision of Council of Minister published in the Official Gazette No. 28987 dated 30 April 2014 for one more year due to not to realize the transfer process. In accordance with the Health and Safety Law which became effective on 4 April 2015 and published in the Official Gazette No: 29335 and law no 6645 and dated 23 April 2015 and together with some amendments and statutory decree, Council of Ministers authorized for the determination of transfer date to the Social Security institution and the transfer of Pension Fund was postponed to an unknown date. There is no decision taken by the Cabinet with regards to issue at the date of financial statements. Unmet social benefits and payments of the pension fund participants and other employees that receive monthly income although they are within the scope of the related settlement deeds would be met by pension funds and the institutions employ these participants after the transfer of pension funds to the Social Security Institution.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits (continued)

The present value of the liabilities, subject to the transfer to the Social Security Institution, of the Pension Fund as of 31 December 2019 has been calculated by an independent actuary in accordance with the actuarial assumptions in the Law and as per actuarial report dated 17 January 2020. There is no need for technical or actual deficit to book provision as of 31 December 2019. In addition, the Parent Bank's management anticipates that any liability that may come out during the transfer period and after, in the context expressed above, would be financed by the assets of the Pension Fund and would not cause any extra burden on the Parent Bank.

XVIII. Explanations on taxation

The income tax charge is composed of the sum of current tax charge and deferred tax benefit or charge. The current tax liability is calculated over taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. 22% is used in the calculation of the corporate tax (31 December 2019: 22%). In accordance with the Temporary Article 10 added to the Corporate Tax Law, Corporate Tax applied as 22% for corporate earnings for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Deferred tax asset or liability is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred tax on income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized and reflected in the income statement as expense or income.

Moreover, if the deferred tax is related with items directly recorded under the equity in the same or different period, deferred tax is also associated directly with equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are also offset. According to the second paragraph of the Article 53 of the Banking Act No 5411 dated 19 October 2005, all specific reserves for loans and other receivables are considered as deductible expense for determining corporate tax base.

The Parent Bank started calculating deferred tax for the expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVIII. Explanations on taxation (continued)

Transfer pricing

Transfer pricing is regulated through article 13 of Corporate Tax Law titled “Transfer Pricing Through Camouflage of Earnings”. Detailed information for the practice regarding the subject is found in the “General Communiqué Regarding Camouflage of Earnings Through Transfer Pricing”. According to the aforementioned regulations, in the case of making purchase or sales of goods or services with relevant persons/corporations at a price that is determined against “arm’s length principle”, the gain is considered to be distributed implicitly through transfer pricing and such distribution of gains is not subject to deductions in means of corporate tax.

XIX. Additional explanations on borrowings

The Parent Bank borrows funds from domestic and foreign institutions borrowing from money market and issues marketable securities in domestic and foreign markets when needed. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortized costs using the effective interest method. Some of the securities issued by the Bank and resources used with fixed interest rates are subject to fair value hedge accounting. While the credit risk and rediscounted accumulated interest on hedging liabilities are recorded in the income statement under the interest expense, the credit risk and net amount excluding accumulated interest results from hedge accounting are accounted in the income statement under the derivative financial instruments gains/losses by fair value.

XX. Explanations on share certificates issued

In the meeting of the General Assembly held on 26 March 2020, it has been resolved that the Parent Bank has no capital increase.

Prior Period, in the meeting of the General Assembly held on 28 March 2019, it has been resolved that the Parent Bank has no capital increase.

XXI. Explanations on acceptances

Acceptances are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on government incentives

The Parent Bank does not use government incentives.

XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting

In accordance with its mission, the Parent Bank mainly operates in corporate and investment banking segments. The corporate banking is serving financial solutions and banking services for its medium and large-scale corporate customers. Services given to corporate customers are; investment credits, project financing, TL and foreign exchange operating loans, letters of credit, letters of guarantees and foreign trade transaction services covering letters of guarantee with external guarantees.

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SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting (continued)

Income from the activities of investment banking includes income from the operations of Treasury and Corporate Finance. Under the investment banking activities, portfolio management for corporate, marketable securities intermediary activities, cash flow management and all types of corporate finance services is provided.

The segmental allocation of the Group's net profit, total assets and total liabilities are shown below.

Current Period	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total
Net Interest Income	219.436	228.711	1.543	449.690
Net Fees and Commission Income	13.287	8.262	14.854	36.403
Other Income	-	7.986	15.658	23.644
Other Expense	(221.611)	(12.703)	(77.700)	(312.014)
Profit Before Tax	11.112	232.256	(45.645)	197.723
Tax Provision				(47.394)
Net Profit				150.329
Group's profit / loss				152.411
Minority share profit / loss				(2.082)
Current Period	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	33.445.274	11.432.098	2.304.659	47.182.031
Investment in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	478.893	478.893
Total Assets	33.445.274	11.432.098	2.783.552	47.660.924
Segment Liabilities	39.765.607	549.334	2.187.322	42.502.263
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	5.158.661	5.158.661
Total Liabilities	39.765.607	549.334	7.345.983	47.660.924

Prior Period(*)	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total
Net Interest Income	157.732	352.864	(15.916)	494.680
Net Fees and Commission Income	5.804	1.946	8.020	15.770
Other Income	3.466	-	24.933	28.399
Other Expense	(171.386)	(96.720)	(47.431)	(315.537)
Profit Before Tax	(4.384)	258.090	(30.394)	223.312
Tax Provision				(54.130)
Net Profit				169.182
Group's profit / loss				170.408
Minority share profit / loss				(1.226)
Prior Period (**)	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	30.810.345	8.959.572	2.009.759	41.779.676
Investment in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	473.335	473.335
Total Assets	30.810.345	8.959.572	2.483.094	42.253.011
Segment Liabilities	34.200.426	1.031.556	1.842.040	37.074.022
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	5.178.989	5.178.989
Total Liabilities	34.200.426	1.031.556	7.021.029	42.253.011

(*) Includes information on 31 March 2019.

(**) Includes information on 31 December 2019.

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SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity

Total capital and the Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" and in addition to regulations of BRSA numbered 3397 dated 23 March 2020. As of 31 March 2020 capital adequacy ratio of the Parent Bank has been calculated as 17,08% (31 December 2019: 17,39%).

Based on the announcement of BRSA as of 23 March 2020 banks are entitled to use the 2019 year-end exchange rates in calculating of the amount of subject to credit risk while calculation on amounts valued in accordance with TAS and the related specific provision except of monetary and non-monetary items in foreign currency measured in terms of the historical cost in accordance with Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of and if the net valuation differences of the securities owned by the banks before 23 March 2020 in the portfolio of "Fair value through other comprehensive income" are negative, these negative differences may not be taken into account of calculation in accordance with the Regulation on Banks' Equity and used for capital adequacy ratio due to the fluctuations in the financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 epidemic.

	Consolidated	Consolidated
	Current	Prior
	Period	Period
CORE EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors	2.800.374	2.800.374
Share premiums	532	530
Reserves	1.929.258	1.226.589
Other comprehensive income according to TAS	491.091	479.966
Profit	153.866	704.226
Current Period Profit	152.411	730.504
Prior Period Profit	1.455	(26.278)
Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit	-	-
Minority shareholder	34.602	38.090
Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	5.409.723	5.249.775
Deductions from Core Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1 st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS	62.608	70.786
Leasehold improvements on operational leases	2.289	2.606
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	1.005	1.005
Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	4.656	4.069
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	-	-
Investments in own common equity	-	-
Shares obtained against article 56, paragraph 4 of Banking Law	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank does not own 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights not deducted	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions from Tier I capital in cases where there are no adequate additional Tier I or Tier II capitals	-	-
Total Regulatory Adjustments to Tier 1 Capital	70.558	78.466
Core Equity Tier I Capital	5.339.165	5.171.309
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred stock not included in core equity and related share premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above tier i capital	-	-
The total of net long position of the direct or indirect investments in additional Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Core Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Core Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Core Equity Tier I Capital+Additional Tier I Capital)	5.339.165	5.171.309
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA	1.974.000	1.774.800
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	530.943	504.412
Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	2.504.943	2.279.212
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.	-	-

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
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I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Common Equity Tier I capital (-)	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier II Capital items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	2.504.943	2.279.212
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	7.844.108	7.450.521
Deductions from Total Capital		
Loans granted against the articles 50 and 51 of the banking law	-	-
Net book values of movables and immovables exceeding the limit defined in the article 57, clause 1 of the Banking law and the assets acquired against overdue receivables and held for sale but retained more than five years	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Items to be Deducted from sum of Tier I and Tier II (Capital) during the Transition Period	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier I capital, Additional Tier I capital, Tier II capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier I capital and Tier II capital of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier I capital, Additional Tier I capital, Tier II capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from Core Equity Tier I capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	7.844.108	7.450.521
Total Risk Weighted Assets	45.930.311	42.842.113
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	11,62	12,07
Consolidated Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	11,62	12,07
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17,08	17,39
BUFFERS		
Total buffer requirement (a+b+c)	2.511	2.510
(a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,500	2,500
(b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	0,011	0,010
(c) Systematic significant buffer (%)	-	-
The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets	5,62	6,07
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital	499.946	491.777
Remaining mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Limits Related to Provisions Considered in Tier II Calculation		
General reserves for receivables where the standard approach used (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	691.816	554.358
Up to 1,25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	530.943	504.412
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-

Explanations on the reconciliation between amounts related to equity items and on balance sheet

There are no differences between the amounts related to equity items and on balance sheet figures.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
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I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Details on Subordinated Liabilities

Issuer	Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	XS1584113184
Governing law(s) of the instrument	BRSA, Cominiqué on Subordinated Liabilities of CMB numbered CMB-II-31.1
Regulatory treatment	
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No
Eligible on unconsolidated and/or consolidated basis	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated
Instrument type	Secondary subordinated loan which is categorized in subordinated loans equalling bill of exchanges
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date – Million USD)	300
Par value of instrument (Million USD)	300
Accounting classification	347011 (Liability) – Subordinated Debt Instruments
Original date of issuance	28 March 2017
Perpetual or dated	Dated
Original starting and maturity date	28 March 2017 - 29 March 2027 (10 years)
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	There is an early repayment option on 29 March 2022 (After 5th year)
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	After 5th year only for once
Interest/dividend payments	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed / semiannually coupon payment, principal payment at the maturity
Coupon rate and any related index	7,625%
Existence of a dividend stopper	None
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	None
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	None
If convertible, fully or partially	None
If convertible, conversion rate	None
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	None
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	None
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	None
Write-down feature	
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	According to number 5411 article, 71th article of Law of Banking and number 6102 article of Turkish Code of Commerce, if BRSA has seen in case of default.
If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	None
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2.
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	Based on the conditions written on 8th article.
Details of incompliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	Not based on the conditions written on 7th article.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

II. Explanations related to consolidated currency risk

No long or short position is taken due to the uncertainties and changes in the markets therefore; no exposure to foreign currency risk is expected. However, possible foreign currency risks are calculated on monthly basis under the standard method in the foreign currency risk table and their results are reported to the official authorities and the Parent Bank's top management. Thus, foreign currency risk is closely monitored. Foreign currency risk, as a part of general market risk, is also taken into consideration in the calculation of Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio.

No short position is taken regarding foreign currency risk, whereas, counter position is taken for any foreign currency risks arising from customer transactions as to avoid foreign currency risk.

Announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as at reporting date and the previous five working days in US Dollar and Euro are as follows:

	1 US Dollar	1 Euro
The Parent Bank's "Foreign Exchange Valuation Rate"		
31 March 2020	6,5800	7,2483
<u>Prior Five Workdays:</u>		
30 March 2020	6,4450	7,1420
27 March 2020	6,3500	7,0232
26 March 2020	6,4250	7,0155
25 March 2020	6,4200	6,9376
24 March 2020	6,5050	7,0120

Simple arithmetic thirty-day averages of the US Dollar and Euro buying rates of the Parent Bank before the reporting date are full TL 6,2889 and 6,9606 respectively.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

II. Explanations related to consolidated currency risk (continued)

Information on the Group's foreign currency risk:

	Euro	US Dollar	Other FC	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased, Precious Metals) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	362.090	678.461	-	1.040.551
Banks	72.727	1.394.943	8.896	1.476.566
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (1)	90.501	541.150	1.303	632.954
Money Market Placements	-	164.500	-	164.500
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	67.463	2.354.374	-	2.421.837
Loans (2)	14.366.702	16.736.310	-	31.103.012
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	324.878	-	324.878
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes (5)	-	346.009	-	346.009
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (3)	47.831	286.774	-	334.605
Total Assets	15.007.314	22.827.399	10.199	37.844.912
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	283.538	148.440	-	431.978
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	12.850.364	15.454.918	-	28.305.282
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	-	11.612.633	-	11.612.633
Miscellaneous Payables	75.833	208.347	649	284.829
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes (5)	-	5.126	-	5.126
Other Liabilities (6)	159.094	294.491	886	454.471
Total Liabilities	13.368.829	27.723.955	1.535	41.094.319
Net Balance Sheet Position	1.638.485	(4.896.556)	8.664	(3.249.407)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(1.712.027)	5.026.005	(8.754)	3.305.224
Financial Derivative Assets	2.112.608	9.041.729	437.456	11.591.793
Financial Derivative Liabilities	(3.824.635)	(4.015.724)	(446.210)	(8.286.569)
Non-Cash Loans (7)	1.752.673	3.036.561	3.715	4.792.949
Prior Period				
Total Assets	14.229.855	18.297.661	9.167	32.536.683
Total Liabilities	12.298.039	22.513.119	1.362	34.812.520
Net Balance Sheet Position	1.931.816	(4.215.458)	7.805	(2.275.837)
Net Off –Balance Sheet Position	(2.069.575)	4.460.081	(7.788)	2.382.718
Financial Derivative Assets	1.037.523	7.074.810	149.898	8.262.231
Financial Derivative Liabilities	(3.107.098)	(2.614.729)	(157.686)	(5.879.513)
Non-Cash Loans (7)	1.806.354	2.287.913	2.715	4.096.982

(1) Exchange rate differences arising from derivative transactions amounting to TL 90.281 is deducted from "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

(2) Loans include TL, 1.532.768 foreign currency indexed loans, TL, 149.777 financial lease receivables, TL, 699.434 non-performing loans, and TL (172.663) credit-impaired losses (Stage III / Special Provision).

