Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Subsidiaries

Publicly announced consolidated financial statements and related disclosures at June 30, 2022 together with auditor's review report and interim activity report

(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section Three)



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Convenience translation of the independent auditor's review report originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three)

Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Consolidated Interim Financial Information

To the Board of Directors of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated financial subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") at June 30, 2022 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the six-month period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation (together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Basis of Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Section Five II.7 Explanations and Disclosures Related to the Liabilities of Balance Sheet, the accompanying consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2022 include a free provision at an amount of TL 440,000 thousands provided in prior years and TL 280,000 allocated in the current period, totaling TL 720,000 by the Bank management for the possible effects of the negative circumstances which may arise from the possible changes in the economy and market conditions which does not meet the recognition criteria of TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".



Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the effect of the matter referred in the basis of qualified conclusion paragraph on the consolidated financial statements, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the financial position of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. at June 30, 2022 and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six-month-period then ended in all aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, are not consistent with the reviewed interim financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, there are differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including non application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies. The effect of such differences have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

A mer per firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Fatma Fbru Yücel SMMM Partner

1 August 2022 İstanbul, Türkiye



THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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The consolidated financial report for the six months includes the following sections in accordance with "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Explanation and Notes that will be made Publicly Announced" as sanctioned by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE CORRESPONDING ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP WHICH IS UNDER CONSOLIDATION
- EXPLANATORY DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM REPORT

The subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, whose financial statements are consolidated within the framework of the reporting package, are as follows:

Subsidiaries

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

Associates

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. İş Faktoring A.Ş.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and the explanatory footnotes and disclosures for the six months, unless otherwise indicated, are prepared in **thousands of Turkish Lira** ("TL"), in accordance with the Communiqué on Bank's Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, related communiqués and the Bank's records, and have been independently reviewed and presented as attached.

01 August 2022

Adnan BALİ

Chairman of Board of Directors

Member of

Board of Directors and General Manager

- E-' EDAGLAN

Executive Vice President In Charge of Financial

Reporting

Director

Tolga SE

In Charge of Financial

Reporting

Gamze YALÇIN

Chairman of Audit Committee

Bahattin ÖZARSLANTÜRK

Member of Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge for addressing questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname / Title : Tolga Sert / Director In Charge of Financial Reporting

Telephone Number : (0212) 334 51 97

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(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. The Parent Bank's incorporation date, beginning status, changes in the existing status

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. ("The Parent Bank") was established in accordance with the decision of President of the Republic of Turkey numbered 3/11203 on 12 May 1950. This decision was declared by T.R. Office of Prime Ministry Procedures Directorate Decision Management on 12 May 1950.

According to the classification set out in the Banking Law No: 5411, the status of the Parent Bank is "Development and Investment Bank". The Parent Bank does not have the license of "Accepting Deposit". Since the establishment date of the Parent Bank, there is no change in its "Development and Investment Bank" status.

II. Explanations regarding the Parent Bank's shareholding structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the managing and controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling group of the Parent Bank

Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. has the authority of managing and controlling power of the Parent Bank directly or indirectly, alone or together with other shareholders. Shareholders of the Parent Bank are as follows:

Current Period	Share	Shareholding	Paid in	Unpaid
Name Surname/Commercial Title	Capital	Rate (%)	Capital	Capital
T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Group	1.438.280	51,37	1.438.280	-
T. Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	234.570	8,38	234.570	-
Under Custody at Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu				
(Other Institutions and Individuals)	1.127.150	40,25	1.127.150	-
Total	2.800.000	100,00	2.800.000	_

Prior Period Name Surname/Commercial Title	Share Capital	Shareholding Rate (%)	Paid in Capital	Unpaid Capital
T. İş Bankası A.Ş. Group	1.438.280	51 37	1.438.280	_
T. Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	234.570	8,38	234.570	-
Under Custody at Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu (Other Institutions and Individuals)	1.127.150	40,25	1.127.150	_
Total	2.800.000	100,00	2.800.000	_

The Parent Bank shares are traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange ("BIST") since 26 December 1986. The Parent Bank's 51,37% of the shares belongs to İş Bank Group and 40,92% of these shares are in free floating and traded in BIST Star Market with "TSKB" ticker.

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

III. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares and responsibilities in the Parent Bank

The Chairman and The Members of Board of Directors:

Name Surname	Title (1)
Adnan Bali	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Ece Börü (3)	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors
Murat Bilgiç (2)	Member of the Board of Directors and Genaral Manager
Gamze Yalçın (3)	Independent Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of Audit Committee
Bahattin Özarslantürk	Independent Member of the Board of Directors and Member of Audit Committee
Mithat Rende	Independent Member of the Board of Directors
Murat Doğan	Member of the Board of Directors
Celal Caner Yıldız (4)	Member of the Board of Directors
Abdi Serdar Üstünsalih	Member of the Board of Directors
Hüseyin Yalçın	Member of the Board of Directors
Cengiz Yavilioğlu	Member of the Board of Directors

General Manager and Vice Presidents

Name Surname	Title / Area of Responsibility
Murat Bilgiç (2)	General Manager
Hakan Aygen	Executive Vice President - Engineering, Credit Analysis, Credit Allocation, Specialized Loans
A. Ferit Eraslan	Executive Vice President – Financial Control, Budget Planning, Corporate Compliance, Credit Operations, Treasury and Capital Market Operations
Hasan Hepkaya	Executive Vice President – Consulting Services Sales, Corporate Banking Sales, Project Finance, Economic Research, Financial and Technical Consulting, Corporate Banking Marketing
Meral Murathan	Executive Vice President – Treasury, Financial Institutions and Investor Relations, Development Finance Institutions, Credit Monitoring, Corporate Communications
Engin Topaloğlu	Executive Vice President – Board of Inspectors, Risk Management, Internal Control
Özlem Bağdatlı (5)	Executive Vice President – Human Resources, Legal Affairs, Retirement and Supplementary Foundations
Mustafa Bilinç Tanağardı (5)	Executive Vice President – Application Development, System Support and Operation, Enterprise Architecture and Process Management
Poyraz Koğacıoğlu (5)	Executive Vice President – Corporate Finance

⁽¹⁾ The shares of above directors in the Parent Bank are symbolic.

- (4) Board Member Mr. Ozan Uyar resigned from his post. At the Bank's Board of Directors meeting dated April 7, 2022, Mr. Celal Caner Yıldız was chosen.
- (5) At our Bank's Board of Directors meeting dated April 28, 2022; Mr. M. BilinçTanağardı, Mrs. Özlem Bağdatlı and Mr. Poyraz Koğacıoğlu. have been decided to appoint as Executive Vice President.
- (6) Our Bank's Deputy General Manager Mrs. Aslı Zerrin Hancı left her job on April 30, 2022 due to retirement.

According to the regulations on auditing in Articles 397-406 of the Turkish Commercial Code numbered 6102, Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci ve Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. has been elected as the independent auditor for the year 2022 in the General Assembly Meeting held on 29 March 2022.

⁽²⁾ Member of the Board of Directors and General Manager of the Bank, Mrs. Ece Börü resigned from the General Manager position as of April 6, 2022. With the Board of Directors Decision dated as of March 25, 2022, Mr. Murat Bilgiç was appointed as the General Manager and started his duty as of 7 April 2022.

⁽³⁾ Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors, Independent Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Mahmut Magemizoğlu resigned from his post. At the Bank's Board of Directors meeting dated April 7, 2022, the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors was vacant, within the framework of Article 363 of the Turkish Commercial Code, Mr. Ece Börü was appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee within the framework of Article 363 of the Turkish Commercial Code. It was decided to elect Gamze Yalçın.

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

IV. Information about the persons and institutions that have qualified shares in the Parent Bank

Explanation about the people and institutions that have qualified shares control the Parent Bank's capital directly or indirectly are described in General Information Section II.

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's functions and areas of activity

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is the first private development and investment bank which was established by the Council of Ministers resolution number of 3/11203 established in 1950 with the support of World Bank, Government of Republic of Turkey, Central Bank of Republic of Turkey and commercial banks. As per the articles of association published in the Official Gazette on 2 June 1950, the aim of the Parent Bank is to support all private sector investments but mostly industrial sectors, to help domestic and foreign capital owners to finance the new firms and to help the improvement of Turkish capital markets. The Parent Bank is succeeding its aims by financing, consulting, giving technical support and financial intermediary services. The Parent Bank, which operates as a non-deposit accepting bank, played a major role on manufacturing and finance sectors in every phase of the economic development of Turkey. The Parent Bank started its journey in 1950 financing the private sector investments in Turkey and today it provides loans and project finance with the goal of sustainable development to corporations in different fields. As a leader in meeting the long term financing needs of the private sector, the Parent Bank also continues to offer solutions with respect to the newest needs and client demands.

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the institution subject to line-by-line method or proportional consolidation and institutions which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods

Due to differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Account Standards (TAS), the non-financial subsidiaries and associates, TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., Terme Metal Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., Ege Tarım Ürünleri Lisanslı Depoculuk A.Ş., TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. and Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi are not consolidated since they are not in scope of financial institutions according to related Communiqué. These non-financial investment in associates and subsidiaries are accounted by the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. and its financial institutions, Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş., TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. and Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by line by line consolidation method; İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. and İş Faktoring A.Ş. are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by equity method.

Financial institutions included in the consolidation are determined in accordance with "Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 8 November 2006 numbered 26340.

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.:

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. ("YF") was established in 15 October 1976. The Company's purpose is to perform capital market operations specified in the Company's articles of association in accordance with the CMB and the related legislation. The Company was merged with TSKB Menkul Değerler A.Ş. on 29 December 2006. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 95,78%. The company's headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the institution subject to line-by-line method or proportional consolidation and institutions which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods (continued)

TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.:

TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. ("TSKB GYO") was established on 3 February 2006. Core business of the Company is real estate trust to construct and develop a portfolio of properties and make investment to capital market instruments linked to properties. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 88,99%. The company's headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.:

Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. was established on 20 September 2019. Core business of the Company is to issue a lease certificate exclusively in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Market Law and the relevant Communiqué. The share of Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. is 100%. Headquarters of company is in İstanbul /Turkey.

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.:

İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. ("İş Finansal Kiralama") was established on 8 February 1988. The Company has been performing its operations in accordance with the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No 6361. The purpose of the Company is performing domestic and foreign financial leasing activities and all kind of rental (leasing) transactions within the framework of legislation. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 29,46%. The Company's headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

İş Faktoring A.Ş.:

İş Faktoring A.Ş. ("İş Faktoring"), was incorporated in Turkey on 4 July 1993 and it has been performing its operations in accordance with the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No: 6361. The Company's main operation is domestic and export factoring transactions. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 21,75%. The Company's headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE (Continued)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the institution subject to line-by-line method or proportional consolidation and institutions which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods (continued)

İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.:

İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş ("İş Girişim") started its venture capital operations by the decision of Capital Market Board dated 5 October 2000. The principal activity of the Company is to perform long-term investments to venture capital companies mainly established or to be established in Turkey, have development potential and require resource. The share of Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is 16,67%. The Company's headquarters is located at Istanbul/Turkey.

VII. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle on the transfer of shareholder's equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries or the reimbursement of liabilities

There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. The Parent Bank charge or pay cost of the services according to the service agreements done between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. Dividend distribution from shareholders' equity is made according to related legal regulations.

Written policies of the Parent Bank related to compliance to publicly disclosed obligations of the Parent Bank and assessment of accuracy, frequency and compliance of mentioned disclosures

The Parent Bank Disclosure Policy approved by the meeting of the Board of Directors has entered into force on 28 February 2014. Compliance to public disclosure obligations, frequency of public disclosures and tools and methods used for public disclosures are explained in the disclosure policy of the Parent Bank accessible from the Parent Bank's corporate website.

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

				Reviewed Current Perio 30 June 2022		Audited Prior Period 31 December 2021				
		Section 5								
	ASSETS	Note I	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)		6.743.732	15.666.390	22.410.122	6.180.962	11.181.611	17.362.573		
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		2.319.884	5.756.684	8.076.568	1.726.208	3.945.944	5.672.152		
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(1)	24.659	2.450.924	2.475.583	14.716	2.023.420	2.038.136		
1.1.2	Banks	(3)	58.030	3.309.652	3.367.682	282.457	1.925.304	2.207.761		
1.1.3	Money Market Placements		2.237.459	-	2.237.459	1.429.167	-	1.429.167		
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		264	3.892	4.156	132	2.780	2.912		
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(2)	50.977	-	50.977	42.759	263.097	305.856		
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.2.2	Equity Instruments		20.285	-	20.285	32.276	-	32.276		
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		30.692	-	30.692	10.483	263.097	273.580		
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(4)	2.826.940		11.699.956	2.642.160	6.293.117	8.935.277		
	Government Debt Securities		2.456.489	8.566.024	11.022.513	2.254.125	6.096.386	8.350.511		
	Equity Instruments		83.312	306.992	390.304	83.751	196.731	280.482		
	Other Financial Assets		287.139	-	287.139	304.284	-	304.284		
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(2)		1.036.690	2.582.621	1.769.835	679.453	2.449.288		
	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		1.545.931	1.036.690	2.582.621	1.769.835	679.453	2.449.288		
	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Incompre	ne	-	-	-	-	-	-		
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (NET)			64.752.458	75.056.925		56.330.165	65.299.284		
2.1	Loans	(5)		63.640.552	70.102.780		57.889.759	64.120.513		
2.2	Lease Receivables	(10)	35.736	360.955	396.691	10.238	336.329	346.567		
2.3	Factoring Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.4	Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(6)	4.412.890		8.558.260	3.321.632	634.071	3.955.703		
	Government Debt Securities		4.412.890	4.145.370	8.558.260	3.321.632	634.071	3.955.703		
	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		606.387	3.394.419	4.000.806	593.505	2.529.994	3.123.499		
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND									
	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (NET)	(16)	-	-	-	64.403	-	64.403		
3.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	64.403	-	64.403		
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations			-			-			
IV.	EQUITY INVESTMENTS	-	958.362	-	958.362	815.503	-	815.503		
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(7)	915.953	-	915.953	777.551	-	777.551		
	Accounted Under Equity Method		915.953	-	915.953	777.551	-	777.551		
	Unconsolidated Associates	(0)	20.016	-	20.016	26.116	-	26.116		
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(8)	39.016	-	39.016	36.116	-	36.116		
	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		20.016	-	20.016	26.116	-	26.116		
	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		39.016	-	39.016	36.116	-	36.116		
4.3	Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture) (Net)		3.393	-	3.393	1.836	-	1.836		
	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		3.393	-	3.393	1.836	-	1.836		
	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	(12)	404 022	-	404 022	470.261	-	470.261		
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(12)	484.832	-	484.832	479.361	-	479.361		
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(13)	3.535	-	3.535	4.514	-	4.514		
6.1	Goodwill		1.005	-	1.005	1.005	-	1.005		
6.2	Other INVESTMENT DRODEDTY (Not)	(14)	2.530	-	2.530	3.509	-	3.509		
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(14)	336.177		336.177	336.177	-	336.177		
VIII. IX.	CURRENT TAX ASSET DEFERRED TAX ASSET	(15)	118.671 680.858	-	118.671 680.858	209 396.583	-	209 396.583		
		(15) (17)		67.038		1.222.133	111 705	1.333.928		
<u>X.</u>	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	(17)	934.614		1.001.652		111.795			
	TOTAL ASSETS		20.565.248	80.485.886	101.051.134	18.468.964	67.623.571	86.092.535		

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF CONDOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