(3) Prepaid expenses amounting to TL 1.940, Forward foreign exchange purchase transaction rediscounts amounting to TL 31, 12 months expected credit loss for other assets amounting to TL (1.291) are not included other assets.

(4) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(5) Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes has classified in line of derivative financial assets; derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes has classified in line of derivative financial liabilities in financial statement. Foreign exchange difference accrual amounting to TL 24.126 is deducted from " Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes ".

(6) Exchange rate differences arising from derivative transactions amounting to TL 69.712, forward foreign exchange purchase transaction rediscounts amounting to TL 19, and other provisions amounting to TL 23.663 have not been included in "Other Liabilities".

(7) Has no effect on net off-balance sheet position.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk

Interest rate sensitivity of the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items are measured by the Parent Bank. General and specific interest rate risk tables in the standard method, by including assets and liabilities, are taken into account in determination of the Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio and to calculate the overall interest rate risk of the Parent Bank.

Forecast results which have been formed using estimation-simulation reports are prepared and then the effects of fluctuations in interest rates are evaluated with sensitivity and scenario analysis. Cash requirement for every maturity period are determined based on maturity distribution analysis (Gap). In addition, a positive spread between the yield on assets and the cost of liabilities is kept while determining interest rates.

The amount of local borrowings is very low considering the total liabilities of the Parent Bank. As the Parent Bank is a development and investment bank, it obtains most of the funding from abroad.

The fluctuations in interest rates are controlled with interest rate risk tables, gap analysis, scenario analysis and stress tests, its effect in assets and liabilities and the probable changes in cash flows are being screened. The Parent Bank screens many risk control ratio including the markets risk ratio to the sum of risk weighted assets and the ratio of the value at risk calculated as per the internal model to the equity.

Under the scope of risk policies, continuous controls are made to prevent assets or shareholders' equity from adverse effects because of fluctuations in interest rates or liquidity difficulties and top management, the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee are informed of these risks.

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III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates)

Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing (1)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey (2)	-	-	-	-	-	1.041.013	1.041.013
Banks (2)	1.565.980	29.946	43.570	-	-	67.359	1.706.855
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (3)	236.769	531.372	368.399	511.939	343.943	9.748	2.002.170
Money Market Placements (2)	164.491	951	50.678	-	-	-	216.120
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (2)	392.854	849.447	455.379	1.660.798	1.050.965	127.704	4.537.147
Loans (2)	5.136.558	7.770.268	8.500.519	5.704.776	6.329.509	-	33.441.630
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (2)	284.047	809.030	1.357.796	-	324.473	-	2.775.346
Other Assets (2)	-	-	-	64.403	-	1.876.240	1.940.643
Total Assets	7.780.699	9.991.014	10.776.341	7.941.916	8.048.890	3.122.064	47.660.924
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	712.740	83.091	-	-	-	-	795.831
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	332.834	332.834
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	2.327.948	-	-	9.257.897	-	225.865	11.811.710
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	2.721.806	8.151.308	9.910.294	2.882.345	4.765.320	-	28.431.073
Other Liabilities	39.255	35.555	105.893	189.477	234.962	5.684.334	6.289.476
Total Liabilities	5.801.749	8.269.954	10.016.187	12.329.719	5.000.282	6.243.033	47.660.924
Balance Sheet Long Position	1.978.950	1.721.060	760.154	-	3.048.608	-	7.508.772
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	-	(4.387.803)	-	(3.120.969)	(7.508.772)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	709.255	-	-	4.894.713	684.492	-	6.288.460
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(659.284)	(4.793.583)	-	-	-	(5.452.867)
Total Position	2.688.205	1.061.776	(4.033.429)	506.910	3.733.100	(3.120.969)	835.593

(1) Amounts in investments in associates and subsidiaries, deferred tax asset, tangible and intangible assets, other assets, other miscellaneous liabilities, shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability are presented in non-interest bearing column, in order to reconcile the total assets and liabilities on the balance sheet.

(2) Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

(3) Derivative financial assets and loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(4) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

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III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates)

Prior Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing (1)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey (2)	803.582	-	-	-	-	30	803.612
Banks (2)	105.873	106.217	-	-	-	45.218	257.308
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (3)	187.104	401.575	320.280	156.641	168.514	7.135	1.241.249
Money Market Placements (2)	252.767	273.232	252	-	-	-	526.251
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (2)	159.716	436.915	1.147.301	1.646.055	679.717	116.569	4.186.273
Loans (2)	5.613.551	7.365.035	8.697.347	5.230.649	3.855.703	-	30.762.285
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (2)	338.296	994.092	950.535	-	298.876	-	2.581.799
Other Assets (2)	-	-	-	64.403	-	1.829.831	1.894.234
Total Assets	7.460.889	9.577.066	11.115.715	7.097.748	5.002.810	1.998.783	42.253.011
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	1.197.709	-	-	-	-	(342)	1.197.367
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	128.262	128.262
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	-	108.662	2.087.826	5.765.669	-	145.256	8.107.413
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	3.892.357	6.211.730	9.490.539	2.692.067	4.341.632	-	26.628.325
Other Liabilities	130.310	222.183	127.051	47.605	-	5.664.495	6.191.644
Total Liabilities	5.220.376	6.542.575	11.705.416	8.505.341	4.341.632	5.937.671	42.253.011
Balance Sheet Long Position	2.240.513	3.034.491	-	-	661.178	-	5.936.182
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(589.701)	(1.407.593)	-	(3.938.888)	(5.936.182)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	-	4.035.583	673.362	-	4.708.945
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(1.184.952)	(1.317.889)	(1.773.188)	-	-	-	(4.276.029)
Total Position	1.055.561	1.716.602	(2.362.889)	2.627.990	1.334.540	(3.938.888)	432.916

(1) Amounts in investments in associates and subsidiaries, deferred tax asset, tangible and intangible assets, other assets, other miscellaneous liabilities, shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability are presented in non-interest bearing column, in order to reconcile the total assets and liabilities on the balance sheet.

(2) Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

(3) Derivative financial assets and Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(4) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments: %

	Euro	US Dollar	Yen	TL
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Banks	0,74	0,92	-	9,60
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (2)	-	10,05	-	14,84
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	10,48
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	4,01	5,31	-	15,93
Loans	4,47	6,36	-	15,70
Financial Asset Measured at Amortized Cost	-	6,00	-	11,85
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	0,11	0,30	-	8,95
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued (1)	-	5,81	-	-
Borrower Funds	0,10	0,20	-	6,00
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1,13	2,47	-	9,71

(1) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(2) Includes loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

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III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments in prior period: %

	Euro	US Dollar	Yen	TL
Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Banks	0,80	1,55	-	7,60
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (2)	-	10,05	-	14,70
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	13,49
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	4,24	4,76	-	17,49
Loans	4,59	6,72	-	17,04
Financial Asset Measured at Amortized Cost	-	5,59	-	12,45
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	0,12	2,24	-	10,96
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued (1)	-	5,71	-	13,10
Borrower Funds	0,10	1,25	-	7,50
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1,11	2,88	-	10,79

(1) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(2) Includes loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

IV. Explanations related to consolidated stock position risk

The Group is exposed to equity shares risk arising from investments on firms traded in Borsa Istanbul (BIST). The Group classifies its share certificate investments both as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and net profit/loss of the Group is not affected unless the Group sells share certificates in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss portfolio.

Equity shares risk due from banking book

The table below is the comparison table of the Group's share certificate instruments' book value, fair value and market value.

Current Period	Comparison		
Share Certificate Investments	Book Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Investment in Shares-Grade A	424.895	-	635.491
Quoted	424.895	-	635.491

Prior Period	Comparison		
Share Certificate Investments	Book Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Investment in Shares-Grade A	416.906	-	889.837
Quoted	416.906	-	889.837

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

IV. Explanations related to consolidated stock position risk (continued)

Equity shares risk due from banking book (continued)

On the basis of the following table, private equity investments in sufficiently diversified portfolios, type and amount of other risks, cumulative realized gains and losses arising from selling and liquidation in the current period, total unrealized gains and losses, total revaluation increases of trading positions on stock market and their amount that included to core capital and supplementary capital are shown.

Current Period	Realized Revenues and Losses in Period	Revaluation Value Increases		Unrealized Gains and Losses		
Portfolio		Total	Included in Core Capital	Total	Included in Core Capital	Included in Supplementary Capital
Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Certificates Quoted on a Stock Exchange	-	12.667	12.667	-	-	-
Other Share Certificates	-	45.198	45.198	-	-	-
Total	-	57.865	57.865	-	-	-

Prior Period	Realized Revenues and Losses in Period	Revaluation Value Increases		Unrealized Gains and Losses		
Portfolio		Total	Included in Core Capital	Total	Included in Core Capital	Included in Supplementary Capital
Private Equity Investments	-	38.832	38.832	-	-	-
Share Certificates Quoted on a Stock Exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Share Certificates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	38.832	38.832	-	-	-

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio

1. Explanations related to the consolidated liquidity risk:

1.a Information about the governance of consolidated liquidity risk management, including: risk tolerance; structure and responsibilities for consolidated liquidity risk management; internal consolidated liquidity reporting; and communication of consolidated liquidity risk strategy, policies and practices across business lines and with the board of directors

Liquidity risk management is conducted by Treasury Department in line with the strategies set by Asset and Liability Committee within the limits and policies approved by Board of Directors, and is monitored and controlled through reportings from Risk Management, Budget Planning and Financial Control Departments to Audit Committee, Board of Directors, Senior Management and relevant departments.

The Parent Bank's liquidity risk capacity is determined by the Parent Bank's internal limits and the regulations on liquidity coverage ratio and liquidity adequacy. Regarding its risk appetite, in addition to legal limits, the Parent Bank also applies internal limits for monitoring and controlling the liquidity risk.

Considering the Parent Bank's strategies and competitive conditions, Asset and Liability Committee has the responsibility of taking the relevant decisions regarding optimal balance sheet management of the Parent Bank, and monitoring the implementations. Treasury Department performs cash position management within the framework of the decisions taken at Asset and Liability Committee meetings.

The Risk Management Department reports to the Board of Directors and the Asset and Liability Committee regarding liquidity risk within the scope of internal limits and legal regulations. Additionally, liquidity stress tests are performed based on various scenarios and reported with their impact on legal limit utilization. Treasury Control Unit under the Budget Planning and Investor Relations Department also makes cash flow projection reportings to the Treasury Department and the Asset Liability Committee at certain periods and when needed.

As a result of the financial uncertainty caused by the coronavirus outbreak, liquidity management has been one of the top priorities of the Parent Bank. The Parent Bank continues to manage LCR within the framework of risk appetite by keeping its high quality liquid assets at a sufficient level.

1.b Information on the centralization degree of consolidated liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Parent Bank and the Parent Bank's subsidiaries

Within the scope of consolidation, liquidity management is not centralized and each subsidiary is responsible for its own liquidity management. However, the Parent Bank monitors the liquidity risk of each subsidiary within the defined limits.

1.c Information on the Parent Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

Among the main funding sources of the Bank, there are development bank credits, capital market transactions, syndicated loans, bilateral contractual resources, repo transactions and money market transactions and these sources are diversified to minimize the liquidity risk within the terms of market conditions. The funding planning based on those loans is performed long term such as a minimum of one year and the performance is monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

1. Explanations related to the consolidated liquidity risk (continued)

1.ç Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Parent Bank's total liabilities:

The Parent Bank's obligations consist of Turkish Lira (TRY), US Dollar (USD) and Euro (EUR) currency types. Turkish Lira obligations mainly consist of equity and repurchase agreements, whereas foreign currency obligations consist of foreign currency credits, securities issued and repurchase agreements. All loans provided from foreign sources are in foreign currencies. For this reason, foreign resources can be used in TL funding by currency swap transactions when necessary.

1.d Information on consolidated liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

Liquidity limits are defined for the purpose of monitoring and keeping the risk under certain levels. The Parent Bank monitors those limits' utilization and informs the Board of Directors, the Parent Bank Senior Management and the relevant departments regularly. Regarding those limits, the Treasury Department performs the required transactions with the relevant cost and term composition in accordance with market conditions from the sources previously defined in Article c. The Bank minimizes the liquidity risk by holding high quality liquid assets and diversification of funds.

1.e Information on the use of stress tests

Within the scope of liquidity stress tests, the deteriorations that may occur in the cash flow structure of the Bank are assessed by the Parent Bank's scenarios. The results are analyzed by taking into account the risk appetite and capacity of the Parent Bank and reported to the senior management by the Risk Management Department ensuring the necessary actions are taken.

1.f General information on urgent and unexpected consolidated liquidity situation plans:

There is a Contingency Funding Plan for the contingent periods that arises beyond the Parent Bank's control. In a potential liquidity shortfall, Treasury Department is responsible from assessment, taking relevant actions and informing Parent Bank's Asset and Liability Committee. In contingent cases, to identify the liquidity risk arising, cash flow projections and funding requirement estimations are exercised based on various scenarios. To assess the stress scenarios, cash flow in terms of local currency is monitored regularly by Treasury Department. Scenario analysis on the Parent Bank's unencumbered sources are conducted daily. Transaction limits for organized markets are monitored timely and essential collateral amount to trade in those markets is withheld at hand. Repo transactions and/or available for sale portfolio securities in local and foreign currency that are major funding sources in shortfall periods for the Parent Bank are monitored consistently. In contingent periods outflows due to the irrevocable commitments, contingencies and derivative transactions can be deferred temporarily in a way that won't hurt the Bank's reputation. TSKB has the optionality of choosing one or more of the following for meeting its liquidity requirement that are selling liquid assets off, increasing short term borrowing, decreasing illiquid assets, increasing capital.