				Reviewed urrent Perio 30 June 2022		Audited Prior Period 31 December 2021				
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Section 5 Note II	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
I.	DEPOSITS	(1)	_							
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(3)		63.776.525	63.790.525	119 231	54.154.809	54.274.040		
III.	MONEY MARKET BALANCES	(3)	706.785		1.999.566	713.079	698.140	1.411.219		
IV.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(3)			19.627.653		14.927.941	15.807.433		
4.1	Bills	(0)	324.975	-	324.975	93.237		93.237		
4.2	Assets Backed Securities		624.657	-	624.657	786.255	-	786.255		
4.3	Bonds		-	18.678.021	18.678.021	-	14.927.941	14.927.941		
V.	BORROWER FUNDS		11.172	319.403	330.575	11.191	680.513	691.704		
5.1	Borrower Funds		11.172	319.403	330.575	11.191	680.513	691.704		
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-		
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		_	-	_	-	-	-		
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(2)	500.722	489.087	989.809	801.270	320.009	1.121.279		
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		500.722	489.087	989.809	801.270	320.009	1.121.279		
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		_	_	_	_		_		
VIII.	FACTORING LIABILITIES		_	_	_	_	_	_		
IX.	LEASE LIABILITIES	(5)	5.832	-	5.832	4.678	-	4.678		
X.	PROVISIONS	(7)	841.400	52.640	894.040	488.689	58.780	547.469		
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-		
10.2	Reverse for Employee Benefits		59.930	-	59.930	33.367	-	33.367		
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-		
10.4	Other Provisions		781.470	52.640	834.110	455.322	58.780	514.102		
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(8)	27.168	-	27.168	225.072	-	225.072		
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(8)	6.476	-	6.476	-	-	-		
XIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-		
13.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-		
13.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-		
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(10)	-	3.408.349	3.408.349	-	4.029.204	4.029.204		
14.1	Loans		-	3.408.349	3.408.349	-				
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	4.029.204	4.029.204		
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		244.846	1.529.690	1.774.536	409.935	548.736	958.671		
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Z1.15	9.043.650	(847.045)	8.196.605	7.238.548	(216.782)	7.021.766		
16.1 16.2	Paid-in capital Capital Reserves	(11)	2.800.000 1.384	-	2.800.000 1.384	2.800.000 1.386	-	2.800.000 1.386		
	Share Premium		1.010	-	1.010	1.012	-	1.012		
	Share Cancellation Profits		1.010	-	1.010	1.012	-	1.012		
	Other Capital Reserves		374	_	374	374	-	374		
16.3	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified		3/4		374	374		374		
10.5	Through Profit or Loss		483.799	62.258	546.057	483.242	16.502	499,744		
16.4	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through									
	Profit or Loss		476.568	(909.303)	(432.735)	196.233	(233.284)	(37.051)		
16.5	Profit Reserves		3.702.939	-	3.702.939	2.609.620		2.609.620		
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		440.208	-	440.208	381.427	_	381.427		
	Status Reserves		75.641	-	75.641	75.641	-	75.641		
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		3.184.170	-	3.184.170	2.149.632	-	2.149.632		
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		2.920	-	2.920	2.920	-	2.920		
16.6	Profit Or Loss		1.484.724	-	1.484.724	1.058.956	-	1.058.956		
	Prior Years' Profit/Loss		(34.498)	-	(34.498)	(22.153)	-	(22.153)		
	Current Year Profit/Loss		1.519.222	-	1.519.222	1.081.109	-	1.081.109		
16.7	Non-Controlling Interests		94.236	-	94.236	89.111	-	89.111		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		12.351.683	88.699.451	101.051.134	10.891.185	75.201.350	86.092.535		
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TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2022

			ı	Reviewed Current Perio 30 June 2022	d		Audited Prior Period December 202	1
	OFF-BALANCE SHEET	Section 5 Note III	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES							
I.	(I+II+III) GUARANTEES AND COLLATERALS	(1)	13.203.406 1.102.799	103.078.173 8.097.513	116.281.579 9.200.312	10.087.461 337.754	98.584.719 7.945.061	108.672.180 8.282.815
1.1 1.1.1	Letters of Guarantee Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		1.102.799	2.234.700	3.337.499	251.849	2.660.952	2.912.801
1.1.2	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.3 1.2	Other Letters of Guarantee Bank Acceptances		1.102.799	2.234.700 250.983	3.337.499 250.983	251.849	2.660.952 170.742	2.912.801 170.742
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	250.983	250.983	-	170.742	170.742
1.2.2 1.3	Other Bank Acceptance Letters of Credit		-	5.611.830	5.611.830	85.905	5.113.367	5.199.272
1.3.1	Documantery Letters of Credit		-	5.611.830	5.611.830	85.905	5.113.367	5.199.272
1.3.2 1.4	Other Letters of Credit Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	=	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	=	-	=	-
1.5.1 1.5.2	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Securities Issue Purchase Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.7 1.8	Factoring Guarantees Other Guarantess		-	-	=	-	-	-
1.9	Other Collaterals							
II. 2.1	COMMITMENTS Irrevocable Commitments	(1)	3.611.369 2.983.243	11.824.975 2.860.166	15.436.344 5.843.409	2.124.218 1.567.024	9.400.185 795.425	11.524.403 2.362.449
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		77.744	1.035.678	1.113.422	84.156	294.071	378.227
2.1.2 2.1.3	Forward Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		6.082	148.859	154.941	-	157.380	157.380
2.1.4	Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5 2.1.6	Securities Underwriting Commitments Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	=	-	=	-
2.1.7	Payment Commitment for Checks		-	-	-	-	-	=
2.1.8 2.1.9	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits		-	-	= -	-	-	-
2.1.10	Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11 2.1.12	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments Payables for Short Sale Commitments		-	-	= -	-	-	-
2.1.13	Other Irrevocable Commitments		2.899.417	1.675.629	4.575.046	1.482.868	343.974	1.826.842
2.2 2.2.1	Revocable Commitments Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		628.126 628.126	8.964.809 8.964.809	9.592.935 9.592.935	557.194 557.194	8.604.760 8.604.760	9.161.954 9.161.954
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III. 3.1	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes	(2)	8.489.238	83.155.685 23.653.141	91.644.923 23.653.141	7.625.489	81.239.473 27.012.103	88.864.962 27.012.103
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedge		-	23.653.141	23.653.141	-	27.012.103	27.012.103
3.1.2 3.1.3	Cash Flow Hedge Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	= -	-	-	-
3.2	Held for Trading Transactions		8.489.238	59.502.544	67.991.782	7.625.489	54.227.370	61.852.859
3.2.1 3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		899.882 884.622	1.607.813 442.993	2.507.695 1.327.615	652.330 573.527	1.633.747 490.868	2.286.077 1.064.395
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		15.260	1.164.820	1.180.080	78.803	1.142.879	1.221.682
3.2.2 3.2.2.1	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rate Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		7.525.445 646.246	57.817.119 12.968.765	65.342.564 13.615.011	6.913.070 714.846	52.562.061 13.556.545	59.475.131 14.271.391
3.2.2.2	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		6.669.643	5.904.978	12.574.621	5.936.002	7.167.646	13.103.648
	Interest Rate Swap-Buy Interest Rate Swap-Sell		104.778 104.778	19.471.688 19.471.688	19.576.466 19.576.466	131.111 131.111	15.918.935 15.918.935	16.050.046 16.050.046
3.2.3	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate, and Securities Options		52.416	77.612	130.028	8.540	16.170	24.710
	Foreign Currency Options-Buy Foreign Currency Options-Sell		26.208 26.208	38.806 38.806	65.014 65.014	4.270 4.270	8.085 8.085	12.355 12.355
3.2.3.3	Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Interest Rate Options-Sell Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Securities Options-Sell		-	-	-	16.014	15 202	21.606
3.2.4 3.2.4.1	Foreign Currency Futures Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		-	-	=	16.214 8.247	15.392 7.696	31.606 15.943
3.2.4.2 3.2.5	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell Interest Rate Futures		-	-	-	7.967	7.696	15.663
	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	=	-	-	-
	Interest Rate Futures-Sell Other		11.405	-	- 11 405	25.225	=	25 225
3.2.6 B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		11.495 156.200.421	1.075.974.410	11.495 1.232.174.831	35.335 78.243.073	766.859.683	35.335 845.102.756
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		2.114.416	2.773.543	4.887.959	2.057.418	1.235.367	3.292.785
4.1 4.2	Customers' Securities Held Investment Securities Held in Custody		2.054.103	2.773.543	4.827.646	1.928.041	1.235.367	3.163.408
4.3	Checks Received for Collection Commercial Notes Received for Collection		248	-	248	248	=	248
4.4 4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	=	-	-	-
4.6 4.7	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8	Other Items Under Custody Custodians		60.065	-	60.065	129.129	-	129.129
V.	PLEDGES ITEMS		146.446.733	860.745.272	1.007.192.005	68.482.225	599.876.328	668.358.553
5.1 5.2	Marketable Securities Guarantee Notes		456.247 95.152	2.582.796	456.247 2.677.948	456.247 111.006	2.181.577	456.247 2.292.583
5.3	Commodity		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.4 5.5	Warranty Real Estate		55.845.858	223.663.497	279.509.355	8.875.479	152.961.497	161.836.976
5.6	Other Pledged Items		90.049.476	634.498.979	724.548.455	59.039.493	444.733.254	503.772.747
5.7 VI.	Pledged Items-Depository ACCEPTED BILL OF EXCHANGE AND COLLATERALS		7.639.272	212.455.595	220.094.867	7.703.430	165.747.988	173.451.418
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (A+B)		169.403.827	1.179.052.583	1.348.456.410	88.330.534	865.444.402	953.774.936

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS		Current Period 1 January 2022- 30 June 2022	Prior Period 1 January 2021- 30 June 2021	Current Period 1 April 2022- 30 June 2022	Prior Period 1 April 2021- 30 June 2021
		Note				
I.	INTEREST INCOME	(1)	4.188.471	1.994.365	2.309.452	1.057.302
1.1	Interest on Loans		2.270.820	1.380.870	1.206.751	736.961
1.2 1.3	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits Interest Received from Banks		308 10.962	371 10.843	71 2.405	272 6.099
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Placements		356.328	171.686	189.961	81.479
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio		1.531.621	421.311	898.852	227.590
1.5.1	Fair Value through Profit or Loss		1.870	1.899	798	1.124
1.5.2	Fair Value Through other Comprehensive Income		489.318	219.237	254.498	116.291
1.5.3	Measured at Amortized Cost		1.040.433	200.175	643.556	110.175
1.6 1.7	Finance Lease Interest Income Other Interest Income		9.135 9.297	4.020 5.264	5.524 5.888	2.169 2.732
II.	INTEREST EXPENSES (-)	(2)	1.396.445	791.350	777.784	412.817
2.1	Interest on Deposits	(-)	-	-	-	-
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed		654.985	278.218	414.924	146.570
2.3	Interest on Money Market Borrowings		74.402	52.328	42.360	34.389
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued		664.552	456.383	318.816	231.368
2.5 2.6	Leasing Interest Expense Other Interest Expenses		233 2.273	322 4.099	142 1.542	100 390
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		2.792.026	1.203.015	1.531.668	644.485
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME / EXPENSES		149.060	76.658	89.019	41.452
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		165.021	86.016	97.549	45.797
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		23.733	13.708	12.819	6.928
4.1.2	Other		141.288	72.308	84.730	38.869
4.2 4.2.1	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		15.961	9.358	8.530	4.345
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans Other		3.986 11.975	1.619 7.739	2.019 6.511	816 3.529
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(3)	16.345	8.243	9.277	4.020
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME	(4)	488.566	(3.428)	196.891	(32.452)
6.1	Securities Trading Gains / (Losses)		24.475	434	13.897	729
6.2	Derivative Financial Instruments Gains / Losses		1.936.920	517.719	1.045.359	(45.616)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / Losses (Net)	(5)	(1.472.829)	(521.581)	(862.365)	12.435
VII. VIII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME GROSS OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	(5)	124.643 3.570.640	201.763 1.486.251	53.144 1.879.999	14.524 672.029
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	(6)	1.018.733	554.445	606.502	236.953
Χ.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(6)	384.403	65.000	65.000	35.000
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		171.394	107.263	86.557	55.566
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	(7)	195.379	205.837	100.969	34.344
	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		1.800.731	553.706	1.020.971	310.166
AIV.	AMOUNT IN EXCESS RECORDED AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		_	_	_	_
XV.	PROFIT / (LOSS) ON EQUITY METHOD		173.292	61.966	123.006	24.630
XVI.	GAIN / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE					
	TAXES (XIII++XVI)		1.974.023	615.672	1.143.977	334.796
	I. TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(8)	451.714	136.338	228.056	82.608
18.1 18.2	Provision for Current Income Taxes Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		572.705 409.103	169.859 180.395	(122.360) 273.297	158.542 66.845
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		530.094	213.916	(77.119)	142.779
	NET PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS				(,,,,,,,	
	(XVII±XVIII)	(10)	1.522.309	479.334	915.921	252.188
XX.	INCOME ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1	Income on Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Venture)					
20.3	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXI.			-	-	-	-
21.1	Loss from Assets Held for Sale		-	-	-	-
21.2	Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled					
	Entities (Joint Venture)		-	-	-	-
21.3	Loss from Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
AAII.	PROFIT / (LOSS) ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XX-XXI)					_
XXIII	I. TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)				-	- :
23.1	Provision for Current Income Taxes		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
XXIV	7. NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)					
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVIII+XXIII)	(10)	1.522.309	479.334	915.921	252.188
25.1	Group Profit / Loss		1.519.222	479.291	914.191	252.181
25.2	Profit / Loss of Minority Shares (-)		3.087	43	1.730	7
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	Earning / (loss) per share		0,543	0,171	0,326	0,090

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Reviewed Current Period 1 January 2022 – 30 June 2022	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January 2021– 30 June 2021
I.	CURRENT PERIOD INCOME / LOSS	1.522.309	479.334
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(349.371)	(71.000)
2.1	Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	46.313	8.092
2.1.1	Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase / Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase / Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain / Loss	109	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	47.786	8.092
2.1.5	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(1.582)	-
2.2	Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(395.684)	(79.092)
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	31.773	12.226
2.2.2	Valuation and / or Reclassification Income / Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through		
	Other Comprehensive Income	(559.420)	(82.624)
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income / Loss	-	_
2.2.4	Income (Loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	(26.427)	(25.637)
2.2.6	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	158.390	16.943
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	1.172.938	408.334

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

						Comp Exper	Accumulate rehensive I nses Not Re	ncome or classified		Comprehensivenses Reclassifie	ed Through							
	CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Note	Paid-in	Share remiums	Share Cancellation Profits	her Capital Reserves	Th	rough Prof	it or Loss	4	Pr	ofit or Loss	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Prior Period – 30 June 2021	Note	Сарпа	remunis	Tions	Reserves							Reserves	(LUSS)	(LUSS)	Interest	Interest	Equity
I.	Prior Period End Balance		2.800.000	776	_	374	342.425	1.392	45.975	39.852	75.014	110.895	1.947.077	712.819	_	6.076.599	54.170	6.130.769
П.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8		-	-	_	-	-		-		-		-	-	_	-	-	-
2.1	Effects of Errors		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies		-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		2.800.000	776	-	374	342.425	1.392	45.975	39.852	75.014	110.895	1.947.077	712.819	-	6.076.599	54.170	6.130.769
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-	8.092	12.226	(65.681)	(25.637)	-	-	479.291	408.291	43	408.334
v.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Effect of Inflation on Paid-in Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes		-	(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32)	580	-	541	2.830	3.371
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	(955)	-	-	-	-	-	662.573	(735.260)	-	(73.642)	-	(73.642)
11.1	Dividends Distributed		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(73.551)	-	(73.551)	-	(73.551)
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	(955)	-	-	-	-	-	622.573	(621.709)	-	(91)	-	(91)
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	40.000	(40.000)	-	_	-	
	Period-End Balance		2.800.000	769	-	374	341.470	1.392	54.067	52.078	9.333	85.258	2.609.618	(21.861)	479.291	6.411.789	57.043	6.468.832

^{1.} Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

^{2.} Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

^{3.}Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss) and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

^{4.} Foreign Currency Translation Differences

^{5.}Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

^{6.}Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

						Ex	Accumul nprehensive penses Not F Through Pro	Reclassified	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses Reclassified Through Profit or Loss								
	CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium s	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
I. II.	Current Period – 30 June 2022 Prior Period End Balance Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	2.800.000	1.012	-	374	433.530	(4.635)	70.849 -	104.425	(283.293)	141.817	2.609.620	1.058.956	-	6.932.655	89.111	7.021.766
2.1	Effects of Errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	2.800.000	1.012	-	374	433.530	(4.635)	70.849	104.425	(283.293)	141.817	2.609.620	1.058.956	-	6.932.655	89.111	7.021.766
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	(1.636)	389	47.560	31.773	(401.030)	(26.427)	-	-	1.519.222	1.169.851	3.087	1.172.938
v.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Effect of Inflation on Paid-in Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17)	341	-	322	2.038	2.360
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.093.336	(1.093.795)	-	(459)	-	(459)
11.1	Dividends Distributed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(268)	-	(268)	-	(268)
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.050.211	(1.050.402)	_	(191)	-	(191)
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43.125	(43.125)	-	-	-	-
	Period-End Balance	2.800.000	1.010	-	374	431.894	(4.246)	118.409	136.198	(684.323)	115.390	3.702.939	(34.498)	1.519.222	8.102.369	94.236	8.196.605

^{1.} Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

^{2.} Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

^{3.} Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss) and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

^{4.} Foreign Currency Translation Differences

^{5.}Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

^{6.}Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

TÜRKİYE SINAİ KALKINMA BANKASI A.Ş. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	N	Reviewed Current Period ote 30 June 2022	Reviewed Prior Period 30 June 2021
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	43.153.579	1.840.424
1.1.1	Interest Received	4.969.327	1.745.357
1.1.2	Interest Paid	(1.330.237)	(688.935)
1.1.3	Dividends Received	16.345	8.243
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received	165.021	86.016
1.1.5	Other Income	607.190	65.200
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written off Loans	79.992	94.189
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers	(225.744)	(139.302)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	(694.562)	(120.264)
1.1.9	Others	39.566.247	789.920
1.2	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	(35.182.555)	(1.487.502)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	(1.296.128)	5.096
1.2.2	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Due from Banks	-	-
1.2.3	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Loans	(31.585.547)	(1.305.752)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Assets	(418.498)	(167.391)
1.2.5	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	-	-
1.2.6	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Deposits	-	-
1.2.7	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
1.2.8	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	(2.677.075)	525.726
1.2.9	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Matured Payable	-	-
1.2.10	Net (Increase) (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	794.693	(545.181)
I.	Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Banking Operations	7.971.024	352.922
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
II.	Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Investing Activities	(5.081.662)	(117.646)
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase of Entities under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Entities under Common Control, Associates and Subsidiaries	721	15.816
2.3	Purchases of Property and Equipment	(8.123)	(7.507)
2.4	Disposals of Property and Equipment	276	119
2.5	Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	(2.940.300)	(915.716)
2.6	Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	1.576.907	629.023
2.7	Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(4.054.759)	-
2.8	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	343.639	162.446
2.9	Others	(23)	(1.827)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
III.	Net Cash Provided by / (used in) Financing Activities	(1.317.019)	191.221
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	3.470.370	3.119.669
3.2	Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	(4.767.682)	(2.853.257)
3.3	Capital Increase	(4.767.002)	(2.033.231)
3.4	Dividends Paid	(268)	(73.551)
3.5	Payments for Financial Leases	(19.439)	(1.640)
3.6	Other	-	-
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents	357.916	24.060
v.	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.930.259	450.557
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period	3.661.118	1.864.624

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Basis of presentation

I.a Preparation of the financial statements and the accompanying footnotes in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Principles Related to Banks' Accounting Applications and Maintaining the Documents

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in TL, under the historical cost convention except for the financial asset, liabilities and buildings revaluation model which are carried at fair value.

Accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are determined and applied, in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA").

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the 2022 period of Group are presented in the accompanying notes and the accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in Notes II to XXIII below.

The format and content of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes have been prepared in accordance with the "Communique' on Publicly Announced Financial Statements Explanations and notes to the Financial Statements" and "Communique on Disclosures About Risk Management to be Announced to Public by Banks."

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and the explanatory footnotes, unless otherwise indicated, are prepared in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL").

TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies requires entities whose functional currency is that of an hyperinflationary economy to prepare their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. TAS 29 describes characteristics that may indicate that an economy is hyperinflationary and it recommends all entities that report in the currency of the same hyperinflationary economy apply this Standard from the same date. In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 does not apply to the financial statements as of 2021. Nevertheless, the Authority has not published any announcement on whether the entities would restate their financial statements for the accounting period ending on 30 June 2022 in accordance with TAS 29. In this context, since there is no consensus on the application of inflation accounting in TFRS financial statements throughout the country, and it is expected that POA will delay the application of TAS 29, financial statements as of June 30, 2022 are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29 in order to ensure comparability.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

There are differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including non application of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies. The effect of such differences have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

I.b The valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements

The accounting rules and the valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements were implemented as stated in the Turkish Accounting Standards and related regulations, explanations and circulars on accounting and financial reporting principles announced by the BRSA. These accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in the below notes through II to XXIII.

Coronavirus epidemic spread to various countries around the world, causing potentially fatal respiratory infections, affects both regional and global economic conditions negatively, as well as causing malfunctions in operations, especially in countries exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 throughout the world, various measures have been taken in our country as well as in the world and still continue to be taken in order to prevent the transmission of the virus.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Basis of presentation (Continued)

I.b The valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements (continued)

In addition to these measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide. The Bank began to apply principal and interest translation to its customers who demanded for support and convenience in the sectors whose cash flows deteriorated since was affected by the COVID-19 epidemic and the protection measures taken in this context. As it is intended to update the financial information contained in the lastest annual financial statements in the interim financial statements prepared as of 30 June 2022 and considering the magnitude of the economic changes occurred due to COVID-19, the Bank made estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed these in footnote IX "Disclosures on impairment of financial assets". In the coming periods, the Bank will update its relevant assumptions according to necessary extents and eview the realizations of past estimates.

I.c The accounting policies for the correct understanding of the financial statements

The following accounting policies that applied according to BRSA regulations and TAS for the correct understanding of the financial statements and valuation principles used in preparation of the financial statements are presented in more detail below.

Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

TAS / TFRS changes, which entered into force as of 1 January 2022 do not have a significant effect on the accounting policies, financial status and performance of the Bank. TAS and TFRS changes, which were published but not put into effect as of the final date of the financial statements, will not have a significant effect on the accounting policies, financial status and performance of the Bank.

In addition, the Indicator Interest Rate Reform - 2nd Phase, which brings changes in TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, was published in December 2020, effective from 1 January 2021, and early implementation of the changes is allowed. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided for the basis used in determining contractual cash flows and hedge accounting provisions. The effects of the changes on the The Bank's financials have been evaluated and it has been concluded that there is no need for early application.

I.d The items for which different accounting policies were applied while preparing the consolidated financial statements and their ratios to the total of the related items in the consolidated financial statements

Different accounting policies are not applied while preparing the consolidated financial statements.

I.e Other

The Group does not carry out any activities in these two countries that are subject to the crisis. Considering the geographies in which the Group operates, no direct impact is expected on Group operations. However, as of the date of this report, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the effects of the global developments and their potential impact on the global and regional economy, on the Group's operations because of the uncertainty about how the crisis will evolve.

II. Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions

The main sources of the funds of the Group have variable interest rates. The financial balances are monitored frequently and fixed and floating interest rate placements are undertaken according to the return on the alternative financial instruments. The macro goals related to balance sheet amounts are set during budgeting process and positions are taken accordingly. Interest rate risk is kept at a minimum, as most of the loans extended have the flexibility to reflect market interest changes to customers. On the other hand, the portfolio of high-yielding Eurobonds and Foreign Currency Government Domestic Debt Securities is capable of eliminating the risk that may arise due to interest rate changes.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions (continued)

Due to the fact that the great majority of the loans extended by the the Group have a flexibility of reflecting changes in the market interest rates to the customers, the interest rate risk is kept at minimum level. Moreover, the highly profitable Eurobond and the foreign currency government indebtness securities portfolio have the attribute of eliminating the risks of interest rate volatility. The fixed rate Subordinated bond, Eurobond and Greenbond issued by the Group and a portion of fixed rate funds borrowed are subject to fair value hedge accounting. The Bank enters into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge the change in fair values of its fixed rate financial liabilities. The changes in the fair value of the hedged fixed rate financial liabilities and hedging interest rate swaps are recognized under the statement of profit/loss.

In the beginning and later period of the hedging transaction, the aforementioned hedging transactions are expected to offset changes occurred in the relevant period of the hedging transaction and hedged risk (attributable to hedging risk) and effectiveness tests are performed in this regard. The Group performs effectiveness test at the beginning of the hedge accounting and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the "Dollar off-set model" and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortized and recognized in income statement over the life of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued.

TFRS 9 provides the option of deferring the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and the option to continue to apply the provisions of TAS 39 hedge accounting in the selection of accounting policies. In this context, the Parent Bank continues to apply the provisions of TAS 39 hedge accounting.

The Group liquidity is regularly monitored. Moreover, the need of liquidity in foreign currencies is safeguarded by currency swaps.

Commercial placements are managed with high return and low risk assets considering the international and domestic economic expectations, market conditions, creditors' expectations and their tendencies, interest-liquidity and other similar factors. Prudence principle is adopted in the placement decisions. The long term placements are made under project finance. A credit policy is implemented such a way that harmonizing the profitability of the projects, the collateral and the value add introduced by the Parent Bank.

The movements of foreign exchange rates in the market, interest rates and prices are monitored instantaneously. While taking positions, the Group's unique operating and control limits are watched effectively besides statutory limits. Limit overs are not allowed. The Parent Bank's strategy of hedging interest rate and foreign currency risks arising from fixed and variable interest rate funds and foreign currency fair value through other comprehensive income securities are indicated below:

A great majority of foreign currency fair value through other comprehensive income securities are financed with foreign currency resources. Accordingly, the anticipated possible depreciation of local currency against other currencies is eliminated. A foreign currency basket is formulated in terms of the indicated foreign currency to eliminate the risk exposure of changes in cross currency parity. Interest rate risk is mitigated by constituting a balanced asset composition in compliance with the structure of fixed and floating rate of funding resources.

The hedging strategies for other foreign exchange risk exposures: A stable foreign exchange position strategy is implemented and to be secured from cross currency risk, the current foreign exchange position is monitored by considering a currency basket in specific foreign currencies.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Explanations on usage strategy of financial assets and foreign currency transactions (continued)

The foreign exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions are accounted for in the period of the transaction. Foreign exchange assets and liabilities are translated to Turkish Lira using foreign exchange bid rate as of the reporting date, and the resulting gains and losses are recorded in foreign exchange gains or losses.

III. Explanations on associates and subsidiaries

Explanations about the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries and associates subject to consolidation are described in General Information Section V.

IV. Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments

The Parent Bank is exposed to financial risk which depends on changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates due to activities and as part of banking activities uses derivative instruments to manage financial risk that especially associated with fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rate. Mainly derivative instruments used by the Group are foreign currency forwards, swaps and option agreements.

The derivative financial instruments are accounted for at their fair values as of the date of the agreements entered into and subsequently valued at fair value. Derivative financial instruments of the Group are classified under "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9"), "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values. Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, if the fair value is positive, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income", if the fair value is negative, the amount is classified as "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transaction.

In the initial design of a derivative financial instrument as a hedge, the Parent Bank discloses in writing the relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, the risk management objectives and strategies of the relevant hedge, and the methods to be used to measure the hedge's effectiveness. At the beginning of the association and during the ongoing process, the Parent Bank evaluates whether the hedging method is effective on the changes in the expected fair values of the related instruments during the period in which the method is applied, or whether the effectiveness of each hedge in the actual results is in the range of 80% - 125%.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Explanations on associates and subsidiaries

The Parent Bank's financial subsidiaries' are reflected the consolidated financial statements according to the equity method in accordance with TAS 28 - Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures Related to the Turkish Accounting Standards. Unconsolidated and non financial subsidiaries and associates are presented in the financial statements in accordance with the "TAS 27-Separate Financial Statements" standard with their cost values after the deduction of, if any, impairment losses.

VI. Explanations on interest income and expenses

Interest income is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equal to net present value of future cash flows or financial assets and liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard by applying an accrual basis using the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets.

If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing receivable, the Bank applies the effective interest rate on the amortized cost of the asset for subsequent reporting periods. Such interest income calculation is made on an individual contract basis for all financial assets subject to impairment calculation. It is used effective interest rate during calculation of loss given default rate in expected creditloss models and accordingly, the calculation of expected credit losses includes an interest amount. Therefore, a reclassification is made between the accounts of "Expected Credit Losses" and "Interest Income From Loans" for calculated amount. If the credit risk of the financial instrument improves to the extent that the financial asset is no longer considered as impaired and the improvement can be attributed to an incident that eventually takes place (such as an increase in the loan's credit rating), interest income at subsequent reporting periods are calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross amount.

Interest income and expenses are recorded at their fair values and are accounted for on an accrual basis using the effective interest method (the rate that equates the future cash flows of the financial asset or liability to its current net book value) considering the current principal amount.

VII. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. Income from asset purchases to a third party or by natural or legal persons contracts are recognized in the period they occur.

VIII. Explanations on financial assets

Initial recognition of financial instruments

Initial recognition of financial instruments the Bank shall recognize a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized and derecognized, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. Purchase and sale transactions of securities are accounted at the settlement date.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued) ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model. Except for the assets in the scope of TFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, at initial recognition, the Bank measures financial asset or financial liabilities at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit/loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification of financial instruments

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Assessment of business model

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The business model does not depend on the intent of the management on an individual financial intermediary, so the condition is not a classification approach on the basis of a financial instrument but an evaluation by combining the financial assets. When the business model used for the management of financial assets is being evaluated, all evidence is taken into account. Such evidence includes the following:

- How the performance of financial assets held by the business model and business model is reported by the key executive personnel,
- Risks affecting the performance of the business model (financial assets held within the business model) and, in particular type of management,
- How the additional payments to the managers are determined (for example, whether additional payments are determined according to the fair value of the assets being managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

Business model evaluation is not based on scenarios in which the operator is not expected to be at a reasonable level, such as the "worst case" or "pressure case" scenarios. The same business model does not require a change in the classification of other financial assets as long as the cash flows are realized differently from the expected future date when the business model is assessed, the error correction is made in the financial statements or all relevant information available at the time of the valuation of the business model is taken into account. However, when evaluating the business model for newly created or newly acquired financial assets, information about how past cash flows have been taken into account along with other relevant information is also taken into account. The business models that comprise the bet are composed of three categories. These categories are as follows:

- Business model aimed to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: This is a model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortized cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: The Parent Bank may hold financial assets in this business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued) ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

Fair value change of the financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are accounted under other comprehensive income when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- Other Business Model: Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

The contractual cash flows including solely principle and interest on principle

As per TFRS 9, the Parent Bank classifies a financial asset on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In a basic lending agreement, the time value of money and the consideration of credit risk are often the most important element of interest. In order to assess whether the element provides consideration for only the passage of time, an entity applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated and the period for which the interest rate is set. When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are classified compliance with TFRS 9 in three main categories as listed below:

- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost

a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aimed to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and in case of the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from shortterm fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. The Parent Bank classifies certain loans and securities issued at their origination dates, as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit/loss, irrevocably in order to eliminate any accounting mismatch in compliance with TFRS 9. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and measured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement. In accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts (THP) explanations, the positive difference between the acquisition cost and the discounted value of the financial asset is in "Interest Income", if the fair value of the asset is above the discounted value, the positive difference is calculated in the "Capital Market Transactions Profits" account, if the fair value is below the discounted value, the negative difference between the discounted value and the fair value is recorded in the "Capital Market Transactions Losses" account. In case the financial asset is disposed of before maturity, the resulting gains or losses are accounted for on the same basis.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

a. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss: (continued)

Syndicated loans extended to Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ) in the previous periods were restructed. Within this scope, in order to form the colleteral of these loans, taking over process of 192.500.000.000 A Group shares which constitute 55% of Turk Telekom's issued capital, pledged in favor of the creditors, were completed on 21 December 2018, by LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (formerly known as Levent Yapılandırma Yonetimi A.Ş.) which was established as a privately-owned company and all creditors are direct or indirect shareholders. The Parent Bank has a share of 1,617% in LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which is the share of OTAŞ receivables.

Later, at the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. dated September 23, 2019, it was decided to convert some of the loan to capital and add it to the capital of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. The nominal value of shares increased from TL 0,8 to TL 64.403.

Total assets amounting to TL 327.500 are measured at fair value under TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard and TFRS 5 Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. The determination of this value is based on the results of an independent appraisal firm. In the valuation study, fair value is determined by considering the average of different methods (discounted cash flows, similar market multipliers, similar transaction multipliers in the same sector, market value and analyst reports).

55% of LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. was authorized as an international investment bank sales consultant on September 19, 2019 for the purpose of selling its shares, and within this scope, necessary studies regarding the sale and meetings with potential investors were carried out.