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SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

2. Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio

According to regulations which is published on 28948 numbered gazette on 21 March 2014 related to calculation of liquidity coverage ratio of banks, calculated liquidity coverage ratios are shown below. Including the reporting period for the last three months consolidated foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios are shown below:

	Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" not Implemented		Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" Implemented	
	Total value		Total value	
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)				
1 High quality liquid assets			4.425.195	2.006.664
CASH OUTFLOWS				
2 Retail and Customers Deposits	33	5	3	1
3 Stable deposits	-	-	-	-
4 Less stable deposits	33	5	3	1
5 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	2.270.379	1.707.767	1.829.891	1.276.488
6 Operational deposits	150.678	143.141	37.669	35.785
7 Non-Operational Deposits	-	-	-	-
8 Other Unsecured Funding	2.119.701	1.564.626	1.792.222	1.240.703
9 Secured funding			-	-
10 Other Cash Outflows	988.963	1.426.923	988.963	1.426.923
11 Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions	806.927	1.244.887	806.927	1.244.887
12 Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
13 Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	182.036	182.036	182.036	182.036
14 Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	21.485.767	17.512.385	1.074.288	875.619
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	9.081.356	7.361.895	1.220.961	786.257
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			5.114.106	4.365.288
CASH INFLOWS				
17 Secured Lending Transactions	20.387	-	-	-
18 Unsecured Lending Transactions	4.431.509	3.382.603	3.621.021	2.827.602
19 Other contractual cash inflows	125.914	1.569.153	125.914	1.569.153
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	4.577.810	4.951.756	3.746.935	4.396.755
			Upper Limit Applied Amounts	
21 TOTAL HQLA STOCK			4.425.195	2.006.664
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			1.367.171	1.091.322
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			324	184

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

2. Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued):

Prior Period	Rate of “Percentage to be taken into account” not Implemented Total value		Rate of “Percentage to be taken into account” Implemented Total value	
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)				
1 High quality liquid assets			3.898.392	1.730.885
CASH OUTFLOWS				
2 Retail and Customers Deposits	32	5	3	1
3 Stable deposits	-	-	-	-
4 Less stable deposits	32	5	3	1
5 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	2.849.085	2.182.738	2.451.920	1.795.976
6 Operational deposits	97.764	84.500	24.441	21.125
7 Non-Operational Deposits	-	-	-	-
8 Other Unsecured Funding	2.751.321	2.098.238	2.427.479	1.774.851
9 Secured funding			-	-
10 Other Cash Outflows	938.988	1.482.988	938.988	1.482.988
11 Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions	761.155	1.305.155	761.155	1.305.155
12 Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
13 Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	177.833	177.833	177.833	177.833
14 Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	20.396.531	16.430.772	1.019.827	821.539
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	8.485.985	6.800.318	1.194.592	751.330
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			5.605.330	4.851.834
CASH INFLOWS				
17 Secured Lending Transactions	122.181	-	-	-
18 Unsecured Lending Transactions	3.195.805	1.977.707	2.419.361	1.449.493
19 Other contractual cash inflows	88.241	1.339.028	88.241	1.339.028
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	3.406.227	3.316.735	2.507.602	2.788.521
			Upper Limit Applied Amounts	
21 TOTAL HQLA STOCK			3.898.392	1.730.885
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			3.097.728	2.063.313
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			126	84

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

3. Minimum explanations related to the liquidity coverage ratio by Banks:

As per The Regulation on The Calculation of Liquidity Coverage Ratio, Liquidity Coverage Ratio is the ratio of high quality liquid assets to net cash outflows. Total and foreign currency limits 100% and 80% are assigned on consolidated and unconsolidated basis respectively. For the development and investment banks, Banking Regulations and Supervision Agency decided to apply zero percent to the total and foreign currency consolidated and unconsolidated liquidity coverage ratios unless stated otherwise.

Due to the coronavirus outbreak, according to the regulation published by the BRSA on 26 March 2020, for deposit banks; It was decided to provide flexibility in compliance with the minimum ratios of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and for development and investment banks ; in order to reduce the operational burden, it was decided to exempt the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) from the reporting obligations to the Agency until 31 December 2020.

In the Liquidity Coverage Ratio calculation, the items with the highest impact are high quality liquid assets, foreign funds and money market transactions. High quality liquid assets mainly consist of the required reserves held in the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey and unencumbered securities issued by the Treasury.

Main funding source of the Parent Bank is long term loans attained from international financial institutions. The ratio of those loans in total funding is around 64%. The total ratio of the securities issued in purpose of funding diversification and loans attained through syndication loans in overall borrowing is 33%. 4% of the Parent Bank's total funding is provided from repurchase agreements.

30-day cash flows arising from derivative transactions are included in the calculation in accordance with the Regulation. The Parent Bank also takes into consideration the liabilities depending on the possibility of changing the fair values of the derivative transactions in accordance with the Regulation.

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**INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)**

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Undistributed (1)	Total
Current Period								
Assets								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey (2)	25	1.040.988	-	-	-	-	-	1.041.013
Banks (2)	67.358	1.565.980	29.946	43.571	-	-	-	1.706.855
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (3)	9.748	347.638	651.800	948.806	44.178	-	-	2.002.170
Money Market Placements (2)	-	164.491	951	50.678	-	-	-	216.120
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (2)	-	41	434.373	543.773	2.312.454	1.118.802	127.704	4.537.147
Loans (2)	-	1.419.423	2.184.602	6.088.318	15.940.580	7.808.707	-	33.441.630
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (2)	-	-	-	278.922	2.106.311	390.113	-	2.775.346
Other Assets (2)	-	-	8.534	88.109	193.623	-	1.650.377	1.940.643
Total Assets	77.131	4.538.561	3.310.206	8.042.177	20.597.146	9.317.622	1.778.081	47.660.924
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds Provided from Other Financial Institutions	-	230.233	1.179.030	3.780.072	12.242.114	10.999.624	-	28.431.073
Money Market Borrowings	-	712.740	83.091	-	-	-	-	795.831
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	-	2.354.736	32.070	371.098	9.053.806	-	-	11.811.710
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	332.834	332.834
Other Liabilities	-	140.270	132.584	275.791	56.497	-	5.684.334	6.289.476
Total Liabilities	-	3.437.979	1.426.775	4.426.961	21.352.417	10.999.624	6.017.168	47.660.924
Liquidity Gap	77.131	1.100.582	1.883.431	3.615.216	(755.271)	(1.682.002)	(4.239.087)	-
Net Off-balance Sheet Position	-	207.861	187.564	193.567	249.345	(2.744)	-	835.593
Financial Derivative Assets	-	5.793.859	1.585.364	4.766.643	16.606.798	3.818.790	-	32.571.454
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	5.585.998	1.397.800	4.573.076	16.357.453	3.821.534	-	31.735.861
Non-cash Loans	-	-	-	1.365.510	2.528.285	933.691	440.512	5.267.998
Prior Period								
Total Assets	52.383	4.458.755	3.115.046	6.067.573	18.966.086	7.060.857	2.532.311	42.253.011
Total Liabilities	(342)	2.358.718	912.443	6.136.602	16.954.525	10.098.308	5.792.757	42.253.011
Liquidity Gap	52.725	2.100.037	2.202.603	(69.029)	2.011.561	(3.037.451)	(3.260.446)	-
Net Off-balance Sheet Position	-	(2.079)	(179.812)	311.081	306.043	(1.212)	-	434.021
Financial Derivative Assets	-	3.421.629	2.036.215	6.244.197	12.887.416	3.742.034	-	28.331.491
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	3.423.708	2.216.027	5.933.116	12.581.373	3.743.246	-	27.897.470
Non-cash Loans	-	-	-	1.805.069	1.240.149	1.085.958	416.540	4.547.716

(1) Other assets and shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability, which are necessary and cannot be converted into cash in the near future for the Bank's ongoing activities, such as tangible and intangible assets, deferred tax asset, other miscellaneous receivables, investments in subsidiaries and associates, entities under common control, office supply inventory, prepaid expenses and non-performing loans are classified under "Undistributed" column.

(2) Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

(3) Derivative financial assets and loans at fair value through profit or loss.

(4) Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

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SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VI. Explanations related to consolidated leverage ratio

a) Information about the consolidated leverage ratio between current and prior periods

The table related to calculation of leverage ratio in accordance with the principles of the “Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Banks’ Leverage Level” which is published on the Official Gazette no.28812 dated 5 November 2013 is given below.

Leverage ratio of the Bank calculated from the arithmetic average of the three months is 9,85% (31 December 2019: 10,56%). Total balance sheet assets increased by 11,07 % compare to prior period.

b) Comparison table of total assets and total risk amounts in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Total Amount of Asset and Risk Situated in The Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS (2)	42.775.864	38.615.495
2	The difference between Total Amount of Asset in the Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS and the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (2)	(4.885.060)	38.615.495
3	The difference between total amount and total risk amount of derivative financial instruments with credit derivative in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	(227.649)	(1.370.332)
4	The difference between total amount and total risk amount of risk investment securities or commodity collateral financing transactions in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	(1.269.865)	1.238.940
5	The difference between total amount and total risk amount of off-balance sheet transactions in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	(3.223.206)	(2.804.361)
6	The other differences between amount of assets and risk in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	-	-
7	Total Exposures (1)	53.392.195	47.826.907

(1) The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

(2) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks. Consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS are not audited as of the report date and 31 December 2019 figures are used for prior period.

c) Consolidated Leverage Ratio

		Current Period (1)	Prior Period (1)
	Balance sheet Assets		
1	Balance sheet assets (excluding derivative financial assets and credit derivatives, including collaterals)	44.555.099	40.114.358
2	(Assets deducted from Core Capital)	(67.709)	(92.635)
3	Total risk amount of balance sheet assets (sum of lines 1 and 2)	44.487.390	40.021.723
	Derivative financial assets and credit derivatives		
4	Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	1.401.664	980.946
5	Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	542.395	389.386
6	Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 and 5)	1.944.059	1.370.332
	Financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity		
7	Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity	505.893	572.591
8	Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions	35.306	129.806
9	Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity (sum of lines 7 and 8)	541.199	702.397
	Off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet transactions	9.642.753	8.536.816
11	(Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates)	(3.223.206)	(2.804.361)
12	Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11)	6.419.547	5.732.455
	Capital and total risk		
13	Core Capital	5.260.404	5.053.660
14	Total risk amount (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	53.392.195	47.826.907
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	9,85 %	10,57 %

(1) Arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

VII. Explanations related to risk management

Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts

The footnotes prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on Calculation Risk Management Disclosures", which was published in the Official Gazette No. 29511 of 23 October 2015 and entered into force as of 31 March 2016, and the disclosures pertaining thereto are provided in this section.

As the standard approach is utilized for the calculation of the capital adequacy of the Parent Bank, no statement has been included as regards the methods based on internal models as per the relevant communiqué.

Disclosures on the Risk management approach and risk-weighted amount

Risk management approach of the Bank allows for ensuring the establishment of a common risk culture covering the entire institution within the scope of the policies and codes of practice designated by the Board of Directors, for identifying risks in harmony with international arrangements and for performing the activities of measurement, analysis, monitoring and reporting accordingly.

Risk Management Department has been organized within the Parent Bank so as to ensure compliance with the relevant policies, codes of practice and processes and to manage, in parallel with these policies, the risks the Parent Bank is exposed to. Risk Management Department, the duties and responsibilities of which are designated through the regulations approved by the Board of Directors, carries out its activities through the Executive Vice President for Internal Systems under the Audit Committee who serves independently from executive activities and executive units.

Risk Management Department develops the systems required within the process of risk management and carries out the relevant activities, monitors the compliance of risks with policies, standards, limits of the Parent Bank and its risk appetite indicators and performs activities aimed at harmonization with the relevant legislation and the Basel criteria. Risk measurements are performed through the standard approaches for legal reporting and the advanced approaches are utilized internally.

Risk Management Department submits its detailed risk management reports prepared on monthly and quarterly basis to the Board of Directors via the Audit Committee. These reports cover measurements regarding main risks, stress tests and scenario analyses and the status of compliance with the identified limit levels and risk appetite indicators.

Prospective risk assessments are carried out by conducting periodical stress tests on loan, market and interest risks and the impact of results on the overall financial power of the Bank is evaluated. The relevant results are notified to the Audit Committee and contribute to the assessment of the financial structure of the Bank at the moment of stress. Stress test scenarios are determined by evaluating the impacts posed by previous economic crises on macroeconomic indicators and expectations from the upcoming period. By estimating the risks and capital position of the Bank within the upcoming period, various analyses are performed in terms of legal and internal capital adequacy ratios, and the ICAAP (Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process) report is submitted to the BRSA.

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INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT
(Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Overview of risk weighted assets

		Risk Weighted Amount		Minimum Capital Requirement
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	39.230.777	37.712.816	3.138.462
2	Standardised approach	39.230.777	37.712.816	3.138.462
3	Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	1.994.781	1.410.715	159.582
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	1.994.781	1.410.715	159.582
6	Internal model method	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
15	Simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
16	Market risk	928.875	459.363	74.310
17	Standardised approach	928.875	459.363	74.310
18	Internal model approaches	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	2.526.013	2.029.776	202.081
20	Basic indicator approach	2.526.013	2.029.776	202.081
21	Standard approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	1.249.865	1.229.443	99.989
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	45.930.311	42.842.113	3.674.424

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SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets

1.a Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	25	-	29	-
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	994	1.040.551	484	803.528
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1.019	1.040.551	513	803.528

	Current Period(1)		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposits	994	8.159	484	7.461
Unrestricted time deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposits	-	-	-	-
Other (2)	-	1.032.392	-	796.067
Total	994	1.040.551	484	803.528

(1) Deposits at Central Bank of Turkey held as reserve requirement.

Expected credit loss amounting to TL 557 (31 December 2019: 429) is allocated in "Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey".

As per the Communiqué numbered 2005/1 "Reserve Deposits" of Central Bank of Republic of Turkey (CBRT), banks keep reserve deposits at the CBRT for their TL and FC liabilities mentioned in the communiqué. Reserves are calculated and set aside every two weeks on Fridays for 14-days periods.

The CBRT Required reserves of 2 May 2015 has started to pay interest to the Required reserves, reserve options and unrestricted account held in US dollars according to regulation released at 5 May 2015. Interest for the required reserves in Turkish Lira is paid since 21 September 2018.

The required reserves in Turkish lira is applied the following interest rates as of 20 March 2020:

- For banks that started operating with the permission of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, 6 percent for two years from the date of start-up
- Banks with annual real loan growth rate that are adapted Banks with annual real loan growth rate are above 15,00% (A) are below 15,00% (including 15,00) and Banks with annual real loan growth rate that are adapted Banks with annual real loan growth rate are below 15,00% (A) are above 5,00% (including 5,00) is 8%.
- 0 percent for other banks.