As of 31 March 2022, Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., owned by LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. 192.500.000.000 Group A shares representing 55% of its capital were sold to the Turkey Wealth Fund, and as a result of the collection made from the sales amount, a collection was made from the related loan in proportion to the Bank's share. However, a provision for impairment has been made for the entire acquired asset.

As of 30 June 2022, the risk related to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which has been fully provisioned, has been transferred to the follow-up accounts, and the amount transferred to the follow-up accounts and its specific provisions have been written off from the asset in accounting terms (555.395 Thousand TL).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income:

In addition to Financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement.

"Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can choose in a irrecovable was to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in the other comprehensive income. In the case of this preference, the dividend from the investment is taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in income statement.

In the "Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortized cost" securities portfolio of the Parent Bank, there are Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Bonds.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on financial assets (continued)

c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (continued):

The Parent Bank considered expected inflation index of future cash flows prevailing at the reporting date while calculating internal rate of return of the Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) marketable securities. The effect of this application is accounted as interest received from marketable securities in the consolidated financial statements. These securities are valued and accounted according to the effective interest method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. As stated in the Investor's Guide of CPI Government Bonds by Republic of Turkey Undersecretariat of Treasury the reference indices used to calculate the actual coupon payment amounts of these securities are based on the previous two months CPI's. The Parent Bank determines the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The inflation rate is estimated by considering the expectancies of the Central Bank and the Bank which are updated as needed within the year.

d. Loans:

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Interest Rate (internal rate of return) Method". Duties paid, transaction costs and other similar expenses on assets received against such risks are considered as a part of transaction cost and charged to customers. Turkish Lira ("TL") cash loans are composed of foreign currency indexed loans and working capital loans; foreign currency ("FC") cash loans are composed of investment loans, export financing loans and working capital loans.

All loans of the Parent Bank has classified under Measured at Amortized Cost, after loan portfolio passed the test of " All cash flows from contracts are made only by interest and principal" during the transition period.

Foreign currency indexed loans are converted into TL from the foreign currency rate as of the opening date and followed in TL accounts. Repayments are measured with the foreign currency rate at the payment date, the foreign currency gains and losses are reflected to the income statement.

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

As of 1 January 2018, loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost, financial assests measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts not measured at fair value through profit or loss based on TFRS 9 and regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans". TFRS 9 impairment requirements are not eligible for equity instruments.

At each reporting date, it shall be assessed whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, it shall be used the change in the risk of a default occurring for the financial instrument.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Calculation of expected credit losses

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Risk parameters used in TFRS 9 calculations are included in the future macroeconomic information. While macroeconomic information is included, macroeconomic forecasting models and multiple scenarios used in the Internal Capital Assessment Process ("ICAAP") are considered.

Within the scope of TFRS 9, the probability of default (PD), Loss given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD) models have been developed. The models developed under TFRS 9 are based on the following segmentation elements:

- Loan portfolio (corporate /specilization)
- Product type
- Credit risk rating notes (ratings)
- Collateral type
- Duration since origination of a loan
- Remaining time to maturity
- Exposure at default

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default within a specified time horizon given certain characteristics. Based on TFRS 9, two different PDs are used in order to calculate expected credit losses:

- 12-month PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.
- Lifetime PD: as the estimated probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

The Parent Bank uses internal rating systems for loan portfolio. The internal rating models used include customer financial information and knowledge of survey responses based on expert judgement. Probability of default calculation has been carried out based on past information, current conditions and forward looking macroeconomic parameters.

Loss Given Default (LGD): If a loan default occurs, it represents the economic loss incurred on the loan. It is expressed as a percentage.

Exposure at Default (EAD): For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans and commitments, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors. Credit conversion factor corresponds to the factor which adjusts the potential increase of the exposure between the current date and the default date.

Financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit loss is calculated based on a probability of default realized within 12 months after the reporting date. Such expected 12-month probability of default is applied on an expected exposure at default, multiplied with loss given default rate and discounted with the original effective interest rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Calculation of expected credit losses (continued)

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses. Calculation of expected credit losses is similar to descriptions above, but probability of default and loss given default rates are estimated through the life of the instrument.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount. The probability of default is taken into account as 100%.

The default assessment of the Parent Bank is made according to the following conditions:

- 1. Objective Default Definition: It means debt having past due more than 90 days. Current definition of default in the Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries is based on a more than 90 days past due definition.
- 2. Subjective Default Definition: It means the conviction that the debt will not be paid. If the borrower is deemed to be unable to perform its obligations on the loan, the borrower should be considered in default, regardless of whether there is a pending balance or the number of days of default.

Debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

In accordance with TFRS 9, impairment provisions are applied for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income when recognizing and measuring expected loss provision. However, the carrying amount of the financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is not reduced in the statement of financial position. The expected loss provision is recognized in other comprehensive income and when the related financial asset is derecognised, the expected loss provision previously recognized in other comprehensive income is classified in the income statement.

Significant increase in credit risk

As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance for that financial instrument is measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, the Bank measures loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

The Parent Bank makes qualitative and quantitative assessments regarding assessment of significant increase in credit risk of financial assets to be classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) due to the significant increase in credit risk.

Quantitative assessments compare the relative change between the probability of default (PR) measured at the transaction date and the PD measured at the report date. In the event of a significant deterioration in PD, the credit risk is considered to have increased significantly and the financial asset is classified as Tier 2. In this context, the Parent Bank calculated threshold values to determine at what rate the relative change is a significant deterioration.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IX. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

When determining the significant increase in the parent bank credit risk, The Parent Bank also assessed the absolute change in the PD date on the transaction date and on the reporting date. If the absolute change in the PD ratio is above the threshold values, the related financial asset is classified as stage 2.

Within the scope of qualitative assessments, if any of the following conditions are met, the related financial asset is classified as Stage 2.

- Loans overdue more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Loans classified as watchlist
- When there is a change in the payment plan due to restructuring

Three scenarios are used in forward-looking expectations: base, bad and good. Final provisions are calculated by weighting over the probabilities given to the scenarios. As of June 30, 2022, within the scope of the ECL effects of COVID-19, the weight of the base scenario from 3 scenarios has been reduced and the weight of the worst and worst scenario has been increased. In addition, for the possible effects, the Bank has established additional provisions for the sectors and customers whose effects are considered to be high by making individual valuations for the risks that cannot be captured through the models in the expected credit loss calculation.

This approach, which is preferred in provision calculations, will be reviewed in the following reporting periods by considering the effect of the pandemic, portfolio and future expectations.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Explanations on offsetting, derecognition and restructuring of financial instruments

a. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset when a legally enforceable right to set off or when the Parent Bank has the intention of collecting or paying the net amount of related assets and liabilities, and they are shown in the financial statements with their net amounts. Otherwise, there is not any offsetting transaction about financial assets and liabilities.

b. Derecognition of financial instruments

Derecognition of financial assets due to change in contractual terms

Based on TFRS 9, the renegotiation or modification of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset can lead to the derecognition of the existing financial asset. When the modification of a financial asset results in the derecognition of the existing financial asset and the subsequent recognition of the modified financial asset, the modified asset is considered a 'new' financial asset. When the Parent Bank assesses the characteristics of the new contractual terms of the financial asset, it evaluates the contractual cash flows including foreign currency rate changes, conversion to equity, counterparty changes and solely principal and interest on principle. When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, it is recalculated the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognized a modification gain or loss in profit or loss.

Where all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have not been transferred to another party and the Bank retains control of the asset, the Bank continues to recognize the remaining portion of the asset and liabilities arising from such asset. When the Parent Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the transferred asset continues to be recognized in its entirety and the consideration received is recognized as a liability.

Derecognition of financial assets without any change in contractual terms

The asset is derecognized if the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset are expired or the related financial asset and all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party. Except for equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the total amount consisting of the gain or loss arising from the difference between the book value and the amount obtained and any accumulated gain directly accounted in equity shall be recognized in profit/loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

It shall be removed a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

c. Reclassification of financial instruments

Based on TFRS 9, the Parent Bank shall reclassify all affected financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss in the subsequent accounting when, and only when, it changes its business model for managing financial assets.

The Parent Bank has fulfilled the requirements of reclassification during transition to TFRS 9 and such reclassification details are presented in Section 3, Note VIII.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

X. Explanations on offsetting, derecognition and restructuring of financial instruments (continued)

d. Restructuring and refinancing of financial instruments

The Parent Bank may change the original contractual terms of a loan (maturity, repayment structure, guarantees and sureties) which were previously signed, in case the loan cannot be repaid or if a potential payment difficulty is encountered based on the new financing power and structure of the borrower.

Restructuring is to change the financial terms of existing loans in order to facilitate the payment of debt. Refinancing is granting a new loan by the Parent Bank which will cover either the principal or the interest payment in whole or in part of one or a few existing loans due to the anticipated financial difficulty which the customer or group encounter currently or will encounter in the future. Changes in the original terms of a credit risk can be made in the current contract or through a new contract.

Resturected Loans can be classified in standart loans unless the firm has difficulty in payment. Companies which have been restructured and refinanced can be removed from the watchlist when the following conditions are met:

- Subsequent to the through review of company's financial data and its owners' equity position, at circumstances when it is not anticipated that the owner of the company will face financial difficulties; and it is assessed that the restructured debt will be paid on time (starting from the date when the debt is restructured all due principal and interest payments are made on time).
- At least 2 years should pass over the date of restructuring (or if it is later), the date of removal from non-performing loan category, at least 10% (or the ratio specified in the legislation) of the total principal amount at the time restructuring /refinancing shall be paid and no overdue amount (principal and interest) shall remain at the date of restructuring / refinancing.

In order for the restructured non-performing loans to be classified to the watchlist category, the following conditions must be met:

- Recovery in debt service
- At least one year should pass over the date of restructuring
- Payment of all accrued and overdue amounts by debtor (interest and principal) since the date of restructuring /refinancing or the date when the debtor is classified as nonperforming (earlier date to be considered) and fulfillment of the payment condition of all overdue amounts as of the date of restructuring /refinancing
- Collection of all overdue amounts, disappearance of the reasons for classification as nonperforming receivable (based on the conditions mentioned above) and having no overdue more than 30 days as of the date of reclassification

During the follow-up period of at least two years following the date of restructuring / refinancing, if there is a new restructuring / refinancing or a delay of more than 30 days, the transactions which were non-performing at the beginning of the follow-up period are classified as non-performing loans again.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XI. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Funds provided under repurchase agreements are accounted under "Funds Provided under Repurchase Agreements-TL" and "Funds Provided under Repurchase Agreements-FC" accounts.

The repurchase agreements of the Group are based on the Eurobonds and government bonds issued by Republic of Turkey Undersecretariat of Treasury. Marketable securities subject to repurchase agreements are classified under assets at fair value through profit or loss, assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or assets at measured at amortized costs with parallel to classifications of financial instruments. The income and expenses from these transactions are reflected to the interest income and interest expense accounts in the income statement. Receivables from reverse repurchase agreements are recorded in "Receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements" account in the balance sheet.

XII. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets' carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. This assets are not amortized and presented separately in the financial statements. In order to classify a tangible fixed asset as held for sale, the asset (or the disposal group) should be available for an immediate sale in its present condition subject to the terms of any regular sales of such asset (or such disposal groups) and the sale should be highly probable. For a highly probable sale, the appropriate level of management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or the disposal groups), and an active programme to complete should be initiated to locate a customer. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should have an active market sale value, which is a reasonable value in relation to its current fair value. Also, the sale is expected to be accounted as a completed sale beginning from one year after the classification date; and the essential procedures to complete the plan should indicate the possibility of making significant changes on the plan or lower probability of cancelling. Events or circumtances may extend the completion of the sale more than one year. Such assets are still classified as held for sale if there is sufficient evidence that the delay inthe sale process is due to the events and circumtances occured beyond the control of the entity or the entry remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group). Gains or losses relating to discontinued operations are presented seperately in the income statement. A discontinued operation is a component of a bank that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Gains or losses relating to discontinued operations are presented seperately in the income statement.

As of 31 March 2022, LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. owned by Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. 192.500.000.000 Group A registered shares representing 55% of its capital were sold to the Turkey Wealth Fund, and as a result of the collection made from the sales amount, a collection was made from the related loan in proportion to the Bank's share. However, a provision for impairment has been made for the entire acquired asset.

As of 30 June 2022, the risk related to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which has been fully provisioned, has been transferred to the follow-up accounts, and the amount transferred to the follow-up accounts and its specific provisions have been written off from the asset in accounting terms (555.395 Thousand TL).

A discontinued operation is a division of a bank that is either disposed of or classified as held for sale. Results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement.

XIII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the subsidiary or jointly controlled interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary or jointly controlled entity recognized at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognized as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets (continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. On disposal of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal. Intangible assets that are acquired prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at restated historical cost as of 31 December 2004; and those acquired subsequently are carried at cost less accumulated amortization, and any impairment. Intangible assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives. Depreciation method and period are reviewed periodically at the end of each year. Intangible assets are mainly composed of rights and they are depreciated principally on a straight-line basis between 1-15 years.

XIV. Explanations on tangible assets

Tangible assets rather than real estate, purchased before 1 January 2005, are accounted for at their restated costs as of 31 December 2004 and the assets purchased in the following periods are accounted for at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and reserve for impairment. Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

As of the third quarter of 2015, the Group changed its accounting policy and adopted revaluation method on annual basis under scope of Standard on Tangible Fixed Assets (TAS 16) with respect to valuation of immovable included in its building and lands. The amortization periods of real estates are specified in the appraisal's report. In case of the cost of tangible assets over the net realizable value estimated under the "Turkish accounting standards for impairment of assets" (TAS 36), the value of the asset is reduced to its "net realizable value" and are reserved impairment provision associated with expense accounts.

The positive difference between appraisement value and net book value of the property is accounted under shareholder' equity. Related valuation models such as cost model, market value and discounted cash flow projections approaches are used in valuation of real estates. There is no pledge, mortgage or any other lien on tangible assets. Tangible assets are depreciated with straight-line method and their useful lives are determined in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards.

Depreciation rates and estimated useful lives of tangible assets are as follows:

Tangible Assets	Expected Useful Lives (Years)	Depreciation Rate (%)
Cashvault	4-50	2-25
Vehicles	5	20
Buildings	50	2
Other Tangible Assets	1-50	2-100

Investment Properties

Investment properties are real estate held to earn rent income, gain in value or both. An investment property is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits related to the property will be available to operate and the cost of the investment property can be reliably measured. The fair value model has been chosen for valuation of investment properties. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions

TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 Leasing standard abolishes the dual accounting model currently applied for lessees through recognizing finance leases in the balance sheet whereas not recognizing operational lease. Instead, it is set forth a single model similar to the accounting of financial leases (on balance sheet). For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. The Bank has started to apply "TFRS 16 Leases" Standard starting from 1 January 2019. The Bank has applied TFRS 16 with a simplified retrospective approach. The new accounting policies of the Bank regarding to application TFRS 16 are stated below:

Right-of-use assets

The Bank recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes

- (a) the amount of lease liabilities recognised,
- (b) lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.
- (c) All initial direct costs incurred by the parent Bank.

Unless the Bank is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term.

The At the commencement date of the lease, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term, which were not paid at the commencement date of the lease:

- a) Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable,
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate,
- c) Amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.
- d) If the lease term reflects the Company / the Group exercising the option to terminate.
- e) The exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company / the Group and payments of penalties for terminating a lease.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognized as an expense in the period when the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. The Parent Bank uses the revised discount rate for the remainder of the lease term, as this rate if the implied interest rate in the lease can be easily determined; If it cannot be determined easily, the Parent Bank determines it as the alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of reassessment.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XV. Explanations on leasing transactions (continued)

TFRS 16 Leases (continued)

After the lease actually commenced, the Parent Bank measures the lease liability as follows:

- (a) Increase the carrying amount to reflect the interest on the lease liability, and
- (b) Decreases book value to reflect lease payments made.

In addition, if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the underlying fixed lease payments, or a change in the assessment of the option to purchase the underlying asset, the value of the finance lease liabilities is remeasured.