On 18 March 2020, Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey changed required reserves and TL reserve requirement ratios is associated with the annual growth rates of the total of Stage 1 Standard Cash Loans issued in Turkish Lira and Stage 2 Close monitoring cash loans except banks' FX indexed loans and loans extended to domestic and foreign financial institutions. According to this, TL reserve requirements ratios of the Banks with annual real loan growth rate that are adapted Banks with annual real loan growth rate are above 15,00% (A) are below 15,00% (including 15,00) and Banks with annual real loan growth rate that are adapted Banks with annual real loan growth rate are below 15,00% (A) are above 5,00% (including 5,00), Deposits/participation funds with a maturity of 1 year and more than 1 year have been reduced to TL required reserve ratios, and no change has been made in reserve requirements for other banks.

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SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets

1.a Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey (continued):

As per the “Communiqué on Amendments to be Made on Communiqué on Required Reserves” of Central Bank of Turkey, numbered 2011/11 and 2011/13, required reserves for Turkish Lira and Foreign currency liabilities are set at Central Bank of Turkey based on rates mentioned below. Reserve rates prevailing at 31 March 2020 are presented in table below:

Reserve Rates for Turkish Lira Liabilities (%)	
Original Maturity	Reserve Ratio
Until 1 year maturity (1 year include)	7
1-3 year maturity (3 year include)	3,5
More than 3 year maturity	1

Original Maturity	Reserve Ratio
Until 1 year maturity (1 year included)	21
1-2 year maturity (2 year included)	16
2-3 year maturity (3 year included)	11
3-5 year maturity (5 year included)	7
More than 5 year maturity	5

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

2.a. Information on financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blockage:

As of the reporting date, the Group has no financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blockage (31 December 2019: None).

2.b Information on financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as repurchase agreements:

As of the reporting date, the Group has no financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements (31 December 2019: None).

2.c Positive differences related to derivative financial assets:

Derivative Financial Assets (1)	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	121.348	15.201	44.124	163
Swap Transactions	764.789	426.674	609.141	231.423
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	18.263	-	9.596
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	886.137	460.138	653.265	241.182

(1) Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes amounting to TL 370.135 were presented at "Derivative Financial Assets" line (31 December 2019: 67.884).

The Parent Bank has entered into extinguishing cross-currency interest rate swaps as part of its strategy to hedge TL denominated fixed rate assets. These swap arrangements provide that, on the occurrence of certain credit-related events in relation to the company (such as failure to make a payment), the swap arrangements may immediately terminate with no further payments due and payable by either party. As of 31 March 2020, the fair value of such swaps is TL 648.417 income with a total outstanding notional amount of USD 245 million. The average maturity of such swaps range between 2020 and 2023 years.

2.d Loans measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss:

Net Book Value	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	263.097	263.097

Include the loan granted to the special purpose entity as detailed in Section Five Note I.16. This loan is accounted under loans measured at fair value through profit/loss as per TFRS 9.

As of March 31, 2020, the Parent Bank re-evaluated the fair value of the loan in consideration of current market conditions and macroeconomic indicators, and did not change the fair value of the financial asset as of year-end.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

3. Information on banks and foreign bank accounts

3.a Information on banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	230.752	979.560	12.973	185.230
Foreign	-	497.006	-	59.489
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	230.752	1.476.566	12.973	244.719

Expected credit loss amounting to TL 463 (31 December 2019: TL 384) is allocated in "Banks".

3.b Information on banks and foreign bank accounts:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be announced to Public by Banks".

4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

4.a.1 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government bonds	508.367	-	287.144	542.673
Treasury bills	-	-	-	-
Other government debt securities	-	-	-	-
Bank bonds and bank guaranteed bonds	-	-	-	-
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	508.367	-	287.144	542.673

4.a.2 Information on financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral or blockage:

All financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral comprise of financial assets are issued by the T.R. Undersecretariat of Treasury. The carrying value of those assets is TL 1.780.738.

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Share certificates	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment securities	661.466	1.119.272	749.163	1.078.533
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	661.466	1.119.272	749.163	1.078.533

4.b Major types of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprised of government bonds 42,28%, Eurobonds 51,93% and shares and other securities 5,79%. (31 December 2019: bonds 47,81%, Eurobonds 45,92% and shares and other securities 5,28%)

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

4.c Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	4.628.533	4.107.611
Quoted on a stock exchange	2.070.445	2.155.330
Unquoted	2.558.088	1.952.281
Share certificates	137.619	126.600
Quoted on a stock exchange	23.273	20.662
Unquoted	114.346	105.938
Impairment provision(-)	229.005	47.938
Total	4.537.147	4.186.273

As of 31 March 2020, the net book value of unquoted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income share certificates of the Group is TL 104.430. (31 December 2019: TL 95.907)

5. Information on loans

5.a Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Parent Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans
Direct loans granted to shareholders	410.842	-	251.238	-
Corporate shareholders	410.842	-	251.238	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans granted to employees	982	-	740	-
Total	411.824	-	251.978	-

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.b Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans:

Current Period (1)	Standard Loans	Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring		
		Loans Not Subject to Restructuring	Amendments on Conditions of Contract	
Cash Loans			Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized loans	29.362.594	859.402	1.797.273	896.607
Working Capital loans	3.663.910	56.906	378.074	896.607
Export loans	715.094	-	85.218	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	4.224.481	-	-	-
Consumer loans	982	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	20.758.127	802.496	1.333.981	-
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	262.074	-	-	-
Total	29.624.668	859.402	1.797.273	896.607

(1) According to Bank account plan purchasing Loans, Fleet Leasing Credits, Refinancing Loans and Portfolio Transfer Credits amounting to TL 681.465 shown under "Working Capital Loans", due to the nature of "Investment" shown under the category "other" in the above footnote.

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.b Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans (continued):

Prior Period (1)	Standard Loans	Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring		
		Loans Not Subject to Restructuring	Amendments on Conditions of Contract	
Cash Loans			Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized loans	26.862.157	803.006	1.696.477	830.780
Working Capital loans	3.075.576	69.185	180.038	830.780
Export loans	663.864	-	78.028	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	4.521.463	-	-	-
Consumer loans	740	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	18.600.514	733.821	1.438.411	-
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	216.424	-	-	-
Total	27.078.581	803.006	1.696.477	830.780

(1) According to Bank account plan purchasing Loans, Fleet Leasing Credits, Refinancing Loans and Portfolio Transfer Credits amounting to TL 4.648.486 shown under "Working Capital Loans", due to the nature of "Investment" shown under the category "other" in the above footnote.

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Standard Loans	Loans under Close Monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans under Close Monitoring
12 Months Expected Credit Loss	243.212	-	174.056	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	416.616	-	350.807

5.c Loans according to their maturity structure:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be announced to Public by Banks".

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.d Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

Current Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TL	-	-	-
With Installments	-	-	-
Without Installments	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installments	-	-	-
Without Installments	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- TL	124	858	982
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	124	858	982
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards- TL	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Total	124	858	982

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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.d Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel (continued):

Prior Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TL	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- TL	76	664	740
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	76	664	740
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards- TL	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Total	76	664	740

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(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.e Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards:

The Parent Bank has not granted any commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards as of the reporting date (31 December 2019: None).

5.f Loans according to borrowers:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

5.g Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	33.050.935	30.296.704
Foreign Loans	127.015	112.140
Total	33.177.950	30.408.844

5.h Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct loans granted to subsidiaries and associates	522.270	545.560
Indirect loans granted to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
Total	522.270	545.560

5.i Specific provisions provided against loans or default (Stage 3) provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and other receivables with limited collectability	179.274	184.323
Loans and other receivables with doubtful collectability	161.946	120.078
Uncollectible loans and other receivables	55.127	53.942
Total	396.347	358.343

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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.j Information on non-performing loans (net):

5.j.1 Information on loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled from non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period			
Gross amounts before provisions	-	654.008	37.762
Rescheduled loans	-	654.008	37.762
Prior Period			
Gross amounts before provisions	-	592.614	37.567
Rescheduled loans	-	592.614	37.567

5.j.2 Movement of non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period			
Prior Period End Balance	457.905	594.045	55.822
Additions (+)	10	139	489
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (+)	-	27.899	1.124
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (-)	27.899	1.124	-
Collections (-)	184	-	447
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold (-)			
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Exchange Differences Related to Non-Performing Loans	1.157	60.947	195
Current Period End Balance	430.989	681.906	57.183
Provisions (-)	179.274	161.946	55.127
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	251.715	519.960	2.056

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.j Information on non-performing loans (net) (continued):

5.j.2 Movement of non-performing loans (continued):

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Prior Period			
Prior Period End Balance	22.719	522.165	52.326
Additions (+)	459.570	46.845	9.959
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (+)	-	22.779	8.215
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (-)	22.779	8.215	-
Collections (-)	1.640	68.616	14.761
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Exchange Differences Related to Non-Performing Loans	35	79.087	83
Current Period End Balance	457.905	594.045	55.822
Specific Provisions (-)	184.323	120.078	53.942
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	273.582	473.967	1.880

5.j.3 Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period			
Period End Balance	11.463	653.561	34.410
Specific Provision (-)	3.585	136.724	32.354
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	7.878	516.837	2.056
Prior Period			
Period End Balance	10.306	592.614	34.215
Specific Provision (-)	3.223	118.878	32.335
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	7.083	473.736	1.880

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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.j Information on non-performing loans (net) (continued):

5.j.4 Information regarding gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	430.989	681.904	52.244
Specific Provision Amount (-)	179.274	161.946	50.188
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	251.715	519.958	2.056
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	4.939
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	4.939
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	457.905	594.045	50.924
Specific Provision Amount (-)	184.323	120.078	49.044
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	273.582	473.967	1.880
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	4.898
Specific Provision Amount (-)	-	-	4.898
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-

5.j.5 Information on interest accruals, rediscount, and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III.Group	IV.Group	V.Group
	Loans with Limited Collectability	Loans with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	795	48.283	175
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	1.157	60.948	195
Provision Amount (-)	362	12.665	20
Prior Period (Net)	7	62.652	75
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	7.728	90.769	83
Provision Amount (-)	7.721	28.117	8

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EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

5.k Main principles of liquidating non-performing loans and receivables:

If there are collaterals received in according to Article 13 of the “Regulation on the Procedures And Principles For Determination of Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables By Banks And Provisions to be Set Aside”, these collaterals are converted into cash as soon as possible as a result of both administrative and legal proceedings.

In the absence of collaterals, even if there is evidence of insolvency for the debtor, several financial investigations are apply at various periods to determine whether any property are subsequently acquired and legal proceedings are being followed.

Before and after the beginning of the liquidation process; the Parent Bank management makes investigations on the financial data of the debtor companies. As a result of these investigations, if the Bank management agrees that the companies show any indication of operating on an ongoing basis and probably are going to have contributions in the economic environment in the future; the Bank management tries to make the collection through rescheduling the payment terms.

5.l Explanations about the write-off policies from the assets:

If there is no collateral against uncollectible loans and receivables and if the receivable amount is less than the cost; tax, fee, and other expenses, made for the legal actions, the receivable is written off from the assets upon the request of the Credit Monitoring Department and the approval of the General Management.

However, if there is a collateral against the receivable and after all the costs of legal actions are fulfilled, and if there is still a part of receivables not collected, the receivables are written off after getting of pledge shortage and evidence of insolvency subsequently.

6. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

6.a The information was subjected to repurchase agreement and given as collateral/blocked amount of investments :

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Investments	758.029	29.057	737.176	26.554
Subject to Repurchase Agreements	84.951	-	330.755	100.588
Total	842.980	29.057	1.067.931	127.142

6.b Information on government debt measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	2.778.805	2.585.160
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-
Total	2.778.805	2.585.160

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

6.c Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost :

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities		
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	2.453.927	2.285.894
Not Quoted	324.878	299.266
Value Increase /(Decrease)	-	-
Total	2.778.805	2.585.160

6.d Movement of financial assets at amortized costs within the year :

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at Beginning of the Period	2.585.160	2.154.941
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	25.819	58.982
Purchases During The Period	108.212	433.812
Disposals Through Sales And Redemptions	285	195.251
Valuation Effect	-	-
Interest Income Accruals	59.899	132.676
Balance at End of Period	2.778.805	2.585.160

Expected credit loss amounting to TL 3.459 is allocated in "Financial asset measured at amortized cost" (31 December 2019: TL 3.360).

7. Information on investments in associates (net):

7.a As per Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards unconsolidated associates and reason of unconsolidating:

Unconsolidated non-financial associates are valued at cost.

7.b Information on unconsolidated associates:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	Terme Metal Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (Terme)	Istanbul/Turkey	17,83	18,76
2	Ege Tarım Ürünleri Lisanslı Depoculuk A.Ş. (Ege Tarım)	Izmir/Turkey	10,05	20,10

Non-financial associates, as above, are not consolidated in accordance with the Communiqué on "Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks".

		Total Assets	Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit /Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	Terme (1)	23.167	5.215	1.565	-	-	(50)	(43)	-
2	Ege Tarım	15.809	15.194	8.314	-	-	948	1.035	-

(1) Represents for the period ended 31 December 2019 financial statements. Prior year profit/loss is obtained from 31 December 2018 financial statements.

Information on associates disposed in the current period

In the current period the Group has not disposed any associates.

Information on associates purchased in the current period

In the current period the Group has not purchased any associates.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

7. Information on investments in associates (net) (continued) :

7.c Information on the consolidated associates:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	İş Faktoring A.Ş. (İş Faktoring)	Istanbul/Turkey	21,75	100,00
2	İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (İş Finansal)	Istanbul/Turkey	29,46	60,92
3	İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (İş Girişim)	Istanbul/Turkey	16,67	57,67

		Total Assets	Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	İş Faktoring	3.024.668	298.714	4.085	79.798	-	1.881	(16.740)	78.535
2	İş Finansal	8.930.893	1.292.893	19.740	200.317	-	25.414	(10.921)	576.039
3	İş Girişim	266.625	262.781	1.545	926	3	1.014	1.325	40.063

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	464.920	428.490
Movements During the Period	5.558	36.430
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares Received	-	-
Current Year Share of Profit	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation Increase (1)	-	-
Provision for Impairment /cancellations	5.558	36.430
Other	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	470.478	464.920
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

(1) It includes accounting differences with equity method.

Information on associates disposed in the current period

In the current period the Group has not disposed any associates.

Information on associates purchased in the current period

In current period the Group has not purchased any associates.

7.d Sectoral information of consolidated associates and the related carrying amounts in the legal books:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	64.970	65.335
Leasing Companies	361.711	355.956
Financial Service Companies	-	-
Other Financial Associates	43.797	43.629

7.e Information on consolidated associates quoted on stock market:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Associates Quoted on Domestic Stock Markets	405.506	399.584
Associates Quoted on Foreign Stock Markets	-	-

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

8. Information related to subsidiaries (net)

8.a.1 Information related to equity component of subsidiaries:

Current Period (1)	YF	TSKB GYO	Yatırım VKŞ
CORE CAPITAL	Current Period	Current Period	Current Period
Paid-in Capital	63.500	300.000	150
Share Premium	-	593	-
Legal Reserves	4.724	8.683	-
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	20.860	-	-
Current and Prior Years' Profit / Loss	34.318	(21.878)	23
Leasehold Improvements (-)	371	-	-
Intangible Assets (-)	940	34	8
Total Core Capital	122.091	287.364	165
Supplementary Capital	-	-	-
Capital	-	-	-
Net Available Capital	122.091	287.364	165

(1) The information is obtained from financial statements subject to consolidation as of 31 March 2020.

Prior Period (1)	YF	TSKB GYO	Yatırım VKŞ
CORE CAPITAL	Current Period	Current Period	Current Period
Paid-in Capital	63.500	300.000	150
Share Premium	-	593	-
Legal Reserves	3.681	8.683	-
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	19.994	-	-
Current and Prior Years' Profit / Loss	30.802	1.568	23
Leasehold Improvements (-)	404	-	-
Intangible Assets (-)	1.013	18	9
Total Core Capital	116.560	310.826	164
Supplementary Capital	-	-	-
Capital	-	-	-
Net Available Capital	116.560	310.826	164

(1) The information is obtained from financial statements subject to consolidation as of 31 December 2019.

Paid in capital has been indicated as Turkish Lira in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry. Effect of inflation adjustments on paid in capital is the difference caused by the inflation adjustment on shareholders' equity items. Extraordinary reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred with the General Assembly decision after distributable profit have been transferred to legal reserves. Legal reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred from distributable profit in accordance with the Article of 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code No 6102. The Parent Bank's internal capital adequacy assessment process is made annually on a consolidated basis. Consolidated subsidiaries and associates are included in the assessment.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)

8.b As per Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards unconsolidated subsidiaries and reason of unconsolidating and needed capital if they are subject to capital requirement:

TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., and TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. are valued at cost and are not consolidated since they are not financial subsidiaries. Unconsolidated subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are not subject to minimum capital requirement.

8.c Information related to unconsolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. (TSKB GMD)	Istanbul /Türkiye	99,99	99,99
2	TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. (TSKB SD)	Istanbul/Türkiye	80,19	99,83

		Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	TSKB GMD(1)	25.686	19.450	1.281	2.692	-	3.322	2.522	-
2	TSKB SD	3.034	2.903	36	129	-	(24)	(417)	-

(1) Represents for the period ended 31 December 2019 financial statements. Prior year profit/loss is obtained from 31 December 2018 financial statements.

8.d Information related to consolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.(YF)	Istanbul /Turkey	95,78	98,51
2	TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (TSKB GYO)	Istanbul/Turkey	89,09	89,91
3	Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100,00	100,00

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
YF (1)	565.565	123.402	10.166	12.281	517	7.735	5.020	101.342
TSKB GYO (1)	570.872	287.398	321	19	-	(23.445)	(12.361)	387.855
Yatırım VKŞ	226.149	173	-	-	-	-	23	150

(1) The financial data of the consolidated subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with BRSA regulations.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)

8.e Information related to consolidated subsidiaries: (continued)

Unconsolidated movement related subsidiaries subjected to consolidation is as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	448.295	301.178
Movements During the Period	40.904	147.117
Purchases	7.702	-
Bonus Shares Obtained	-	-
Current Year Shares of Profit	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase / decrease	33.202	147.117
Provision for Impairment /cancellations	-	-
Balance At the End of the Period	489.199	448.295
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

According to the principles of consolidation accounting, the cost values of the consolidated subsidiaries have been deducted from the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Subsidiaries disposed in the current period

In the current period, the Group has not disposed any subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries purchased in the current period

At the Board of Directors meeting held on 26 February 2020, The Bank decided to authorize the General directorate that purchase of TSKB GYO A.Ş. from the shares traded on the stock exchange up to a nominal amount of TL 12.5 Million within a year without any commitment, and classification of existing and new shares to be purchased, when necessary. These shares purchased until the reporting date are included in the consolidation rate

8.f Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts in the legal books:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Subsidiaries		
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Financial Service Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	489.199	448.695

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)

8.g Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	387.855	346.953
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-

9.

Information related to entities under common control

TSKB GYO, one of the subsidiaries of the Parent Bank, established a joint venture with Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. in Adana under the name of Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı ("Adana Hotel Project") on 26 May 2011 and Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi on 27 March 2015.

The capital structure of the Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı ("Adana Hotel Project") is designated as 50% of participation Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and 50% of participation for TSKB GYO. The main operations of Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı is to start, execute, and complete the hotel project which will be operated by Divan Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. (previous name "Palmira Turizm Ticaret A.Ş.").

The capital structure of Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi is designated as 50% of participation Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and 50% of participation for TSKB GYO. The main operations of Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi is tourism oriented hotels, motels, accommodation facilities, gastronomy, sports, entertainment and health care.

Bilici Yatırım TSKB GYO Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı Ticari İşletmesi, owned by TSKB GYO with 50%-50% Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. has been transformed into a company named "Yarsuvat Turizm Anonim Şirketi" together with all its assets and liabilities, as a whole, by changing the type.

Transformation of Bilici Yatırım TSKB GYO Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı Ticari İşletmesi to Yarsuvat Turizm Anonim Şirketi and after transformation transfer to Anavarza Otelcilik A.Ş. with all its assets and liabilities as a whole was completed with the Merger document of Adana Chamber of Commerce dated 20.12.2019 and numbered 9647.

	Total Assets	Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Securities Income	Current Year Profit /Loss	Prior Year Profit /Loss	Fair Value
Anavarza Hotelier Corporation	9.851	(2.588)	6.078	16	-	(438)	803	-

10. Information on finance lease receivables (net)

10.a Maturities of investments on finance leases:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	55.977	52.447	36.531	34.243
Between 1- 4 years	104.144	95.058	93.678	85.056
More than 4 years	2.564	2.272	10.759	9.575
Total	162.685	149.777	140.968	128.874

(1) Expected credit loss amounting to TL 22.684 (31 December 2019: TL 22.564) is allocated in "Lease Receivables".

10.b The information on net investments in finance leases:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross investments in finance leases	162.685	140.968
Unearned revenue from finance leases (-)	12.908	12.094
Cancelled finance leases (-)	-	-
Net investments in finance leases	149.777	128.874

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

10. Information on finance lease receivables (net) (continued)

10.c Explanation with respect to finance lease agreements, the criteria used in determination of contingent rents, conditions for revisions or purchase options, updates of leasing amounts and the restrictions imposed by lease arrangements, whether arrays in repayment occur, whether the terms of the contract are renewed, if renewed, the renewal conditions, whether the renewal results any restrictions, and other important conditions of the leasing agreement:

Finance lease agreements are made in accordance with the related articles of the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Company Law No. 6361. There are no restructuring or restrictions having material effect on financial statements.

11. Positive differences on derivative financial assets held for hedging purposes:

There is a positive differences amounting to TL 370.135 related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes (31 December 2019: positive differences amounting to TL 67.884).

As of 31 March 2020, the net fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments carried in the contract amount and the balance sheet are summarized in the following table:

	Current Period			Prior Period		
	Face Value	Asset	Liability	Face Value	Asset	Liability
Interest Rate Swap	18.314.334	235.533	(5.126)	16.520.430	67.884	(16.545)
FC	18.314.334	235.533	(5.126)	16.520.430	67.884	(16.545)
TL	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Swap	3.923.858	134.602	-	-	-	-
FC	3.923.858	134.602	-	-	-	-
TL	-	-	-	-	-	-

11.a Information on fair value hedge accounting:

Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item (*)	Fair Value of Hedging Instrument (1)		Income St Effect (Profit/Loss Through Derivative Financial Instruments)
				Asset	Liability	
Interest Rate Swap Transactions	Fixed Rate Eurobond and Green bond Issued	Interest Rate Risk	(203.058)	195.426	(668)	(8.300)
Interest Rate Swap Transactions	Fixed Rate Loans Used	Interest Rate Risk	(41.490)	41.436	-	(54)
Cross Money Swap Transactions	Fixed Rate Eurobond Issued	Interest Rate Risk	(102.217)	110.475	-	8.258

(1) The fair value of hedged item is presented as net market value less credit risk and accumulated interest.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

11. Positive differences on derivative financial assets held for hedging purposes: (continued)

11.b Information on fair value hedge accounting (continued)

Prior Period				Fair Value of Hedging Instrument (1)		Income St Effect (Profit/Loss Through Derivative Financial Instruments)
Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item (1)	Asset	Liability	
Interest Rate Swap Transactions	Fixed Rate Eurobond and Green bond Issued	Interest Rate Risk	(55.287)	69.815	(13.577)	951
Interest Rate Swap Transactions	Fixed Rate Loans Used	Interest Rate Risk	(5.481)	4.597	-	(884)

(1) The fair value of hedged item is presented as net market value less credit risk and accumulated interest.

12. Information on tangible assets (net)

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

13. Information on intangible assets

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

14. Information on investment properties

In the current period, the Group has three investment properties with a net book value of TL 274.792 (31 December 2019: TL 273.918) belonging to the Parent Bank’s subsidiary operating in the real-estate investment trust sector. Investment properties movement table as of 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2019 is as follows:

Current Period	Opening Balance of Current Period	Additions	Disposals	Change in Fair Value	Closing Balance of Current Period
Tahir Han	36.960	-	-	-	36.960
Pendorya Mall	155.555	1.039	-	-	156.594
Adana Divan Hotel	81.403	-	(165)	-	81.238
Total	273.918	1.039	(165)	-	274.792

Prior Period	Closing Balance of Prior Period	Additions	Disposals	Change in Fair Value	Closing Balance of Prior Period
Tahir Han	28.130	-	-	8.830	36.960
Pendorya Mall	154.155	1.657	-	(257)	155.555
Adana Divan Hotel	65.508	-	(2.121)	18.016	81.403
Total	247.793	1.657	(2.121)	26.589	273.918

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

15. Information on deferred tax assets

15.a Temporary differences, tax losses, exemptions and deductions reflected to balance sheet as deferred tax asset:

The Group has computed deferred tax asset or liability on “temporary differences” arising from carrying values of assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements and their tax bases.

Deferred tax asset:	Current period	Prior period
Loan commissions accrual adjustment	25.007	22.138
Other provisions	168.171	129.195
Employee benefit provision	4.347	3.897
Marketable securities	97.665	2.028
Useful life difference of fixed assets	36	-
Other (1)	35.990	9.179
Total Deferred Tax Asset	331.216	166.437
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Marketable securities	-	(905)
Borrowings commissions accrual adjustment	(19.879)	(14.744)
Valuation of derivative instruments	(261.576)	(104.207)
Useful life difference of fixed assets	-	(846)
Others	(5.810)	(5.805)
Total Deferred Tax Liability	(287.265)	(126.507)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	43.951	39.930

(1) Since the Parent Bank is in financial loss as of the 1st Temporary Tax Period of 2020, a deferred tax asset of TL 13.681 has been created. In the other item, there is also a deferred asset related to hedge accounting amounting to TL 9.128.

	Current period	Prior period
Deferred Tax as of 1 January Asset / (Liability) - Net	39.930	3.844
Deferred Tax (Loss) / Gain	(45.260)	(9.579)
Deferred Tax that is Realized Under Shareholder's Equity	49.281	14.131
Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability) Net	43.951	8.396

15.b Temporary differences over which deferred tax asset are not computed and recorded in the balance sheet in prior periods, if so, their expiry date, losses and tax deductions and exceptions:

There is no temporary differences over which deferred tax asset are not computed and recorded in the balance sheet in prior periods. According to the Tax Procedure Law as of March 31, 2020, financial loss was calculated in the first temporary corporate tax period of 2020 and deferred tax assets of TL 13.338 were created (31 December 2019: None).

15.c Allowance for deferred tax and deferred tax assets from reversal of allowance:

There is no allowance for deferred tax and deferred tax assets from reversal of allowance (31 December 2019: None).

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

16. Explanations on assets held for sale:

	Current period	Prior period
Net book Value at beginnig of the period	64.403	1
Cash Paid for Purchase (*)	-	64.402
Expected Loss (-)	-	-
Net book Value at end of the period	64.403	64.403

The Parent Bank have reached an agreement on restructuring the debts of Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ), the major shareholder of Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Türk Telekom) provided under the loan agreements. It was completed that 192.500.000.000 Class A shares owned by OTAŞ in Türk Telekom, representing 55% of Türk Telekom's issued share capital, which have been pledged as security for the existing loan facilities of OTAŞ, would be taken over by a special purpose vehicle incorporated or to be incorporated in the Republic of Turkey, owned directly or indirectly by the creditors. The Parent Bank has participated in LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. which was established within this context with 1.6172% stake and amounting to TL 64.403. The Parent Bank considered the related investment within the scope of TFRS 5 "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" (31 December 2019: TL 64.403).

17. Information about other assets

17.a Other assets which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total and breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

Other assets do not exceed 10% of total assets, excluding off-balance sheet commitments (31 December 2019: None).