On June 5, 2020, POA made changes to TFRS 16 "Leases" by publishing Concessions Granted in Rent Payments Related to COVID-19 - "Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases". Continuing Concessions in Rent Payments Related to COVID-19 After 30 June 2021-"Amendments to TFRS 16" was published in the Official Gazette dated 7 April 2021 and numbered 31447. With this change, tenants are exempted from evaluating whether the concessions granted due to COVID-19 in rent payments have been changed or not. The said change did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Bank. However, due to the high level of the epidemic, on 7 April 2021, POA decided to extend the exemption to include the privileges that caused a decrease in lease payments due on or before 30 June 2022. The change in question did not have a significant impact on the Bank's financial position or performance.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Parent Bank applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as Lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. The lease payments are allocated as principle and interest. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

The Group as Lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are included in profit or loss in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Tangible assets acquired by financial leases are amortized based on the useful lives of the assets.

In accordance with TFRS 16, the lessee, at the effective date of the lease, measures the leasing liability on the present value of the lease payments that were not paid at that date (leasing liability) and depreciates the existence of the right of use related to the same date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use their incremental borrowing rate. The interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on right of use are recorded separately.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVI. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation due to a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If aforesaid criteria did not form, the Group discloses the issues mentioned in notes to financial statements. Provisions are determined by using the Parent Bank's best expectation of expenses in fulfilling the obligation, and discounted to present value if material. Contingent assets consist of unplanned or other unexpected events that usually cause a possible inflow of economic benefits to the Group.

Explanations on contingent assets

Since recognition of the contingent assets in the financial statements would result in the accounting of an income, which may never be generated, the related assets are not included in the financial statements; on the other hand, if the inflow of the economic benefits of these assets to the Parent Bank is probable, an explanation is made thereon in the footnotes of the financial statements. Nevertheless, the developments related to the contingent assets are constantly evaluated and in case the inflow of the economic benefit to the Parent Bank is almost certain, the related asset and the respective income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurred.

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits

Severance pay according to the current laws and collective bargaining agreements in Turkey, is paid in case of retirement or dismissal. The Group calculates a provision for severance pay to allocate that employees need to be paid upon retirement or involuntarily leaving by estimating the present value of probable amount. There is no indemnity obligations related to the employees who are employed with contract of limited duration exceeding 12 month period. Actuarial gains and losses are accounted under Shareholder's Equity since 1 January 2013 in accordance with the Revised TAS 19.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits (continued)

Employees of the Parent Bank are members of "Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası Anonim Şirketi Memur ve Müstahdemleri Yardım ve Emekli Vakfı" and "Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Munzam Sosyal Güvenlik ve Yardımlaşma Vakfı" ("the Pension Fund"). Technical financial statements of those funds are subject to audit in accordance with the Insurance Law and provisions of "Regulations on Actuaries" issued based on the related law by an actuary registered in the Actuarial Registry.

Paragraph 1 of the provisional Article 23 of the Banking Act ("Banking Act") No: 5411 published in the Official Gazette No: 25983 on 1 November 2005 requires the transfer of banking funds to the Social Security Institution within 3 years as of the enactment date of the Banking Act. Under the Banking Act, in order to account for obligations, actuarial calculations will be made considering the income and expenses of those funds by a commission consisting of representatives from various institutions. Such calculated obligation shall be settled in equal instalments in maximum 15 years. Nonetheless, the related Article of the Banking Law was annulled by the Constitutional Court's decision No: E. 2005/39 and K. 2007/33 dated 22 March 2007 that were published in the Official Gazette No: 26479 on 31 March 2007 as of the release of the related decision, and the execution of this article was cancelled as of its publication of the decision and the underlying reasoning for the cancellation of the related article was published in the Official Gazette No: 26731 on 15 December 2007.

After the publication of the reasoning of the cancellation decision of the Constitutional Court, articles related with the transfer of banks pension fund participants to Social Security Institution based on Social Security Law numbered 5754 were accepted by the Grand National Assembly of Turkey on 17 April 2008 and published in the Official Gazette No: 26870 on 8 May 2008.

Present value for the liabilities of the transferees as of the transfer date would be calculated by a commission that involves representatives of Social Security Institution, Ministry of Finance, Turkish Treasury, State Planning Organization, BRSA, SDIF, banks and banks' pension fund institutions and technical interest rate, used in actuarial account, would be 9,80%. If salaries and benefits paid by the pension fund of banks and income and expenses of the pension funds in respect of the insurance branches, stated in the Law, exceeds the salaries and benefits paid under the regulations of Social Security Institution, such differences would be considered while calculating the present value for the liabilities of the transferees and the transfers are completed within 3 years beginning from 1 January 2008.

According to the provisional Article 20 of 73th article of Law No. 5754 dated 17 April 2008, has become effective on 8 May 2008 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 26870, transfer of Pension Funds to Social Security Institution in three years has been anticipated. Related resolution of the Council of Ministers related to four-year extension was published in the Official Gazette No: 28227 and Law no 5510 dated 8 March 2012. It has been resolved that the transfer process has been extended two year with Council of Ministers' Decree, has become effective on 9 April 2011 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 27900. The transfer had to be completed until 8 May 2013. Accordingly, it has been resolved that, one more year extension with Council of Minister Decree No: 2013/467, has become effective on 3 May 2013 and was published in the Official Gazette No: 28636 and transfer need to be completed until 8 May 2014. However, it has been decided to extend the time related to transfer by the decision of Council of Minister published in the Official Gazette No. 28987 dated 30 April 2014 for one more year due to not to realize the transfer process. In accordance with the Health and Safety Law which became effective on 4 April 2015 and published in the Official Gazette No: 29335 and law no 6645 and dated 23 April 2015 and together with some amendments and statutory decree, Council of Ministers authorized for the determination of transfer date to the Social Security institution and the transfer of Pension Fund was postponed to an unknown date. There is no decision taken by the Cabinet with regards to issue at the date of financial statements. Unmet social benefits and payments of the pension fund participants and other employees that receive monthly income although they are within the scope of the related settlement deeds would be met by pension funds and the institutions employ these participants after the transfer of pension funds to the Social Security Institution.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee benefits (continued)

The present value of the liabilities, subject to the transfer to the Social Security Institution, of the Pension Fund as of 31 December 2021has been calculated by an independent actuary in accordance with the actuarial assumptions in the Law and as per actuarial report dated 17 January 2022. There is no need for technical or actual deficit to book provision as of 31 December 2021. In addition, the Parent Bank's management anticipates that any liability that may come out during the transfer period and after, in the context expressed above, would be financed by the assets of the Pension Fund and would not cause any extra burden on the Parent Bank.

XVIII. Explanations on taxation

Income tax expense is the sum of current tax expense and deferred tax income or expense.

Current year tax liability is calculated over the taxable portion of the profit for the period. Taxable profit is calculated taking into account items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible, and items that are not taxable or deductible. Taxable profit therefore differs from the profit reported in the income statement.

As of June 30, 2022, the Corporate Tax rate valid in Turkey is 25%. However, with the Law No. 7394 on the Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amending the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette dated April 15, 2022 and numbered 31810, and the Law on Amendments to Some Laws and Decree-Laws, Article 26 With the paragraph added to the provisional article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the Corporate Tax rate will be applied as 25% for the corporate earnings for the 2022 taxation period. This amendment will be valid in the taxation of corporate earnings for the periods starting from 1 January 2022, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of 01 July 2022. Since the tax rate change came into effect as of April 15, 2022, 25% was used as the tax rate in the period tax calculations in the financial statements dated June 30, 2022 (December 31, 2021: 25%).

With the "Law Amending the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law", which was accepted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly on January 20, 2022, the application of inflation accounting was postponed starting from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

Deferred tax liability or assets are determined by calculating the tax effects of the temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities shown in the financial statements and the amounts taken into account in the calculation of the legal tax base, according to the balance sheet method, taking into account the legal tax rates. While deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences, deferred tax assets consisting of deductible temporary differences are calculated provided that it is highly probable to benefit from these differences by generating taxable profit in the future.

Deferred tax is recognized for Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected loss provisions.

Except for goodwill or business combinations, deferred tax liability or asset is not calculated for temporary timing differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities and which do not affect both commercial and financial profit or loss. Carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed as of each balance sheet date.

Carrying value of deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is not probable that a taxable profit will be obtained to allow some or all of the deferred tax asset to be benefited. Deferred tax is calculated over the tax rates valid in the period when assets are created or liabilities are fulfilled and recorded as expense or income in the income statement. However, if the deferred tax is related to assets directly associated with equity in the same or a different period, it is directly associated with the equity account group. Deferred tax receivables and liabilities are netted off.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVIII. Explanations on taxation (continued)

Pursuant to Article 53 of the Banking Law dated October 19, 2005 and numbered 5411, all of the special provisions set aside for loans and other receivables are taken into account as an expense in the determination of the corporate tax base in the year they are allocated pursuant to the second paragraph of the same article.

Transfer pricing

Transfer pricing is regulated through article 13 of Corporate Tax Law titled "Transfer Pricing Through Camouflage of Earnings". Detailed information for the practice regarding the subject is found in the "General Communiqué Regarding Camouflage of Earnings Through Transfer Pricing". According to the aforementioned regulations, in the case of making purchase or sales of goods or services with relevant persons/corporations at a price that is determined against "arm's length principle", the gain is considered to be distributed implicitly through transfer pricing and such distribution of gains is not subject to deductions in means of corporate tax.

XIX. Additional explanations on borrowings

The Parent Bank borrows funds from domestic and foreign institutions borrowing from money market and issues marketable securities in domestic and foreign markets when needed. The funds borrowed are recorded at their purchase costs and valued at amortized costs using the effective interest method. Some of the securities issued by the Parent Bank and resources used with fixed interest rates are subject to fair value hedge accounting. While the credit risk and rediscounted accumulated interest on hedging liabilities are recorded in the income statement under the interest expense, the credit risk and net amount excluding accumulated interest results from hedge accounting are accounted in the income statement under the derivative financial instruments gains/losses by fair value.

XX. Explanations on share certificates issued

In the meeting of the General Assembly held on 29 March 2022 it has been resolved that the Parent Bank has no capital increase.

Prior Period, in the meeting of the General Assembly held on 25 March 2021, it has been resolved that the Parent Bank has no capital increase.

XXI. Explanations on acceptances

Acceptances are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts.

XXII. Explanations on government incentives

The Parent Bank does not use government incentives.

XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting

In accordance with its mission, the Parent Bank mainly operates in corporate and investment banking segments. The corporate banking is serving financial solutions and banking services for its medium and large-scale corporate customers. Services given to corporate customers are; investment credits, project financing, TL and foreign exchange operating loans, letters of credit, letters of guarantees and foreign trade transaction services covering letters of guarantee with external guarantees.

Income from the activities of investment banking includes income from the operations of Treasury and Corporate Finance. Under the investment banking activities, portfolio management for corporate, marketable securities intermediary activities, cash flow management and all types of corporate finance services is provided.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE (Continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XXIII. Explanations on segment reporting (continued)

The segmental allocation of the Group's net profit, total assets and total liabilities are shown below.

	Corporate	Investment		
Current Period	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Net Interest Income	1.004.177	1.745.214	42.635	2.792.026
Net Fees and Commission Income	22.079	59.131	67.850	149.060
Other Income	-	467.133	335.713	802.846
Other Expense	(1.407.072)	(33.914)	(328.923)	(1.769.909)
Profit Before Tax	(380.816)	2.237.564	117.275	1.974.023
Tax Provision				(451.714)
Net Profit				1.522.309
Group's profit / loss				1.519.222
Minority share profit / loss				3.087
	Corporate	Investment		
Current Period	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	65.621.491	29.741.250	4.730.031	100.092.772
Investment in Associates and				
Subsidiaries	-	-	958.362	958.362
Total Assets	65.621.491	29.741.250	5.688.393	101.051.134
Segment Liabilities	84.874.970	2.350.541	5.629.018	92.854.529
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	8.196.605	8.196.605
Total Liabilities	84.874.970	2.350.541	13.825.623	101.051.134

	Corporate	Investment		
Prior Period(*)	Banking	Banking	Other	Total
Net Interest Income	582.468	600.777	19.770	1.203.015
Net Fees and Commission Income	13.627	21.930	41.101	76.658
Other Income	-	4.121	264.423	268.544
Other Expense	(634.817)	(14.318)	(283.410)	(932.545)
Profit Before Tax	(38.722)	612.510	41.884	615.672
Tax Provision				(136.338)
Net Profit				479.334
Group's profit / loss				479.291
Minority share profit / loss				43
Prior Period (**)	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Other	Total
Segment Assets	61.059.338	20.057.449	4.160.245	85.277.032
Investment in Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	815.503	815.503
Total Assets	61.059.338	20.057.449	4.975.748	86.092.535
Segment Liabilities	72.199.242	1.776.620	5.094.907	79.070.769
Shareholders' Equity	-	-	7.021.766	7.021.766
Total Liabilities	72.199.242	1.776.620	12.116.673	86.092.535

^(*) Includes information on 30 June 2021.

^(**) Includes information on 31 December 2021.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity

Total capital and capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" and in addition to regulations of BRSA numbered 3397 dated 23 March 2020. As of 30 June 2022, the capital adequacy ratio of Bank has been calculated as 17,65% (31 December 2021: 20,80%).

As stated in the Board Decision dated 21.12.2021 and numbered 9996, in accordance with the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks (Regulation), which was published in the Official Gazette dated 23.10.2015 and numbered 29511, with the amount in the calculation of credit risk-monetary assets and non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost, except for assets in foreign currencies in the rest of the valuated special provision in accordance with international accounting standards and related amounts when calculating the amount of the business day as of the date of recent 31.12.2021 252 can be used for simple arithmetic mean of the exchange rate, the central bank oriented application; otherwise the decision of the assembly is received until history of the exchange rate to be maintained by the Central Bank of 31.12.2021 use is provided.

In addition, with the Board Decision of the same date and numbered, in case the net valuation differences of the securities held by the banks in the portfolio of "Securities at Fair Value Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income" as of the date of the Decision are negative, these differences are negative, dated 05.09.2013 and numbered 28756. It has provided the opportunity not to be taken into account in the amount of equity to be calculated in accordance with the Regulation on the Equity of Banks published in the Official Gazette and to be used for the capital adequacy ratio.

CORE EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL Current Period Prior Period Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors 2.800.374 2.800.374 Share premiums 1.010 1.012 Reserves 3.702.939 2.609.620 Other comprehensive income according to TAS 1.142.661 1.818.742 Prior 1.519.222 1.081.109 Current Period Profit (34.499) 12.155.01 Prior Period Profit (34.499) 12.155.01 Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit 94.236 89.111 Correct Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions 9.225.94 7.437.237 Waluation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital 9.255.94 88.869 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.325.50 88.8769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.2728 2.728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 2.53 3.55.04 Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) 2.53 3.55.04 Differences are not		Consolidated	Consolidated
Share premiums 1.010 1.012 Reserves 3.702.939 2.609.620 Other comprehensive income according to TAS 1.142.661 878.164 Profit 1.484.724 1.058.956 Current Period Profit 1.519.222 1.081.109 Prior Period Profit (34.499) (22.153) Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit - - Minority shareholder 94.236 89.111 Correct Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions 9225.944 7.437.237 Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(j) of the Regulation on Bank Capital - - Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(j) of the Regulation on Bank Capital - - Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS 325.504 88.769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.902 2.728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 1.005 1.005 Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) 2.530 3.509	CORE EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserves 3,702,939 2,609,620 Other comprehensive income according to TAS 1,142,661 878.164 Profit 1,484,724 1,058,956 Current Period Profit 1,519,222 1,081,109 Prior Period Profit (34,499) (22,153) Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit 94,236 89,111 Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions 94,236 89,111 Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions 94,236 89,111 Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS 2,902 2,728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 32,504 88,769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2,902 2,728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 2,530 3,509 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) - 2,530 3,509 Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Gains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Co	Paid-in capital to be entitled for compensation after all creditors	2.800.374	2.800.374
Other comprehensive income according to TAS 1.142.661 878.164 Profit 1.484.724 1.058.956 Current Period Profit 1.519.222 1.081.109 Prior Period Profit (34.499) (22.153) Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit - - Minority shareholder 94.236 89.111 Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions 9.225.944 7.437.237 Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital - - Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS 325.504 88.769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.902 2.728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 1.005 1.005 Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) 2.530 3.509 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) - - Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk - - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - </td <td>Share premiums</td> <td>1.010</td> <td>1.012</td>	Share premiums	1.010	1.012
Profit Current Period Profit Current Period Profit Current Period Profit Current Period Profit Current Period Profit Current Period Profit Cost Equity Tier 1 Capital Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions Deductions from Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS Leasehold improvements on operational leases Coodwill (net of related tax liability) Cother intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Ommuniqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions Current and prior periods' losses and losses and liabilities Labilities Labilities Lability	Reserves	3.702.939	2.609.620
Current Period Profit 1.519.222 1.081.109 Prior Period Profit (34.499) (22.153) Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit	Other comprehensive income according to TAS	1.142.661	878.164
Prior Period Profit (34.499) (22.153) Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit	Profit	1.484.724	1.058.956
Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit Minority shareholder 94.236 89.111 Core Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions Deductions from Core Equity Tier I Capital Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS Leasehold improvements on operational leases Goodwill (net of related tax liability) Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Net amount of defined benefit plans	Current Period Profit	1.519.222	1.081.109
Minority shareholder 94.236 89.111 Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions Deductions from Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS AS AS BASE BASE BASE BASE BASE BASE B	Prior Period Profit	(34.499)	(22.153)
Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions Deductions from Core Equity Tier 1 Capital	Bonus shares from associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures not accounted in current period's profit	-	-
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital - Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS 325.504 88.769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.902 2.728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 1.005 1.005 Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) 2.530 3.509 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Cains arising and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Reflated benefit plans - Comm	Minority shareholder	94.236	89.111
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the 1st clause of article 9.(i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS Leasehold improvements on operational leases Coodwill (net of related tax liability) Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk on fair valued liabilities	Core Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	9.225.944	7.437.237
Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according to TAS Leasehold improvements on operational leases Coodwill (net of related tax liability) Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions Lurealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities Vet amount of defined benefit plans Assets and losses accounted under equity according to 325.504 88.769 2.902 2.728 88.769 2.902 2.728 6.000 6.1005 6.	Deductions from Core Equity Tier 1 Capital		
TAS 325.504 88.769 Leasehold improvements on operational leases 2.902 2.728 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 1.005 1.005 Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) 2.530 3.509 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities Net amount of defined benefit plans		-	-
Leasehold improvements on operational leases Goodwill (net of related tax liability) Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities			
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Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions - Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Net amount of defined benefit plans - 3.509 2.530 3.509 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2.902	2.728
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions - Currealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Net amount of defined benefit plans - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Cains arising from securitization transactions - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount exceeds the total provision - Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount exc	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	1.005	1.005
of related tax liability) Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision - Gains arising from securitization transactions - Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities - Net amount of defined benefit plans	Other intangible assets other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	2.530	3.509
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities Net amount of defined benefit plans		_	
Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision Gains arising from securitization transactions		_	_
Gains arising from securitization transactions Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities Net amount of defined benefit plans			
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities Net amount of defined benefit plans		-	_
Net amount of defined benefit plans	Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	_	_
		-	-
	Investments in own common equity	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Shares obtained against article 56, paragraph 4 of Banking Law	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank does not own 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I		
capital Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	74.508	91.446
Mortgage servicing rights not deducted	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences		
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions from Tier I capital in cases where there are no adequate additional Tier I or Tier II capitals Total Regulatory Adjustments to Tier 1 Capital	- 406.449	- 187.457
Core Equity Tier I Capital	8.819.495	7.249.780
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL	3.313.400	-
Preferred stock not included in core equity and related share premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA	3.313.400	_
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article 4) Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital	-	_
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital (Temporary Article 4)		
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	_	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial		
institutions with compatible with Article 7. Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions	-	
where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above tier i capital	-	_
The total of net long position of the direct or indirect investments in additional Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks		
and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		_
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Core Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	_	
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Core Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub- paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	_
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	- 12 122 005	- 240 500
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Core Equity Tier I Capital+Additional Tier I Capital) TIER II CAPITAL	12.132.895	7.249.780
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA (*)	-	3.932.850
Debt instruments and the related issuance premiums defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks) Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital	848.699	654.352
Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	848.699	4.587.202
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.	-	-

^(*) Bank; It has decided to use the early redemption option of the supplementary capital bond issue with a nominal amount of USD 300 million in the current period, the redemption date of 29 March 2027 and an early redemption option on 29 March 2022. Then, the bond was redeemed on 29 March 2022.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Common Equity Tier Lapital (2) Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier II Capital items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-) Total Deductions from Tier II Capital Total Tier II Capital Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital) Deductions from Total Capital Loans granted against the articles 50 and 51 of the banking law Net book values of movables and immovables exceeding the limit defined in the article 57, clause 1 of the Banking law and the assets acquired against overdue receivables and held for sale but retained more than five years Other items to be defined by the BRSA Items to be Deducted from sum of Tier I and Tier II (Capital) during the Transition Period The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier I capital, Additional Tier I capital. The II capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier I capital, Tier II capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds Capital (Total of First sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds Capital Capital (Total of First I Capital and Tier II Capital) Total Rask Weighted Assets CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical Duffer requirement (%) (c) Systematic significant buffer (%) The ratio of Ad			
financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or more of the issued share capital Other items to be defined by the BRSA (.) Total Deductions from Tier II Capital Total Tier II Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital) Deductions from Total Capital Loans granted against the articles 50 and 51 of the banking law Net book values of movables and immovables exceeding the limit defined in the article 57, clause 1 of the Banking law and the assets acquired against overdure receivables and held for sale but retained more than five years Other items to be defined by the BRSA Liems to be Deducted from sum of Tier I and Tier II (Capital) during the Transition Period The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, and financial entities that ere outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier I capital, Additional Tier I capital and Seagulation on Banks' Own Funds The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier I capital and Tier II capital of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Capital, Tier II capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, and financial entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		-	-
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CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) Consolidated Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) BUFFERS Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) (c) Systematic significant buffer (%) The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights 7.49 5.6.920.346 11.99 12.74 2.510 2.5			
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Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 11.99 12,74 Consolidated Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 16.50 12,74 Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 17.65 20,86 BUFFERS Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) 2.513 2.516 (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 2.500 2.500 (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.013 0,016 (c) Systematic significant buffer (%)			56.920.346
Consolidated Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 11.99 12,74 Consolidated Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 16.50 12,74 Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 17.65 20,86 BUFFERS Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) 2.513 2.516 (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 2.500 2.500 (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.013 0,016 (c) Systematic significant buffer (%)	CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Consolidated Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 12,74 Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) 17.65 20,86 BUFFERS Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) 2.513 2.516 (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 2.500 2.500 (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.013 0,010 (c) Systematic significant buffer (%)		11.99	12,74
BUFFERS Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) 2.513 2.516 (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) 2.500 2.500 (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) 0.013 0,016 (c) Systematic significant buffer (%)		16.50	12,74
Total buffer requirement (a+b+c) (a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) (c) Systematic significant buffer (%) The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets 7.49 Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights	Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17.65	20,80
(a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%) (b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%) (c) Systematic significant buffer (%) The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets 7.49 Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights			
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(c) Systematic significant buffer (%) The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights			
The ratio of Additional Core Equity Tier I capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to risk weighted assets 7.49 Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights 7.25.211		0.013	0,010
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institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital Total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital Remaining mortgage servicing rights			
institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital 879.977 725.211 Remaining mortgage servicing rights -	institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital	-	
	institutions where the bank owns more than 10% or less of the issued share capital	879.977	725.211
	Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets from temporary differences	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Limits Related to Provisions Considered in Tier II Calculation		
General reserves for receivables where the standard approach used (before tenthousandtwentyfive		
limitation)	2.608.374	2.056.896
Up to 1,25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard		
approach used	848.699	654.352
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk amount of the Internal Ratings Based		
Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk amount		
of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4		
(to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temprorary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temprorary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temprorary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temprorary Article 4	-	-

Explanations on the reconciliation between amounts related to equity items and on balance sheet

There are no differences between the amounts related to consolidated equity items and on balance sheet figures.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations related to consolidated shareholders' equity (continued)

Information on debt instruments to be included in the equity calculation

Issuer	Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	- Turkiye 15 Dankası A.Ş.
omque denunci (eg cosh , ishvete.)	Regulation on Equity of Banks (Official Gazette Date:
Governing law(s) of the instrument	05.09.2013 Official Gazette Number: 28756)
Consideration in Equity	
Subject to 10% deduction as of 1/1/2015	No
Eligible on unconsolidated and/or consolidated basis	
Engible on unconsolidated and/or consolidated basis	Eligible on unconsolidated and consolidated
Instrument type	The loan to be included in the additional Tier 1 capital
Instrument type	calculation
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most	200
recent reporting date – Million USD)	200
Par value of instrument (Million USD)	200
	347000 (Liability) –
Accounting classification	Subordinated Debt Instruments
Original date of issuance	30 March 2022
Perpetual or dated	Undated
Original starting and maturity date	31 March 2022
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
	There is an early payment option for the first 5 years
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	(after the 5th year) on 31 March 2027.
	After the 5th year, the relevant option can be used. If it
	is not used after the 5th year, it can be used at any time
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	by the borrower with the permission of the BRSA.
Interest/dividend pag	yments
	Fixed / semiannualy coupon payment, principal
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	payment at the maturity
Coupon rate and any related index	-
Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes.
	Yes.(The Lender has the authority to cancel the interest
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	payments under the Credit.)
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	None
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-co	
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	None
If convertible, fully or partially	None
If convertible, conversion rate	None
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	None
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	
	None
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	None
Write-down feat	
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	None.
If write-down, full or partial	Full or Partial
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	None
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument	
type immediately senior to instrument)	After contribution capitals
	It has the conditions set forth in Article 7. It does not
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	meet the conditions stated in Article 8.
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund	It has the conditions set forth in Article 7. It does not
regulation"	meet the conditions stated in Article 8.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations related to consolidated currency risk

No long or short position is taken due to the uncertainties and changes in the markets therefore; no exposure to foreign currency risk is expected. However, possible foreign currency risks are calculated on monthly basis under the standard method in the foreign currency risk table and their results are reported to the official authorities and the Parent Bank's top management. Thus, foreign currency risk is closely monitored. Foreign currency risk, as a part of general market risk, is also taken into consideration in the calculation of Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio.

No short position is taken regarding foreign currency risk, whereas, counter position is taken for any foreign currency risks arising from customer transactions as to avoid foreign currency risk.

Announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as at reporting date and the previous five working days in US Dollar and Euro are as follows:

	1 US Dollar	1 Euro
The Parent Bank's "Foreign Exchange Valuation Rate"		
30 June 2022	16,5670	17,3092
Prior Five Workdays:		
29 June 2022	16,5845	17,4253
28 June 2022	16,4725	17,4098
27 June 2022	16,1200	17,0276
24 June 2022	17,2735	18,2115
23 June 2022	17,2560	18,2396

Simple arithmetic thirty-day averages of the US Dollar and Euro buying rates of the Parent Bank before the reporting date are full TL 16,9060 and 17,8936 respectively.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

RISK INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STRUCTURE** AND **MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

II. **Explanations related to consolidated currency risk (continued)**

Information on the Group's foreign currency risk:

The triangular control of the Group's foreign currency risk	Euro	US Dollar	Other FC	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in				
Transit, Checks Purchased, Precious Metals) and				
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	904.980	1.545.944	_	2.450.924
Banks	421.536	2.880.975	7.141	3.309.652
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (1)	128.565	301.003	1.581	431.149
Money Market Placements	_	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	1.385.976	7.487.040	-	8.873.016
Loans (2)	24.608.266	39.948.455	_	64.556.721
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common				
Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	-	4.145.370	-	4.145.370
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes (5)	_	127.531	_	127.531
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (3)	1.266	55.296	29	56.591
Total Assets	27.450.589	56.491.614	8.751	83.950.954
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	421.365	871.416	_	1.292.781
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	21.739.908	45.444.966	-	67.184.874
Marketable Securities Issued	-	18.678.021	-	18.678.021
Miscellaneous Payables	373.940	1.150.501	1.767	1.526.208
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes (4)	-	49.032	-	49.032
Other Liabilities (5)	148.047	459.856	1.310	609.213
Total Liabilities	22.683.260	66.653.792	3.077	89.340.129
Net Balance Sheet Position	4.767.329	(10.162.178)	5.674	(5.389.175)
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	(3.857.716)	10.568.497	(4.210)	6.706.571
Financial Derivative Assets	3.090.909	15.449.107	147.300	18.687.316
Financial Derivative Liabilities	(6.948.625)	(4.880.610)	(151.510)	(11.980.745)
Non-Cash Loans (6)	3.151.276	4.946.237	-	8.097.513
Prior Period				
Total Assets	28.645.822	42.478.232	7.596	71.131.650
Total Liabilities	20.736.285	54.578.105	2.383	75.316.773
Net Balance Sheet Position	7.909.537	(12.099.873)	5.213	(4.185.123)
Net Off –Balance Sheet Position	(7.223.999)	12.891.458	(3.795)	5.663.664
Financial Derivative Assets	1.650.353	16.216.394	198.105	18.064.852
Financial Derivative Liabilities	(8.874.352)	(3.324.936)	(201.900)	(12.401.188)
Non-Cash Loans (6)	2.643.435	5.301.626	_	7.945.061

⁽¹⁾ Exchange rate differences arising from derivative transactions amounting to TL 164.262 is deducted from "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

⁽²⁾ Loans include TL 1.555.740 foreign currency indexed loans, TL 360.955 financial lease receivables, TL 1.615.296 non-performing

⁽²⁾ Loans McHale 1L 1.353./40 Joreign currency indexed tolars, 1L 300.953 Junancial lease receivables, 1L 1.013.290 non-perjormang loans, and TL (1.000.526) credit-impaired losses (Stage III / Special Provision).
(3) Prepaid expenses amounting to TL 10.041, foreign currency purchase commitment rediscounts with value date amounting to TL 421 and 12-month expected loss provisions for Other Assets amounting to TL (15) are not included in other assets.

⁽⁴⁾ Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes has classified in line of derivative financial assets; derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes has classified in line of derivative financial liabilities in financial statement. Foreign exchange difference accrual amounting to TL 313.748 is deducted from "Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes".

⁽⁵⁾ Exchange rate differences arising from derivative transactions amounting to TL 153.325, forward foreign exchange buying transaction rediscounts amounting to TL 384 and other provisions amounting to TL 52.640 have not been included in "Other Liabilities".

⁽⁶⁾ Has no effect on net off-balance sheet position.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk

Interest rate sensitivity of the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items are measured by the Parent Bank. General and specific interest rate risk tables in the standard method, by including assets and liabilities, are taken into account in determination of the Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio and to calculate the overall interest rate risk of the Parent Bank.

Forecast results which have been formed using estimation-simulation reports are prepared and then the effects of fluctuations in interest rates are evaluated with sensitivity and scenario analysis. Cash requirement for every maturity period are determined based on maturity distribution analysis (Gap). In addition, a positive spread between the yield on assets and the cost of liabilities is kept while determining interest rates.

The amount of local borrowings is very low considering the total liabilities of the Parent Bank. As the Parent Bank is a development and investment bank, it obtains most of the funding from abroad.

The fluctuations in interest rates are controlled with interest rate risk tables, gap analysis, scenario analysis and stress tests, its effect in assets and liabilities and the probable changes in cash flows are being screened. The Parent Bank screens many risk control ratio including the markets risk ratio to the sum of risk weighted assets and the ratio of the value at risk calculated as per the internal model to the equity.