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities:

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits

1.a.1 Maturity structure of deposits:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.a.2 Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.b Information on the scope whether the bank with a foreign head office suits saving deposit insurance of the related country:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.c Saving deposits which are not under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

2. Negative differences table related to derivative financial liabilities:

Derivative Financial Liabilities (1)	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	119.368	14.788	41.025	142
Swap Transactions	69.818	333.809	236.399	181.127
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	18.263	-	9.596
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	189.186	366.860	277.424	190.865

(1) Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes amounting to TL 5.126 (31 December 2019:16.545) were presented at "Derivative Financial Liabilities" line.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosure related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

3. Information on banks and other financial institutions

3.a General information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	5.970	616.140	513.609	673.969
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	119.821	27.689.142	122.030	25.318.717
Total	125.791	28.305.282	635.639	25.992.686

3.b Maturity analysis of funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	5.970	145.636	20.109	132.621
Medium and long-term	119.821	28.159.646	615.530	25.860.065
Total	125.791	28.305.282	635.639	25.992.686

3.c Information about the marketable securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Nominal	198.473	9.212.000	255.000	5.916.000
Cost	198.473	9.162.972	251.520	5.884.485
Book Value	199.077	9.572.562	253.917	6.023.450

As of 22 April 2015, the Bank has performed the issuance of Eurobond with the nominal amount of full USD 350 Million. Interest rate of these debt instruments determined as 5,125% which have the redemption date of 22 April 2020 with fixed interest rate, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

As of 18 May 2016, selling of Greenbond which was issued by the Bank in abroad with nominal value of full USD 300 Million, 5 years maturity and for financing the green and sustainable projects. The return of these bonds which have the redemption date of 18 May 2021 and 5 years maturity is determined as 5,048% and the coupon rate as 4,875%.

As of 16 January 2018, the Bank issued the debt instrument which have nominal value of full USD 350 Million, redemption date of 16 January 2023 with fixed interest rate of 5,608%, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

As of 23 January 2020, the Bank has performed the issuance of Eurobond with the nominal amount of full USD 400 Million. Interest rate of these debt instruments determined as 6% which have the redemption date of 23 January 2025 with fixed interest rate, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş., issued its first lease certificate which was the fund user / resource institution of Palmet Gaz Grup A.Ş. with a maturity of 728 days and with an issue size of 150 million TL in December 2019, and the redemption of this lease certificate will be completed in December 2021.

Later, second certificate issued which was the fund user / resource institution of Altınmarka Gıda Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. with a maturity of 728 days and with an issue size of 300 million TL in March 2020 and the redemption of this certificate will be completed in March 2022.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (continued)

3.d Additional information about the concentrated areas of liabilities:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

4. Other liabilities which exceed 10 % of the balance sheet total and the breakdown of these which constitute at least 20 % of grand total

There are no other liabilities which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2019: None).

5. Explanations on financial lease obligations (net)

5.a Explanations on finance lease payables:

The Group has no finance lease payables (31 December 2019: None).

5.b Explanations regarding operational leases:

As of the reporting date, 1 head office building, 8 branches, 24 cars, and 327 computers of the Group companies are within the context of operational leasing. (31 December 2019: 1 head office building, 8 branches, 24 cars, and 327 computers are subject to operational leasing). In the current period, the Bank has Lease liability amounting to TL 4.795 related to operational lease transactions. (31 December 2019 : TL 4.913)

5.c Explanations on the lessor and lessee in sale and lease back transactions, agreement conditions, and major agreement terms:

The Group has no sale and lease back transactions as of the reporting date (31 December 2019: None).

6. Negative differences table related to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge (1)	-	5.126	-	16.545
Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-
Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-
Total	-	5.126	-	16.545

(1) Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purpose is classified in “Derivative Financial Liabilities” line in the balance sheet.

7. Information on provisions

7.a Foreign exchange losses on the foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables:

As of the reporting date, the Parent Bank has no foreign exchange losses on the foreign currency indexed loans amount (31 December 2019: None).

7.b The specific provisions provided for unindemnified non cash loans:

As of the reporting date, the Bank’s specific provisions provided for unindemnified non cash loans amounts to TL 874 (31 December 2019: TL 838).

The Bank has an expected loss provision amounting to TL 25.797 for non-cash loans (31 December 2019: TL 23.857).

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

7.c Information related to other provisions:

7.c.1 Provisions for possible losses:

Free provision amounting to TL 220.000 provided by the Bank management in the current period for possible results of the circumstances which may arise from possible changes in the economy and market conditions. (31 December 2019: 220.000)

7.c.2 Information on employee termination benefits and unused vacation accrual

The Bank has calculated reserve for employee termination benefits by using actuarial valuations as set out in the TAS 19 and reflected the calculated amount to the financial statements.

As of 31 March 2020, employee termination benefits is amounting TL 14.879 (31 December 2019: TL 14.568) and unused vacation amounting to TL 5.370 (31 December 2019: TL 3.526). is classified under reserve for employee benefits in the financial statements.

7.c.3 If other provisions exceeds 10% of total provisions, the name and amount of sub-accounts:

Other provisions, except to free provisions for possible losses which mentioned at 7.c.1, includes amount to TL 26.671 for general provision for non-cash loans. (31 December 2019: TL 23.857 provision for the risks of loan portfolio).

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

8. Information on tax liability

8.a Information on current tax liability

8.a.1 Information on tax liability:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Corporate Taxes and Deferred Taxes				
Corporate Tax Liability	2.107	-	67.608	-
Deferred Tax Liability	-	-	-	-
Total	2.107	-	67.608	-

8.a.2 Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Taxes Payable	2.107	67.608
Taxation of Securities	1.805	1.583
Capital gains tax on property	-	-
Banking and Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	5.731	7.358
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	-	-
Value Added Tax Payable	878	545
Other	10.150	5.688
Total	20.671	82.782

8.a.3 Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	214	177
Social Security Premiums-Employer	244	203
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	89	58
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	177	115
Other	32	23
Total	756	576

8.b Explanations on deferred taxes liabilities:

As of the reporting date, the Group has no deferred tax liability (31 December 2019: None).

9. Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

10. Explanations on the number of subordinated loans the group used, maturity, interest rate, institution that the loan was borrowed from, and conversion option, if any:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique “Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks”.

11. Information on shareholders’ equity

11.a Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	2.800.000	2.800.000
Preferred Stock	-	-

11.b Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system ceiling is applicable at bank, if so amount of registered share capital:

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	2.800.000	4.500.000

11.c Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in current period:

In line with the decision taken at the Ordinary General Assembly held on 26 March 2020, the Parent Bank does not have any capital increase during the current period. In accordance with the resolution of the General Assembly, it was decided to transfer 2019 profit to the reserves.

In line with the decision taken at the Ordinary General Assembly held on 29 March 2019, the Parent Bank does not have any capital increase during the current period. In accordance with the resolution of the General Assembly, it was decided to transfer 2018 profit to the reserves.

11.d Information on share capital increases from capital reserves:

None (31 December 2019: None).

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

11. Information on shareholders' equity (continued)

11.e Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

The Parent Bank has no capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period (31 December 2019: None).

11.f Indicators of the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The prior period income, the profitability and liquidity of the Parent Bank and their trends in the successive periods are followed by Budget Planning and Investor Relations Department by considering the outcomes of the potential changes in the foreign exchange rate, interest rate and maturity alterations on profitability and liquidity under several different scenario analyses. The Parent Bank operations are profitable and the Parent Bank keeps the major part of its profit by capital increases or capital reserves within the shareholders' equity.

11.g Information on preferred shares:

The Parent Bank has no preferred shares (31 December 2019: None).

11.h Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities Under Common Control	20.886	-	23.469	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	106.233	(196.296)	79.862	(3.357)
Valuation Differences	80.477	(196.296)	59.148	(3.357)
Foreign Exchange Difference	25.756	-	20.714	-
Total	127.119	(196.296)	103.331	(3.357)

11.i Informations on legal reserves:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

11.j Informations on extraordinary reserves:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

12. Informations on minority shares:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

III. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities

1.a Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for Forward Purchase and Sales of Assets	128.961	21.404
Commitments for Money Market Brokerage Purchase and Sales	20.231	73.508
Commitments for Stock Brokerage Purchase and Sales	35.601	345.846
Commitments for Letter of Credit	397.999	434.273
Commitments from Forward Short Term Borrowing and Transfers	-	-
Capital commitments for Subsidiaries and Associates (1)	106.515	96.782
Other	475.019	332.546
Total	1.164.326	1.304.359

(1) It includes the remaining amount of the Parent Bank to commit purchase the shares of the fund as established with the name of Turkish Growth and Innovation Fund – TGIF which is planned to be created by the European Investment Fund – EIF.

1.b Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items including items listed below:

1.b.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, surety and acceptances, financial collaterals and other letters of credits:

As of the reporting date, total letters of credits, surety and acceptance amount to TL 3.517.409 (31 December 2019: TL 2.728.688).

1.b.2 Certain guarantees, tentative guarantees, surety ships and similar transactions:

As of the reporting date, total letters of guarantee is TL 1.750.589 (31 December 2019: TL 1.819.028).

1.c.1 Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash Loans Given Against Achieving Cash Loans	1.739.897	1.816.072
With Maturity of One Year or Less than One Year	236.490	189.403
With Maturity of More than One Year	1.503.407	1.626.669
Other Non-Cash Loans	3.528.101	2.731.644
Total	5.267.998	4.547.716

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

III. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities (continued)

1.c.2 Information on sectoral risk breakdown of non-cash loans:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

1.c.3 Information on non cash loans classified under Group I and Group II:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

2. Information related to derivative financial instruments

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

3. Explanations on loan derivatives and risk exposures

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets

There are 69 legal cases against the Group which are amounting to TL 5.251 as of the reporting date (31 December 2019: TL 5.251 - 69 legal cases).

Tax Audit Committee inspectors made an investigation for the years 2008-2011 about the payments made by the Parent Bank and employees to “Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Munzam Sosyal Güvenlik ve Yardımlaşma Vakfı” (Foundation) established in accordance with the decisions of Turkish Commercial Law and Civil Law as made to all Foundations in the sector. According to this investigation it has been communicated that the amount Parent Bank is obliged to pay is a benefit in the nature of fee for the members of Foundation worked at the time of payment, the amount Foundation members are obliged to pay should not been deducted from the basis of fee; accordingly tax audit report was issued with the claim that it should be taken penalized income tax surcharge / penalized stamp duty deducted from allowance and total amount of TL 17.325 tax penalty notice relating to period in question to Parent Bank relying on this report.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

III. Explanations related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets (continued):

Some of the lawsuits are decided favorable, remaining of lawsuits are decided unfavorable by the tax courts of first instance. On the other hand, appeal and objection have been requested by the Parent Bank against the decision of the Court with respect to the Parent Bank and by the administration against the decision of the Court with respect to the administration and completion of appeal process is waited. The tax and penalty notices related to the decision of the tax court of first instance against the Parent Bank are accrued by administration depending on legal process and as of 31 July 2014 the Parent Bank has made total payments amounting to TL 22.091.

A similar case has been submitted to the Constitutional Court in the form of individual remedies by the main shareholder of the parent Bank in relation to the parent Bank's liabilities to pay, the Constitutional Court gave the decision with court file number 2014/6192. According to court decision published in the Official Gazette dated 21 February 2015 and numbered 29274, the assessments against the Parent Bank was contrary to the principle of legality and the Parent Bank's property rights has been violated. This decision is considered to be a precedent for the Parent Bank and an amount of TL 12.750 corresponding to the portion that the Parent Bank was obliged to pay for the related period is recognized as income in the prior period.

There is a lawsuit for Pendorya Mall of TSKB GYO registered in Pendik, Doğu District, plot 105, map 865, parcel 64 against IBB and Karacan Yapı at Pendik 2nd Court of First Instance Pendorya Mall claiming the road intersects his own property and demanding compensation amounting TL 7. TSKB GYO has been involved in the lawsuit as intervening party.

Relating to immovable property, subject of litigation discovery review and expert reports were submitted to the court file. Objections to the report and statement of TSKB GYO has been given. IBB Presidency has declared that expropriation proceedings related to the subject have been initiated. For this reason, lawsuit was removed from "Possessory Actions" and converted to the "Confiscating without expropriating" by the judge.

Accepting in the new case, the plaintiff claimed compensation from the Administration and in order to determine the amount of compensation the Court decided an expert examination since the information provided by the Land Registry and the Municipality was not deemed sufficient. Expert reports submitted to the Court on 30 May 2013 and the Court decided to add Pendik Municipality as a defendant in the case. At the latest hearing on 24 December 2013 it was decided to accept the expert reports and Pendik Municipality to pay the relevant amount (TL 645) to the plaintiff. The reasoned decision has been notified, the decision which has been appealed by the appellant and the respondent Pendik Municipality has turned deteriorate the Supreme Court decision was a request for the correction requested by the İstanbul Metropolitan Municipality (IMM). The decision has been requested adjustment by IMM and plaintiff Sağlam Satış ve Paz. A.Ş. (Malazlar A.Ş.). Breaking decision of the Supreme Court is expected to evaluate the requests for correction of decision. The Court decided to apply of Supreme Court's decision to dismiss. The notification of reasoned decision is expected.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

III. Explanations related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets (continued):

Beyoğlu Municipality approved the reclaim of TSKB GYO for the Building II which has the location as 1486 map and 76 parcel in Fındıklı in Beyoğlu, Istanbul for the forfeiture because of zoning change. However, Municipality of Beyoğlu sued because of no approbation by Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality, in order to keep rights on the subject.

The court made a decision as no solution for the relevant claim due to Beyoğlu Municipality approved the reclaim. However, there has to be permission by Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality, and Cultural and Natural Heritage Preservation Board for the exact result. That's why, decision was appealed by the company. The Council of State reversed the judgement based on inappropriate zoning plan changes with the decision of 28 March 2014. In addition, a new implementation development plan covering the Fındıklı Building II, which has been canceled by the judicial authorities and which is owned by TSKB GYO, is being prepared by the Municipality of Beyoğlu on December 21, 2010, the 1/1000 Scaled Beyoğlu District Protected Urban Site Protected Development Plan. For this content, TSKB GYO's application were made in writing to the Beyoğlu Municipality on 28 October 2014 in order to plan by taking into account the 1/1000 Scale Implementation Plan which is being prepared by the Municipality of Beyoğlu and the Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality. The court requested the Municipality to ask the plan including the immovable subject to the decision of the Council of State is still in force as a result of the decision of dismissal and that the plan canceled by the court in the letter sent from the Municipality is still valid answered in the form. In the case which was started to discuss again in court; an expert opinion examination was made. The Court has ruled in favor of the Parent Bank by canceling the administrative proceeding. Against decision, within the legal period, Beyoğlu Municipality has applied for the appeal law and it is expected that the file will be sent to Istanbul Regional Administrative Court for examination and, if necessary, for re-trial.

A lawsuit was filed by one of the investors of TSKB GYO on the cancellation of the 5th, 7th and 9th articles decided at the Ordinary General Assembly meeting on 27 April 2018. Although the request for the case was demanded to stop the execution of the 5th and 7th articles, the request for interim injunction requested for the suspension of the execution was rejected and an appeal was filed by the plaintiff. The trial is ongoing.

According to Legal Department of the Bank, it is not expected that the other lawsuits against the Bank will have a significant impact on the financial statements.

5. Custodian and intermediary services

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement

1. Information on interest income

1.a Information on interest on loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest on Loans (1)				
Short Term Loans	24.745	31.789	52.236	27.035
Medium and Long Term Loans	90.785	421.816	98.291	382.441
Interest on Non-performing Loans	1.066	449	6	7.256
Premiums received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	116.596	454.054	150.533	416.732

(1) Commission income from loans has been included to the interest on loans.

1.b Information on interest received from banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of Turkey (1)	-	-	2.225	-
Domestic Banks	1.819	1.828	2.141	10.187
Foreign Banks	220	3.375	109	1.079
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	2.039	5.203	4.475	11.266

(1) Interests given to the Turkish Lira and US Dollar portion of the CBRT Required Reserves, reserve options and unrestricted accounts have been presented under "The Central Bank of Turkey" line in the financial statements.

1.c Information on interest received from marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss	522	-	636	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	83.341	28.626	92.701	14.612
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	78.929	1.564	64.964	6.743
Total	162.792	30.190	158.301	21.355

As indicated in accounting policies, the Parent Bank evaluate its Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) government bonds which are in securities portfolio of the Parent Bank base on reference index at date of issue and estimated CPI's. The estimated CPI's is updated when it seems necessary. As of 31 March 2020 the valuation of these securities has been calculated by using the estimated annual inflation rate 10,72%.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

1. Information on interest income (continued)

1.d Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Received from Associates and Subsidiaries and Commission Income	4.577	4.082

2. Information on interest expense

2.a Information on interest on funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	7.724	35.708	16.981	22.050
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	5.077	6.195	14.410	5.174
Foreign Banks	2.647	29.513	2.571	16.876
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	697	120.659	689	130.673
Total (1)	8.421	156.367	17.670	152.723

(1) Commissions given to the Banks and Other Institutions are presented under interest expense.

2.b Information on interest expenses to associates and subsidiaries:

There is no interest expense to its associates and subsidiaries (31 December 2019: None).

2.c Information on interest expense to securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest on securities issued (1)	-	165.757	-	141.412

(1) Commissions given to issuance have been included to interest expense.

3. Information on dividend income

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

4. Information on net trading income (net)

	Current period	Prior period
Profit	1.485.941	1.052.348
Gains on capital market operations	736	1.007
Gains on derivative financial instruments (1)	1.280.196	646.040
Foreign exchange gains	205.009	405.301
Losses (-)	1.496.635	1.131.667
Losses on capital market operations	1.244	517
Losses on derivative financial instruments (1)	1.116.885	539.656
Foreign exchange losses	378.506	591.494

(1) Foreign exchange gain from derivative transactions amounting to TL 523.060 is presented in "Gains on derivative financial instruments" (31 March 2019: TL 341.444), foreign exchange loss from derivative transactions amounting to TL (380.542) is presented in "Losses on derivative financial instruments" (31 March 2019: TL (231.732)).

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

5. Information related to other operating income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions Released	29	20.758
Gains on Sale of Assets	59	164
From Associate and Subsidiary Sales	-	-
From Immovable Fixed Asset Sales	-	106
From Property Sales	59	-
From Other Asset Sales	-	58
Other	9.470	3.275
Total	9.558	24.197

6. Provision expenses related to loans and other receivables of the Group

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	175.492	135.949
12 Months Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1)	69.934	2.406
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	67.003	116.989
Non-performing Loans (Stage 3)	38.555	16.554
Marketable Securities Impairment Expenses	48.460	14.986
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	40.833	11.052
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive	7.627	3.934
Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture)	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture)	-	-
Other (1)	-	20.000
Total	223.952	170.935

(1) Contains free provision addition in current period. It is included in other provision expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

7. Information related to other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	363	459
Bank Social Aid Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Fixed Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Fixed Assets	4.798	1.223
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	-
Impairment Expense of Goodwill	-	-
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	582	463
Impairment on Subsidiaries Accounted for Under Equity Method	-	-
Impairment on Assets for Resale	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Assets Held for Resale	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	10.835	9.082
Rent Expenses	213	932
Maintenance Expenses	692	481
Advertisement Expenses	310	161
Other Expenses	9.620	7.508
Loss on Sales of Assets	-	-
Other (1)	19.440	9.859
Total	36.018	21.086

(1) It contains tax and duty expenses except corporate tax amounting to TL 2.385, vacation liability expenses amounting to TL 1.843. (31 March 2019: It contains vacation liability expenses amounting to TL 1.662)

8. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

As of 31 March 2020 profit before tax of the Group has decreased by 11,46% as compared to the prior period (31 March 2019: 11,6 decrease). In comparison with the prior period, the Group's net interest income has decreased by 9,09% (31 March 2019: 59,89% increase).

9. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

9.a Information on current tax charge or benefit and deferred tax charge or benefit:

The Group's current tax charge for the period is TL 2.134 (31 March 2019: TL 44.551). Deferred tax charge is TL 45.260 (31 March 2019: TL 9.579 deferred tax charge).

9.b Information related to deferred tax benefit or charge on temporary differences:

Deferred tax charge calculated on temporary differences is TL 45.260 (31 March 2019: TL 9.579 deferred tax charge)

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

9. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations (continued)

9.c Information related to deferred tax benefit / charge on temporary differences, losses, tax deductions and exceptions:

According to the Tax Procedure Law as of March 31, 2020, financial loss was calculated in the first temporary corporate tax period of 2020 and deferred tax assets of TL 13.338 were created (31 December 2019: None).

10. Explanations on net profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations

The Group is increased the net profit by 11,14% for the period ended 31 March 2020 compared to prior period.

11. Information on net profit/loss

11.a The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operation is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period:

The Group has generated TL 788.893 of interest income, TL 339.203 of interest expenses, TL 36.403 of net fee and commission income from banking operations (31 March 2019: TL 881.873 interest income, TL 387.193 interest expenses, TL 15.770 net fee and commission income).

11.b The effect of the change in accounting estimates to the net profit/loss; including the effects to the future period, if any:

There are no changes in the accounting estimates (31 March 2019: None).

11.c Minority share of profit and loss:

The current year loss attributable to minority shares is TL 2.082 (31 March 2019: TL 1.226 loss). The total shareholders' equity, including current year profit attributable to minority shares is TL 34.602 (31 March 2019: TL 33.665).

12. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total, accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items are shown below

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gains on Other Fees and Commissions		
Gains on Brokerage Commissions	15.121	9.154
Commissions from Initial Public Offering	476	43
Investment Fund Management Income	1.050	627
Other	9.597	3.714
Total	26.244	13.538

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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

V. Explanations on the risk group of the Parent Bank

1. Information on the volume of transactions related to the Parent Bank's own risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and income and expenses of the period

1.a Current period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Factors in Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	545.560	27.938	118.394	-	39.529	-
Balance at the end of the period	522.270	50.067	265.391	-	37.906	-
Interest and commission income received	4.434	143	2.117	-	596	-

1.b Prior period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Factors in Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	437.232	262	102.776	-	59.858	-
Balance at the end of the period	545.560	27.938	118.394	-	39.529	-
Interest and commission income received	4.082	218	1.817	-	1.056	-

1.c Information on deposit held by Parent Bank's own risk group:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

2. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with related parties

Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank		Other Factors in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Transactions						
Beginning of the Period	-	364.732	-	-	-	131.758
End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	(15.920)	(19.671)	-	-	(915)	(1.203)
Hedging Risk Transactions						
Beginning of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

3.

Total salaries and similar benefits provided to the key management personnel

Benefits provided to key management personnel in the current period amount to TL 7.279

(31 March 2019: TL 7.646).

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

VI. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events:

The redemption of the debt instrument issuance of the Bank with the nominal amount of USD 350.000.000 and 5 years maturity has occurred on 22 April 2020.

SECTION SIX

AUDITORS' LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the auditors' limited review report

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2020 have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (A Member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and Auditors' Report dated 30 April 2020 is presented in the introduction of this report.

II. Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditors

There are no other explanations and notes not expressed in sections above related with the Group's operation.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities

GENERAL INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Name and Surname	Position	Term	Independent Member	Committees and Roles
Hakkı Ersin Özince	Chairman	2018-2021	No	-
Mehmet Şencan	Vice Chairman	2018-2021	Yes*	Chair of Audit Committee, Member of Credit Revision Committee
Yavuz Canevi	Board Member	2018-2021	No	-
Mithat Rende	Board Member	2018-2021	Yes	Member of Sustainability Committee
Zeynep Hansu Uçar	Board Member	2018-2021	No	Member of Corporate Governance Committee, Member of Remuneration Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee
Ahmet Hakan Ünal	Board Member	2018-2021	No	Member of Credit Revision Committee
Abdi Serdar Üstünsalih	Board Member	2019-2021	No	-
Gamze Yalçın	Board Member	2019-2021	Yes*	Member of Audit Committee, Chair of Corporate Governance Committee, Chair of Remuneration Committee
Hüseyin Yalçın	Board Member	2018-2021	No	-
Can Yücel	Board Member	2018-2021	No	Member of Credit Revision Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee

* Considered as an independent member pursuant to the Corporate Governance Communique by the CMB for being a Member of the Audit Committee.

Changes in Board of Directors during the period

There has been no change in the Bank's Board of Directors within first quarter.

Mr. Suat İnce resigned from his post as Bank's Board Member and Chief Executive Officer due to retirement on 3 April 2020. TSKB's Executive Vice President Ms. Ece Börü has been appointed as Deputy Chief Executive Officer.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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Information on the Bank's Board Meetings

The Board of Directors issued 13 decisions in the period between 1 January 2020 – 31 March 2020. Board Members attended the meetings at a satisfactory level.

Senior Management and Directors

Name and Surname	Position
Ece Börü	Deputy CEO
Meral Murathan	Executive Vice President - Financial Institutions and Investor Relations, Development Finance Institutions
Aslı Zerrin Hancı	Executive Vice President - Treasury, Treasury & Capital Markets Operations, Loan Operations
Hasan Hepkaya	Executive Vice President - Corporate Banking Marketing, Corporate Banking Sales, Project Finance, Corporate Communication
Ece Börü	Executive Vice President – Loan Allotment, Loan Monitoring, Loan Analysis, Financial Control, Budget and Planning
Hakan Aygen	Executive Vice President - Corporate Finance, Economic Research, Engineering and Technical Advisory, Financial Advisory, Business Development & Advisory Management Office
H. Yetkin Kesler	Executive Vice President - Human Resources, Enterprise Architecture and Process Management, Pension and Assistance Funds, Corporate Compliance
B. Gökhan Çanakpınar	Executive Vice President - Application Development, System Support and Operation, Building Management and Administrative Affairs,
A. Ferit Eraslan	Executive Vice President - Board of Internal Auditors, Internal Control, Risk Management

Changes in Senior Management and Directors

There has been no change in the Bank's Senior Management and Directors within first quarter.

Mr. Suat İnce resigned from his post as Bank's Board Member and Chief Executive Officer due to retirement on 3 April 2020. TSKB's Executive Vice President Ms. Ece Börü has been appointed as Deputy Chief Executive Officer.

TÜRKİYE SİNAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

ASSESSMENTS OF THE CHAIRMAN FOR THE PERIOD

The Coronavirus outbreak that started in China at the end of 2019 spread to the whole world soon, growing into a global threat. The impact of the outbreak on capital flows, foreign trade and commodity prices is closely monitored. The downward ratings we started receiving from the IMF, World Bank, IIF and rating agencies indicates that our growth outlook has weakened.

Competent authorities around the world are taking measures to alleviate the pressure on, and fluctuations in, the economy resulting from this process. We are witnessing both developed and developing countries' central banks taking expansionary steps. The Central Bank of our country also continues decreasing policy rate starting from the second half of 2019, in line with its objectives to support financial stability and ensure price stability.

All players of the economy sector, including particularly the players of the banking sector, have important roles to play during these challenging times. Thus, I believe that the incentive programs initiated, and relief measures taken, by competent authorities have proven useful. I hope that our country will soon get over this process in a very disciplined manner.

We observe that our banking industry, which started 2020 with a strong capital structure, makes efforts for managing this process in the most effective manner possible. Driven by the recovery observed in loan demand, the currency-adjusted loan growth of the sector has been recorded at 5%. No significant change has been observed yet in the asset quality of the sector, which completed a vast majority of the restructurings. The rate of non-performing loans, which was 5,4% as of the end of 2019, improved slightly, and completed the first quarter of 2020 at 5%.

In these challenging times where we believe the difference between development and growth will be understood further, TSKB has important roles to play because of its mission as a development bank. As our Bank has done in the last 70 years, it will continue its efforts for the sustainable and inclusive development of Turkish economy with its activities in all business segments. Thanks to its knowledge and experience, TSKB will continue guiding the country investment policies and customers also in future and supporting our country's, and when necessary our region's, investments with appropriate financing products.

Yours Sincerely,

Chairman of the Board

H. Ersin Özince

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ASSESSMENTS OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE PERIOD

We started observing signs of a strong recovery in Turkish economy in particularly the first two months of the year. The significant improvement recorded in the industrial production and PMI data of January and February compared to the previous months supports this outlook. However, COVID-19, which affected many countries in the first quarter, moved to the top of the agenda of Turkey in March, and did not only threaten public health, but also had an impact on the country economy. We believe that this outbreak will soon be history with the least damage possible and we will quickly progress towards normalization upon carefully implementing the economic and social measures taken.

I would like to highlight that TSKB has implemented its measures very fast in line with its sustainability and business continuity approach. We take maximum care for the health of our employees, the most important asset in our human capital. A vast majority of our employees works from home. We carry out our operations smoothly thanks to our technological infrastructure, and continue to add value to our customers with our extensive product and service portfolio.