Under the scope of risk policies, continuous controls are made to prevent assets or shareholders' equity from adverse effects because of fluctuations in interest rates or liquidity difficulties and top management, the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee are informed of these risks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates)

Comment Davie d	II. 40 1	1.2	2 12	1.5	5 V	Non-interest	
Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	bearing (1)(2)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign							
Currency Cash, Money in							
Transit, Checks Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank							
of Turkey	3.635	-	-	-	-	2.471.948	2.475.583
Banks	2.584.943	52.671	-	-	-	730.068	3.367.682
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Profit and Loss (3)	1.252.869	170.070	618.995	539.638	13.788	38.238	2.633.598
Money Market Placements	1.133.147	956.105	148.207	-	-	-	2.237.459
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
through Other Comprehensive							
Income	633.982	1.375.838	2.881.706	3.137.129	3.203.541	467.760	11.699.956
Loans	17.261.782	12.458.659	21.939.674	12.779.837	4.598.881	-	69.038.833
Financial Assets Measured at							
Amortized Cost	4.412.890	-	-	665.432	3.479.938	-	8.558.260
Other Assets (2)	-	-	-	-	_	1.039.763	1.039.763
Total Assets	27.283.248	15.013.343	25.588.582	17.122.036	11.296.148	4.747.777	101.051.134
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits							
Other Deposits	_	_				_	-
Money Market Borrowings	1.999.566	_	-	_		_	1.999.566
Miscellaneous Payables	1.999.300	_	_	_	_	1.591.409	1.595.300
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	- 664.957	159.370	- 5.795.497	12.385.283	<u> </u>	622.546	1.391.409
Funds Provided from Other	004.937	139.370	3.793.497	12.363.263		022.340	19.027.033
Financial Institutions	6 226 090	16.563.065	32.749.558	9.502.772	2.046.490		67.198.874
Other Liabilities	270.916		405.353	116.587	4.355	9.625.928	10.633.632
Total Liabilities		16.932.928	38.950.408		2.050.845	11.839.883	10.055.052
Total Liabilities	9.212.420	10.932.920	30.330.400	22.004.042	2.030.043	11.039.003	101.051.154
Balance Sheet Long Position	18.010.820	-	-	-	9.245.303	-	27.256.123
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(1.919.585)	(13.361.826)	(4.882.606)	-	(7.092.106)	(27.256.123)
Off-Balance Sheet Long		-					
Position	-	-	7.249.373	-	465.602	-	7.714.975
Off-Balance Sheet Short							
Position		(1.169.744)	-	(418.554)	-	-	(6.224.760)
Total Position	13.374.358	(3.089.329)	(6.112.453)	(5.301.160)	9.710.905	(7.092.106)	1.490.215

⁽¹⁾ Amounts in investments in associates and subsidiaries, deferred tax asset, tangible and intangible assets, other assets, other miscellenous liabilities, shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability are presented in non-interest bearing column, in order to reconcile the total assets and liabilities on the balance sheet.

⁽²⁾ Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

⁽³⁾ Derivative financial assets and loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on repricing dates)

Prior Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non-interest bearing (1)(2)	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign							
Currency Cash, Money in Transit,							
Checks Purchased) and Balances							
with the Central Bank of Turkey	14.377	_	_	_	_	2.023.759	2.038.136
Banks	1.636.396	158.348	_	-	_	413.017	2.207.761
Financial Assets at Fair Value							
Through Profit and Loss (3)	912.282	595.440	496.031	436.025	278.573	36.793	2.755.144
Money Market Placements	1.133.533	295.634	-	-	_	-	1.429.167
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive							
Income	609.575	851.602	1.056.641	3.085.250	2.992.616	339.593	8.935.277
Loans	14.462.424	11.362.726	21.573.974	11.342.250	4.600.649	-	63.342.023
Financial Assets Measured at							
Amortized Cost	136.439	1.338.351	1.846.843	-	634.070	-	3.955.703
Other Assets (2)	-	-	-	64.403	-	1.364.921	1.429.324
Total Assets	18.905.026	14.602.101	24.973.489	14.927.928	8.505.908	4.178.083	86.092.535
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	1.411.219	-	-	-	-	-	1.411.219
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	_	806.040	806.040
Marketable Securities Issued (4)	548.751	4.137.972	-	14.379.189	_	770.725	19.836.637
Funds Provided from Other							
Financial Institutions	5.353.533	14.079.034	25.577.865	7.252.607	2.011.001	-	54.274.040
Other Liabilities	167.844	340.721	237.904	201.373	197.432	8.619.325	9.764.599
Total Liabilities	7.481.347	18.557.727	25.815.769	21.833.169	2.208.433	10.196.090	86.092.535
Balance Sheet Long Position	11.423.679	-	-	-	6.297.475	-	17.721.154
Balance Sheet Short Position	-	(3.955.626)	(842.280)	(6.905.241)	-	(6.018.007)	(17.721.154)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	1.232.134	3.545.932	427.778	-	5.205.844
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	(3.421.124)	(855.431)	_		_	-	(4.276.555
Total Position	8.002.555	(4.811.057)	389,854	(3.359.309)	6.725.253	(6.018.007)	929.289

⁽¹⁾ Amounts in investments in associates and subsidiaries, deferred tax asset, tangible and intangible assets, other assets, other miscellenous liabilities, shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability are presented in non-interest bearing column, in order to reconcile the total assets and liabilities on the balance sheet.

⁽²⁾ Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

⁽³⁾ Derivative financial assets and Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments: %

	Euro	US Dollar	Yen	TL
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash, Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	_	-	_	_
Banks	2,36	1,98	-	17,41
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	-	-	-	24,84
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	20,20
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	4,55	5,12	-	19,61
Loans	5,22	6,46	-	20,72
Financial Asset Measured at Amortized Cost	-	8,01	-	35,85
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	_
Money Market Borrowings	0,12	1,06	-	17,68
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	_
Marketable Securities Issued (1)	-	5,80	-	18,50
Borrower Funds	0,10	0,35	-	11,00
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1,32	3,08	-	13,75

⁽¹⁾ Includes additional subordinated loans classified under subordinated loans in the balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations related to consolidated interest rate risk (continued)

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments in prior period: %

	Euro	US Dollar	Yen	TL
Prior Period				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Foreign Currency Cash,				
Money in Transit, Checks Purchased) and				
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	8,50
Banks	0,51	0,12	-	23,92
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit				
and Loss (2)	-	4,55	-	18,30
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	17,03
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	4,55	4,78	-	17,24
Loans	4,80	5,83	-	18,57
Financial Asset Measured at Amortized Cost	-	5,60	-	23,66
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-
Money Market Borrowings	0,11	0,23	-	15,36
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued (1)	-	6,19	-	16,50
Borrower Funds	0,10	0,20	-	11,00
Funds Provided From Other Financial Institutions	1,09	1,40	-	17,42

⁽¹⁾ Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

IV. Explanations related to consolidated stock position risk

The Group is exposed to equity shares risk arising from investments on firms traded in Borsa Istanbul (BIST). The Group classifies its share certificate investments both as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and net profit/loss of the Group is not affected unless the Group sells share certificates in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss portfolio.

Equity shares risk due from banking book

The table below is the comparison table of the Group's share certificate instruments' book value and market value.

Current Period	Comparison				
Share Certificate Investments	Book Value	Fair Value	Market Value		
Investment in Shares-Grade A	782.153	-	820.044		
Quoted	782.153	-	820.044		
Prior Period	Comparison				
Share Certificate Investments	Book Value	Fair Value	Market Value		
Investment in Shares-Grade A	670.283	-	776.588		

⁽²⁾ Includes loans measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

IV. Explanations related to consolidated stock position risk (continued)

Equity shares risk due from banking book (continued)

On the basis of the following table, private equity investments in sufficiently diversified portfolios, type and amount of other risks, cumulative realized gains and losses arising from selling and liquidation in the current period, total unrealized gains and losses, total revaluation increases of trading positions on stock market and their amount that included to core capital and supplementary capital are shown.

Current Period	Realized Revenues and	Increases		Unrealized Gains and Losses		
Portfolio	Losses in Period Total Included in Core Capital		Total	Included in Core Capital	Included in Supplementary Capital	
Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Certificates Quoted						
on a Stock Exchange	-	104.979	104.979	-	-	-
Other Share Certificates	-	251.264	251.264	-	-	-
Total	-	356.243	356.243	-	-	-

Prior Period	Increases		Unrealized Gains and Losses			
Portfolio	Revenues and Losses in Period	Total	Included in Core Capital	Total	Included in Core Capital	Included in Supplementary Capital
Private Equity Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Certificates Quoted						
on a Stock Exchange	-	124.113	124.113	-	-	-
Other Share Certificates	-	181.475	181.475	-	-	-
Total	-	305.588	305.588	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio
- 1. Explanations related to the consolidated liquidity risk:
- 1.a Information about the governance of consolidated liquidity risk management, including: risk tolerance; structure and responsibilities for consolidated liquidity risk management; internal consolidated liquidity reporting; and communication of consolidated liquidity risk strategy, policies and practices across business lines and with the board of directors

Liquidity risk management is conducted by Treasury Department in line with the strategies set by Asset and Liability Committee within the limits and policies approved by Board of Directors, and is monitored and controlled through reportings from Risk Management, Budget Planning and Financial Control Departments to Audit Committee, Board of Directors, Senior Management and relevant departments.

The Parent Bank's liquidity risk capacity is determined by the Bank's internal limits and the regulations on liquidity coverage ratio and liquidity adequacy. Regarding it's risk appetite, in addition to legal limits, the Bank also applies internal limits for monitoring and controlling the liquidity risk.

Considering the Bank's strategies and competitive conditions, Asset and Liability Committee has the responsibility of taking the relevant decisions regarding optimal balance sheet management of the Parent Bank, and monitoring the implementations. Treasury Department performs cash position management within the framework of the decisions taken at Asset and Liability Committee meetings.

The Risk Management Department reports to the Board of Directors and the Asset and Liability Committee regarding liquidity risk within the scope of internal limits and legal regulations. Additionnally, liquidity stress tests are performed based on various scenarios and reported with their impact on legal limit utilization. Treasury Control Unit under the Budget Planning Department also makes cash flow projection reportings to the Treasury Department and the Asset Liability Committee at certain periods and when needed.

As a result of the financial uncertainty caused by the coronavirus epidemic, liquidity management has been one of the main priorities of the Parent Bank. The Parent Bank continues to manage LCR within the framework of risk appetite by keeping its high quality liquid assets at a sufficient level.

1.b Information on the centralization degree of consolidated liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Parent Bank and the Parent Bank's subsidiaries

Within the scope of consolidation, liquidity management is not centralized and each subsidiary is responsible for its own liquidity management. However, the Parent Bank monitors the liquidity risk of each subsidiary within the defined limits.

1.c Information on the Parent Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

Among the main funding sources of the Parent Bank, there are development bank credits, capital market transactions, syndicated loans, bilateral contractual resources, repo transactions and money market transactions and these sources are diversified to minimize the liquidity risk within the terms of market conditions. The funding planning based on those loans is performed long term such as a minimum of one year and the performance is monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)
- 1. Explanations related to the consolidated liquidity risk (continued)

1.ç Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Parent Bank's total liabilities

The Parent Bank's obligations consist of Turkish Lira (TRY), US Dollar (USD) and Euro (EUR) currency types. Turkish Lira obligations mainly consist of equity and repurchase agreements, whereas foreign currency obligations consist of foreign currency credits, securities issued and repurchase agreements. All loans provided from foreign sources are in foreign currencies. For this reason, foreign resources can be used in TL funding by currency swap transactions when necessary.

1.d Information on consolidated liquidity risk mitigation techniques

Liquidity limits are defined for the purpose of monitoring and keeping the risk under certain levels. The Parent Bank monitors those limits' utilization and informs the Board of Directors, the Parent Bank Senior Management and the relevant departments regularly. Regarding those limits, the Treasury Department performs the required transactions with the relevant cost and term composition in accordance with market conditions from the sources previously defined in Article c. The Parent Bank minimizes the liquidity risk by holding high quality liquid assets and diversification of funds.

1.e Information on the use of stress tests

Within the scope of liquidity stress tests, the deteriorations that may occur in the cash flow structure of the Parent Bank are assessed by the Parent Bank's scenarios. The results are analyzed by taking into account the risk appetite and capacity of the Parent Bank and reported to the senior management by the Risk Management Department ensuring the necessary actions are taken.

1.f General information on urgent and unexpected consolidated liquidity situation plans

There is a Contingency Funding Plan for the contingent periods that arises beyond the Parent Bank's control. In a potential liquidity shortfall, Treasury Department is responsible from assessment, taking relevant actions and informing Parent Bank's Asset and Liability Committee. In contingent cases, to identify the liquidity risk arising, cash flow projections and funding requirement estimations are exercised based on various scenarios. To assess the stress scenarios, cash flow in terms of local currency is monitored regularly by Treasury Department. Scenario analysis on the Parent Bank's unencumbered sources are conducted daily. Transaction limits for organized markets are monitored timely and essential collateral amount to trade in those markets is withheld at hand. Repo transactions and/or available for sale portfolio securities in local and foreign currency that are major funding sources in shortfall periods for the Parent Bank are monitored consistently. In contingent periods outflows due to the irrevocable commitments, contingencies and derivative transactions can be deferred temporarily in a way that won't hurt the Bank's reputation. TSKB has the optionality of choosing one or more of the following for meeting it's liquidity requirement that are selling liquid assets off, increasing short term borrowing, decreasing illiquid assets, increasing capital.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

2. Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

According to regulations which is published on 28948 numbered gazette on 21 March 2014 related to calculation of liquidity coverage ratio of banks, calculated liquidity coverage ratios are shown below. Including the reporting period for the last three months consolidated foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios are shown below:

	Current	Period	Prior Period		
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
30/04/2022	404	324	403	331	
31/05/2022	319	182	261	328	
30/06/2022	368	368	286	295	

	Rate of "Perce taken into ac Implem Total v	count" not ented value	into account" I Total v	f "Percentage to be taken account" Implemented Total value		
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC		
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)		I	I			
1 High quality liquid assets			13.410.359	8.765.668		
CASH OUTFLOWS		I	T			
2 Retail and Customers Deposits	_	-	-	_		
3 Stable deposits	-	-	-	-		
4 Less stable deposits	-	-	-	-		
5 Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small						
Business Customers Deposits	4.973.038	3.537.955	4.140.706	2.723.973		
6 Operational deposits	307.719	291.413	76.930	72.853		
7 Non-Operational Deposits	_	-	-	_		
8 Other Unsecured Funding	4.665.319	3.246.542	4.063.776	2.651.120		
9 Secured funding			-	_		
10 Other Cash Outflows	475.791	761.782	475.791	761.782		
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and						
11 market valuation changes on derivatives						
transactions	219.373	505.364	219.373	505.364		
Debts related to the structured financial						
products	-	-	-	-		
Commitment related to debts to financial						
markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	256.418	256.418	256.418	256.418		
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable						
14 at any time by the Bank and other contractual						
commitments	59.410.233	55.310.707	2.970.512	2.765.535		
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable						
commitments	23.392.418	19.308.858	2.959.679	1.852.385		
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			10.546.688	8.103.675		
CASH INFLOWS						
17 Secured Lending Transactions	1.123	-	-	-		
18 Unsecured Lending Transactions	8.172.125	3.990.752	6.378.652	2.776.909		
19 Other contractual cash inflows	465.422	2.479.966	465.422	2.479.966		
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	8.638.670	6.470.718	6.844.074	5.256.875		
			Upper Limit Applied Amoun			
21 TOTAL HQLA STOCK			13.410.359	8.765.668		
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			3.702.614	2.846.800		
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			362	308		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)
- 2. Consolidated Liquidity Coverage Ratio (continued):

	Rate of "Percent into account" no Total v	t Implemented	Rate of "Percentage to be taken into account" Implemented Total value		
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)			I		
1 High quality liquid assets			7.482.972	4.794.941	
CASH OUTFLOWS	āá		ii.		
2 Retail and Customers Deposits	-	-	-	-	
3 Stable deposits	-	_	-	-	
4 Less stable deposits	-	_	-	-	
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small					
5 Business Customers Deposits	3.310.090	2.420.874	2.360.276	1.490.151	
6 Operational deposits	668.333	653.400	167.083	163.350	
7 Non-Operational Deposits	-	-	-	-	
8 Other Unsecured Funding	2.641.757	1.767.474	2.193.193	1.326.801	
9 Secured funding			-	-	
10 Other Cash Outflows	489.695	658.885	489.695	658.885	
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and					
market valuation changes on derivatives					
11 transactions	278.995	448.185	278.995	448.185	
Debts related to the structured financial					
12 products	-	-	-	-	
Commitment related to debts to financial					
markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	210.700	210.700	210.700	210.700	
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at					
any time by the Bank and other contractual	12.252.155	20.704.040	2.1.52.500	4 000 000	
14 commitments	43.252.155	38.584.010	2.162.608	1.929.200	
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable	10.040.001	15 554 602	2 201 725	1.576.106	
15 commitments	18.049.801	15.554.693	2.301.725	1.576.106	
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			7.314.304	5.654.342	
CASH INFLOWS					
17 Secured Lending Transactions	3.929		-	_	
18 Unsecured Lending Transactions	6.035.126	4.319.564	4.793.621	3.434.668	
19 Other contractual cash inflows	203.843	2.290.271	203.843	2.290.271	
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	6.242.898	6.609.835	4.997.464	5.724.939	
			Upper Limit Applied Amounts		
21 TOTAL HQLA STOCK			7.482.972	4.794.941	
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			2.316.840	1.413.586	
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			323	339	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

3. Minimum explanations related to the liquidity coverage ratio by Banks:

As per The Regulation on The Calculation of Liquidity Coverage Ratio, Liquidity Coverage Ratio is the ratio of high quality liquid assets to net cash outflows. Total and foreign currency limits 100% and 80% are assigned on consolidated and unconsolidated basis respectively. For the development and investment banks, Banking Regulations and Supervision Agency decided to apply zero percent to the total and foreign currency consolidated and unconsolidated liquidity coverage ratios unless stated otherwise.