Starting 2020 with a strong capital structure and liquidity, our Bank has had significant achievements in the first quarter. TSKB has undersigned the first Eurobond issuance of 2020 in January. Our fixed-interest Eurobond issuance worth of USD 400 million with a maturity of 5 years was more than 10 times oversubscribed. This issue, which was distributed over a very extensive geographical area, supported our liquidity, and gave us the opportunity to meet many investors from various countries including mainly the US, allowing us to expand our investor base even further.

In terms of the new loans we extended in line with our corporate banking activities, climate change financing continued to maintain its outstanding position in the first quarter. On the other hand, we also continue adding value to our customers with our ever-increasing and diversifying projects in our business segments of investment banking and consultancy, in which we have completed a significant organizational restructuring process and made the required investments. We have successfully completed two financial consultancy projects for seller party in the first quarter. In addition, we created a roadmap for companies which have to work on the field and carry out production activities during the Coronavirus outbreak affecting the entire world. We shared this roadmap with the public with a sense of social responsibility.

As a result of these activities, the financial results we achieved in the first quarter were consistent with our year-end guidance. The total asset size of our bank increased by 12,8% in the first quarter, reaching TL 47,7 billion. Gross cash loans increased by 9%, reaching TL 34,5 billion in the same period.

The profit before provisions and taxes we have derived in the first quarter stood at TL 421,7 million. Our net profit for the period stood at TL 150,3 million. Therefore, we completed the first quarter with a return on tangible equity of 12,4% and a capital adequacy ratio of 17,1%.

As TSKB, we will continue our strong and multi-faceted contribution to the economy and development in these challenging times as we have done so far. We will make use of our capital components in the best manner possible, and continue to add value to our customers and country. I sincerely hope that we will leave this outbreak process behind with a sense of unity and solidarity.

Yours Sincerely,

Deputy General Manager

Ece Börü

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ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS DURING THE INTERIM PERIOD

Economic Developments in the First Quarter of 2020

Seasonally and calendar adjusted GDP grew by 1,9% in the fourth quarter of 2019 compared to the previous period, and the annual growth rate of GDP was recorded at 6,0%. Thus, GDP exceeded 0,5%, the anticipated rate under the New Economy Program ("NEP"), and grew by 0,9% in 2019 in general. GDP which stood at USD 789 billion and 43 million in 2018, decreased to USD 753 billion 693 million in 2019 in general, and GDP per person fell to USD 9,127 from USD 9,693.

The initial data indicate that the recovery trend observed in economic activities in the first two months of the year still continues. While the industrial production of January and February reached an annual average growth rate of 7%, the annual real growth rate of retail sales was 9,5%. With the global Covid-19 outbreak affecting also our country, economic activities started to lose momentum in March. Even though data relating to March indicate a limited decrease in consumer confidence index, a sharp decrease was observed in real sector confidence index and manufacturing industry purchasing managers index (PMI). Seasonally adjusted data reveal that the real sector confidence index, which was 106,7 in February, decreased to 98,6 in March, while manufacturing industry PMI fell to 48,1 from 52,4.

The inflation rates increasing in January and February because of base effect fell in March. General annual CPI inflation rate, which was 11,84% by the end of 2019, increased to 12,15% and 12,37% in January and February, respectively, and fell back to 11,86 in March. Besides, annual PPI inflation rate that completed 2019 at 7,36%, increased to 8,84% and 9,26 in January and February, respectively. It fell back to 8,50% again in March. This was due to the decrease in crude oil prices and the resulting energy group price decreases recorded despite the increasing trend in foreign exchange rates.

While the weakening in foreign demand was at a notable level in the first quarter, the domestic demand maintained its position, resulting in an increase in foreign demand deficit. The data of the Ministry of Trade reveal that General Trade System-compliant exports shrank by 3,9% in January-March 2020 year-on-year, while imports increased by 10,28%. In this case, foreign trade deficit that was USD 5,9 billion in the January-March 2019 period increased to USD 12,9 billion. Despite the expansion in foreign trade deficit, the increases in current deficit remain relatively low because of the increases recorded in the service sector in the first two months. Current deficit, which stayed at USD 297 million in January-February 2019, reached USD 2,8 billion in January-February 2020 with an increase of USD 2,5 billion.

The central administration budget of the first two months of 2020 reflects the impact of the recovery observed in domestic demand. While the central administration budget revenues increased by 22,9% in January-February 2020 year-on-year, the increases in total revenues reached 27,1%. While non-interest expenses increased by only 8,9% on an annual basis, the annual increase in total expenses was recorded at 10,6%. Thus, the primary surplus increased to TL 41 billion from TL 10,3 billion recorded in January-February 2019. The total budget balance turned from a deficit of TL 11,7 billion to a surplus of TL 14,1 billion in the same period.

In parallel to the modest inflation dynamics and global trends, Turkish Central Bank continued its interest rate reduction also in the first quarter of 2020 following the front-end loading interest rate cuts in 2019. Turkish Central Bank, which decreased interest rate by 75 base points in its January meeting, made another deduction of 50 base points in its February meeting, decreasing the policy interest rate to 10,75%. Following the developments in March, Turkish Central Bank decreased the policy interest rate further by 100 base points, decreasing it to 9,75%. In addition, the Central Bank took TL and foreign currency liquidity measures in order to restrict the economic impact of Covid-19 and strengthen financial stability. In addition, BRSA introduced relief flexibilities for this period as regards capital adequacy ratio, liquidity ratio and asset quality.

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Markets

In the first quarter of 2020, the global financial markets were impacted by the Covid-19 outbreak which started in China at the end of 2019 and then turned into a pandemic. The outbreak started to have an adverse impact on the global economy, and the Federal Reserve Bank decreased the policy interest rate by 150 base points to 0,00%-0,25% range. The FED took liquidity measures amounting to USD 2,3 trillion in order to support liquidity conditions, and announced a new open-ended program of treasury bond and mortgage backed securities purchases. Even if European Central Bank has not changed its monetary policy interest rates, it has taken monetary expansion steps which will reach EUR 1,3 trillion until the end of 2020 with additional steps. In addition to the measures aiming to prevent the spread of the outbreak, the tightening financial conditions weakened the global growth outlook, and IMF revised its GDP growth forecast for 2020 from growth of 3,3% to contraction of 3,0%.

Even if the monetary and fiscal policy measures taken in developed economies helped curb risk aversion globally to an extent, a risk aversion trend was observed throughout the first quarter in global markets, which started 2020 with a cautiously optimistic approach. In parallel to the global trends observed in the first quarter, Borsa Istanbul 100 and 30 indices fell by 21,7% and 23,1%, respectively in this environment. The banking sector index experienced a decrease of 26,6% in the same period. While USD/TL rate increased by 11,1% in the first quarter, the EUR/TL rate increased by 9,4%. The compound interest rate of the 2-year benchmark bond followed a fluctuating course in the first quarter in general, staying within the 9,96%-12,41% range.

Banking Sector

While the FX-adjusted loans grew by 5,1% on a currency-basket basis in the first quarter of 2020, the increase in deposits, the principal funding source of the sector, was recorded at 3,8%. While corporate loans grew by 4,9% in the first quarter, the rate of increase in personal loans reached 7,6% with the impact of general-purpose loans. No significant change was observed in 2019 in SME loans, which had a share of 30% and 23% in corporate loans and total loans, respectively. As a result, SME loans increased by 5,7% in the first quarter of 2020. Non-SME corporate loans increased by net 4,5% with the impact of TL loans that grew by 13,7% and FX loans decreasing by 1,1%. The loan growing speed of the last one year recorded as of the end of March reveals that loan growth rate increased from 7% to 9% according to the results of the first quarter of 2019.

The deposit increase rate of the sector was recorded as 3,8% in the first quarter of the year, while TL deposits and FX deposits increased by 6,1% and 1,6%, respectively. An examination of the last one year reveals that TL deposit growth increased from 20% in 2019 to 30%, while the increase in FX deposits fell from 16% to 5%. While the increase in deposits recorded in 2019 was mainly the result of individual deposits accumulated, the increase in deposits recorded in the first quarter of 2020 was driven by the increase in the deposits of public and other institutions together with the retail and commercial deposits.

The easing of the sector's loan/deposits ratio recorded in 2019 is observed to have slowed down in 2020 with the deposit increase staying lower than loan growth. The loan/deposit ratio that fell to 106% for the whole sector as of the end of 2019 followed a flat trend in the first quarter of 2020.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTIONS

The Bank's Ordinary General Assembly Meeting was held at the Headquarters on 26 March 2020.

The 2019 Ordinary General Assembly Meeting was held with the participation of 20.914.450.757 shares corresponding to a total share capital of TL 2.091.445.075,705 out of 280.000.000.000 shares corresponding to the Bank's total share capital of TL 2.800.000.000 while 170.756.807.248 shares corresponding to a share capital of TL 1.707.568.072,488 were represented physically and 38.387.700.321 shares corresponding to a share capital of TL 383.877.003,217 were represented in the electronic environment. The participation rate was 75%.

The agenda items discussed and approved by the shareholders during the meeting are as follows:

- Chairing Committee of the Meeting was founded as required under the Bank's Articles of Association. It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the Meeting's Chairing Committee be authorized for the execution of meeting minutes.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the Bank's Annual Report of the Board of Directors and Independent Audit Report related to its accounts and transactions in 2019 be read out and discussed.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the Bank's 2019 balance sheet and profit-loss account be examined, negotiated, and approved.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that Mehmet Emin Özcan and Ebru Özsuca who resigned from their Member of the Board positions be replaced by Abdi Serdar Üstünsalih and Gamze Yalçın, respectively.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the Board Members be released of their obligations.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the profit be added to the shareholders' equity in line with our Dividend Distribution Policy considering the developments in our country and the world, the Bank's long-term growth objectives and the need to maintain the strong position of shareholder's equity, as well as the assessments made by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency on our sector. The General Assembly was provided with information on the bonus payments made to the employees in 2019, as well as those required to be made in 2020.
- The remuneration to be paid to the Members of the Board has been approved with majority of the votes.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that the Independent Auditing Company be chosen.
- The General Assembly was informed on the donations made within the year. In addition, the upper limit of the donations to be made in 2020 has been approved with majority of the votes.
- It has been accepted with majority of the votes that Board Members be authorized to perform the transactions listed in Articles 395 and 396 of the Turkish Commercial Code.
- The General Assembly has also been informed on the transactions set forth in Article 1.3.6 of the Capital Market Board's Series II-17.1 Corporate Governance Communiqué.

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SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

HIGHLIGHTS FROM THE BANK'S OPERATIONS DURING THE INTERIM PERIOD

On 16 January 2020, TSKB performed the first Eurobond issue of the Turkish banking sector in 2020 in the international capital markets. The global demand for fixed-interest Eurobond issue worth USD 400 million with a term of 5 years was 10 times more than the amount of the issue.

The Bank not only continued its corporate banking activities focusing on climate change financing and inclusion in the first quarter, but also played an active role in the field of advisory services and investment banking. TSKB successfully completed two financial consultancy projects for the seller party. In addition, we have achieved a first in March, and acted as intermediary for the issuance of the food sector's first lease certificate.

Developments Regarding the Bank's Corporate Governance Operations

The Bank's "Corporate Governance Compliance Report" and "Corporate Governance Information Forms" were published on the Public Disclosure Form on 2 March 2020. These reports are available at <https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/823664> and <https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/823667>.

2019 Integrated Annual Report, which includes information on the performance of TSKB in 2019 and the Annual Report of the Board of Directors for the 1 January - 31 December 2019 period, was also published on the Public Disclosure Platform on the same date. This report was drafted in accordance with the International Integrated Reporting Framework and the Core Option of the GRI Reporting Guidelines published by the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI). Financial information was subjected to independent audit, and limited assurance service was received for non-financial data. The report is available at <https://www.kap.org.tr/en/Bildirim/823662>.

FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENTS DURING THE INTERIM PERIOD

The summary of the Bank's key financial indicators as of 31 March 2020 is as follows:

While the total asset size increased by 15,9% year-on-year and by 12,8% compared to the end of 2019, reaching TL 47,7 billion.

The total loan portfolio reached TL 34,5 billion as of the end of March with an increase of 16,3% year-on-year and 9,0% compared to the year-end. The share of the loans in assets was 72,4%. The share of non-performing loans in total loans was 3,4% as of the end of March.

While shareholder's equity increased by 20% year-on-year, it decreased by 0,45% compared to the end of 2019, reaching TL 5,2 billion. The capital adequacy ratio recorded as 17,4% at the end of 2019 fell to %17,1 by the end of March.

Net interest income fell by 9,1% in the first quarter of 2020 reaching TL 449,7 million, whereas fee and commission income increased by 130,8%, reaching TL 36,4 million. The cost-income ratio, which was recorded as 13,1% in 2019, reached to 16,8% in the first quarter of 2020.

Net profit fell by 11,1% in the first quarter year-on-year, reaching TL 150,3 million.

The Return on Tangible Equity (excluding MtM valuations of FVOCI portfolio), which was recorded as 16,7% in 2019, fell to 12,4% in the first quarter of 2020.

The return on assets, which was recorded as 1,8% at the end of 2019, fell to 1,3% in the first quarter of 2020

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RISK MANAGEMENT

TSKB Risk Management Policies and implementation principles governing these policies comprise the written standards defined by the Board of Directors and enforced by the Bank's senior management.

In line with TSKB's Risk Management Policies, the main risks exposed by the Bank have been identified as credit risks, asset-liability management risk (market risk, structural interest rate risk, liquidity risk) and operational risk. A Risk Management Department has been established within the Bank to ensure compliance with said risk policies and the codes of practice pertaining thereto, and manage the risks the Bank is exposed to in accordance with these policies.

TSKB Risk Management Department actively participates in all processes related to the management of risks, and regularly reports to the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, senior management, and the relevant departments of the Bank. The roles, responsibilities and structure of the Department have been set forth in the Regulation on Risk Management Department.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Explanations related to the developments that had a significant impact on the banking activities in the relevant period are provided above. Please see our 2019 annual integrated report available at the following address for further details:

<http://www.tskb.com.tr/en/investor-relations/financial-information?year=2019>