In the Liquidity Coverage Ratio calculation, the items with the highest impact are high quality liquid assets, foreign funds and money market transactions. High quality liquid assets mainly consist of the required reserves held in the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey and unencumbered securities issued by the Treasury.

Main funding source of the Parent Bank is long term loans attained from international financial institutions. The ratio of those loans in total funding is around 65.8%. The total ratio of the securities issued in purpose of funding diversification and loans attained through syndication loans in overall borrowing is 30.1%. 4.1% of the Parent Bank's total funding is provided from repurchase agreements.

30-day cash flows arising from derivative transactions are included in the calculation in accordance with the Regulation. The Parent Bank also takes into consideration the liabilities depending on the possibility of changing the fair values of the derivative transactions in accordance with the Regulation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Consolidated liquidity risk management and coverage ratio (continued)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

T				1		Undistributed	
Demand		1.3 Months	3-12 Months	1.5 Vears		:	Total
Demand	141011011	1-2 Multin	J-12 1/10111115	1º5 I cars	0101	(1)	Ivai
25	2.475.557	_	-	-		1	2.475.583
730.068	2.568.937	68.677	-	-	-	-	3.367.682
38.235	1.775.009	218.649	570.422	31.283	_	-	2.633.598
-	1.133.147	956.105	148.207	-	-	-	2.237.459
-	12.389	1.375.838	2.960.841	3.482.833	3.400.295	467.760	
_	4.212.926	4.522.047	11.649.558	34.903.175	13.751.127	-	69.038.833
-	-	-	821.897	2.410.267	5.326.096	ļ	8.558.260
869.223				-		(456.229)	1.039.763
1.637.551	12.265.675	7.247.538	16.583.762	40.827.558	22.477.518	11.532	101.051.134
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3.141.991	1.501.716	8.568.842	29.367.060	24.619.265	-	67.198.874
_	1.999.566	-	-	-	-	-	1.999.566
-	752.668		6.228.333	12.385.283	-	1	19.627.653
-	-	-	-	-	-	1.591.409	1.591.409
_	341.757	245.103	418.888	1.956	-	9.625.928	10.633.632
-							101.051.134
1.637.551							_
-							1.490.215
-						 	46.567.569
-							45.077.354
-						•	9.200.312
	020.2 .3	031.220	3.203.122	002.000	1.7 13.730	311.371	J.200.512
1.000.235	11.311.504	7.591.754	14.815.212	34.246.564	16.774.938	352.328	86.092.535
-	2.576.831	6.048.024		37.550.012	21.230.629	9.425.366	86.092.535
1.000.235	8.734.673			(3.303.448)	(4.455.691)	(9.073.038)	-
-	414.512			297.971		-	924.285
-	7.434.085	7.735.734	4.137.312	21.125.950	4.461.542	-	44.894.623
-	7.019.573	7.992.191	3.716.661	20.827.979	4.413.934	-	43.970.338
_	1.020.370	396.628	3.375.599	1.582.599	1.659.750	247.869	8.282.815
	Demand 25 730.068 38.235 869.223 1.637.551 1.637.551 1.000.235	Demand Up to 1 Month	Demand Up to 1 Month 1-3 Months 25 2.475.557 - 730.068 2.568.937 68.677 38.235 1.775.009 218.649 - 1.133.147 956.105 - 12.389 1.375.838 - 4.212.926 4.522.047 - - - 869.223 87.710 106.222 1.637.551 12.265.675 7.247.538 - - - - - - - 752.668 261.368 - - - - 341.757 245.103 - 6.235.982 2.008.187 1.637.551 6.029.693 5.239.351 - 424.439 44.621 - 8.119.065 1.983.949 - 7.694.626 1.939.328 - 620.245 634.226 1.000.235 8.734.673 1.543.730 - 7.434.085 7.73	Demand Up to 1 Month 1-3 Months 3-12 Months	Demand Honth 1-3 Months 3-12 Months 1-5 Years	Demand	Demand Month 1-3 Months 3-12 Months 1-5 Years Over (1)

⁽¹⁾ Other assets and shareholders' equity, provisions and tax liability, which are necessary and cannot be converted into cash in the near future for the Bank's ongoing activities, such as tangible and intangible assets, deferred tax asset, other miscellaneous receivables, investments in subsidiaries and associates, entities under common control, office supply inventory, prepaid expenses and non-performing loans are classified under "Undistributed" column.

⁽²⁾ Expected credit losses for stage 1 and stage 2 are netted off on the related maturity.

⁽³⁾ Derivative financial assets and loans at fair value through profit or loss.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Tier 2 subordinated bonds which are classified on the balance sheet as subordinated loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VI. Explanations related to consolidated leverage ratio

a) Information about the consolidated leverage ratio between current and prior periods

The table related to calculation of leverage ratio in accordance with the principles of the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Leverage Level" which is published on the Official Gazette no.28812 dated 5 November 2013 is given below.

Leverage ratio of the Bank calculated from the arithmetic average of the three months is 10,11% (31 December 2021: 7,63%). Total balance sheet assets increased by 26,37% compare to prior period.

b) Comparison table of total assets and total risk amounts in the financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS

		Current Period	Prior Period
1	Total Amount of Asset and Risk Situated in The Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS (2)	85.932.291	61.168.352
2	The difference between Total Amount of Asset in the Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS and the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (2)	(15.118.843)	(24.924.183)
3	The difference between total amount and total risk amount of derivative financial instruments with credit derivative in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	(111.159)	107.529
4	The difference between total amount and total risk amount of risk investment securities or commodity collateral financing transactions in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	2.514.262	1.326.573
5	Financial Statements of Banks (1)	(9.768.573)	(8.513.256)
6	The other differences between amount of assets and risk in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (1)	-	_
7	Total Exposures (1)	115.758.028	90.748.948

⁽¹⁾ The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

c) Consolidated Leverage Ratio

		Current Period (1)	Prior Period
	Balance sheet Assets	(1)	(1)
	Balance sheet assets (excluding derivative financial assets and credit		
1	derivatives, including collaterals)	98.342.890	77.843.905
2	(Assets deducted from Core Capital)	-279.539	(243.561)
3	Total risk amount of balance sheet assets (sum of lines 1 and 2)	98.063.351	77.600.344
	Derivative financial assets and credit derivatives		
4	Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	2.153.324	1.866.658
	Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit		
5	derivatives	540.456	475.101
	Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives		
6	(sum of lines 4 and 5)	2.693.780	2.341.759
	Financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity		
	Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or		
7	commodity	1.147.280	794.981
8	Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions	49.205	149.233
	Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable		
9	security or commodity (sum of lines 7 and 8)	1.196.485	944.214
	Off-balance sheet transactions		
	Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet transactions	23.563.498	18.375.887
11	(Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates)	-9.768.573	(8.513.256)
12	Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions (sum of lines 10 and 11)	13.794.925	9.862.631
ļ	Capital and total risk		
	Core Capital	11.707.150	6.928.370
14	Total risk amount (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	115.748.541	90.748.948
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	10.11%	%7,63

⁽¹⁾ Arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods

⁽²⁾ The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the communique on preparation of consolidated financial statements of the Banks. Consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS are not audited as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2021 figures are used for prior period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to risk management

Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts

The footnotes prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on Calculation Risk Management Disclosures", which was published in the Official Gazette No. 29511 of 23 October 2015 and entered into force as of 31 March 2016, and the disclosures pertaining thereto are provided in this section.

As the standard approach is utilized for the calculation of the capital adequacy of the Parent Bank, no statement has been included as regards the methods based on internal models as per the relevant communiqué.

Disclosures on the Risk management approach and risk-weighted amount

Risk management approach of the Bank allows for ensuring the establishment of a common risk culture covering the entire institution within the scope of the policies and codes of practice designated by the Board of Directors, for identifying risks in harmony with international arrangements and for performing the activities of measurement, analysis, monitoring and reporting accordingly.

The risk management process, which is shaped within the scope of relevant policies and application principles and serves to create a common risk culture throughout the organization; It has a structure where risks are defined in accordance with international regulations and measurement, analysis, monitoring and reporting activities are carried out within this framework. A Risk Management Department has been established within the Parent Bank in order to ensure compliance with the relevant policy, application principles and processes and to manage the risks faced by the Parent Bank in line with these policies. The Risk Management Department, whose duties and responsibilities are determined by regulations approved by the Board of Directors, carries out its activities through the Assistant General Manager responsible for Internal Systems, who is independent of executive activities and executive units and reports to the Audit Committee.

Risk Management Department develops the systems required within the process of risk management and carries out the relevant activities, monitors the compliance of risks with policies, standards, limits of the Parent Bank and its risk appetite indicators and performs activities aimed at harmonization with the relevant legislation and the Basel criteria. Risk measurements are performed through the standard approaches for legal reporting and the advanced approaches are utilized internally.

Risk Management Department submits its detailed risk management reports prepared on monthly and quarterly basis to the Board of Directors via the Audit Committee. These reports cover measurements regarding main risks, stress tests and scenario analyses and the status of compliance with the identified limit levels and risk appetite indicators.

Prospective risk assessments are carried out by conducting periodical stress tests on loan, market and interest risks and the impact of results on the overall financial power of the Bank is evaluated. The relevant results are notified to the Audit Committee and contribute to the assessment of the financial structure of the Bank at the moment of stress. Stress test scenarios are determined by evaluating the impacts posed by previous economic crises on macroeconomic indicators and expectations from the upcoming period. By estimating the risks and capital position of the Bank within the upcoming period, various analyses are performed in terms of legal and internal capital adequacy ratios, and the ICAAP (Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process) report is submitted to the BRSA.

As of June 2022, in determining the risk weights in the period the bank's capital adequacy calculations, the rating given by international rating agencies Fitch Ratings, in addition to the use of "Receivables From Banks and Intermediary Institutions" resident domestic receivables with banks and brokerage firms corporate risk within the class is contained in the risk of receivables from companies and financial institutions resident in the country in JCR Avrasya A.Ş. rating determining the weights in TL the national rating grades assigned by have started to be used.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Overview of risk weighted assets

			Risk Weighted Amount		
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	62.942.369	47.968.274	5.035.390	
2	Standardised approach	62.942.369	47.968.274	5.035.390	
3	Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-	
4	Counterparty credit risk	2.753.614	2.566.850	220.289	
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	2.753.614	2.566.850	220.289	
6	Internal model method	-	-	-	
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	_	-	
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	-	-	-	
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-	
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% weighted risk approach	_	-	-	
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-	
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-	
13	IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-	
14	IRB supervisory formula approach	-	_	-	
15	Simplified supervisory formula approach	-	_	-	
16	Market risk	996.388	1.289.800	79.711	
17	Standardised approach	996.388	1.289.800	79.711	
18	Internal model approaches	-	-	-	
19	Operational risk	4.647.834	3.282.394	371.827	
20	Basic indicator approach	4.647.834	3.282.394	371.827	
21	Standard approach	_	_	_	
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	_	-	
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	2.199.943	1.813.028	175.995	
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	_	
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	73.540.148	56.920.346	5.883.212	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Credit quality of assets

	Sta Prepared in Acc	g Value in Financial atements ordance with Turkish Standards (TAS)	Allowances/ amortization and impairments	Net Values (a+b+c)
Current Period	Defaulted (a)	Non-defaulted (b)	(c)	(d)
1 Loans	2.326.973	83.326.507	3.996.324	81.657.156
2 Debt Securities	-	20.695.634	827.722	19.867.912
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	4.441	24.696.887	64.672	24.636.656
4 Total	2.331.414	128.719.028	4.888.718	126.161.724

	Sta Prepared in Acc	g Value in Financial atements ordance with Turkish Standards (TAS)	Allowances/ amortization and impairments	Net Values (a+b+c)	
Prior Period	Defaulted (a)	Non-defaulted (b)	(c)	(d)	
1 Loans	2.081.519	74.189.878	3.123.872	73.147.525	
2 Debt Securities	-	12.891.626	281.128	12.610.498	
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	4.441	19.864.874	62.097	19.807.218	
4 Total	2.085.960	106.946.378	3.467.097	105.565.241	

Changes in stock of default loans and debt securities

	Current Period	Tutar
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting	2.085.960
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	572.859
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off (*)	555.395
5	Other changes	227.990
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	2.331.414

(*) The loan amounting to TL 555.395, which was made available to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., was transferred to non-performing accounts in the current period and was also taken out of the balance sheet.

	Prior Period	Tutar
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting	1.694.218
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	13.162
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off	-
5	Other changes	378.580
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	2.085.960

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Credit risk mitigation techniques - Standard approach

C	urrent Period	Exposures unsecured: value in accordance with TAS.	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral, of which secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by financial guarantees of which secured amount	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which secured amount
1	Loans	77.581.571	3.105.650	1.310.050	935.329	796.823	-	-
2	Debt securities	19.902.518	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	97.484.089	3.105.650	1.310.050	935.329	796.823	-	-
4	Of which default	2.326.973	-	-	-	-	-	-

Prio	r Period	Exposures unsecured: value in accordance with TAS.	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral, of which secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by financial guarantees of which secured amount	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which secured amount
1	Loans	69.479.850	2.843.200	1.311.590	791.868	481.534	-	-
2	Debt securities	12.643.103	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	82.122.953	2.843.200	1.311.590	791.868	481.534	-	-
4	Of which default	2.081.519	-	-	-	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Credit risk mitigation techniques - Standard approach (continued)

Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation effects

	Current Period	Exposures befo conversion fact risk mitigation		Exposures post conversion factorisk mitigation		Risk weighted amount and risk weighted amount density		
	Risk Groups	On-Balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-Balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Risk weighted amount density	
	Exposures to sovereigns and their central							
1	banks	20.440.745	1.332.900	20.471.030	266.580	-	%0	
	Exposures to regional and local							
2	governments	3.000	-	600	-	300	%50	
_	Exposures to administrative bodies and		20.00=		.			
3	noncommercial entities	-	28.997	-	5.799	5.799	%100	
١,	Exposures to multilateral development	71 110		71 110				
4	banks	71.119	-	71.119	-	-	-	
5	Exposures to international organizations	_	_	_	-	_	_	
6	Exposures to banks and securities firms	7.632.299	641.840	6.465.558	39.200	1.931.804	%30	
7	Exposures to corporates	53.693.466	65.281.730	53.663.181	6.577.873	58.189.426	%97	
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	_	
	Exposures secured by residental real estate							
9	property	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Exposures secured by commercial real							
10	estate property	1.297.496	-	1.297.496	-	648.748	%50	
11	Past due receivables	2.061.934	-	765.706	-	404.757	%53	
12	Exposures in higher-risk categories	80.868	607.316	80.867	5.541	127.353	%147	
	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by							
13	mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage							
14	houses and corporates	_	-	_	-	-	_	
	Equity investments in the form of							
15	collective investment undertakings	98.632	-	98.632	-	98.632	%100	
16	Other exposures	1.753.627	1.073.299	986.665	129.746	1.116.385	%100	
17	Equity investments	1.299.142	-	1.299.142	-	2.619.108	% 202	
18	Total	88.432.328	68.966.082	85.199.996	7.024.739	65.142.312	%71	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Credit risk mitigation techniques - Standard approach (continued)

Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation effects

	Prior Period	Exposures before conversion fact risk mitigation		Exposures post conversion fact risk mitigation		Risk weighted amount and risk weighted amount density		
	Risk Groups	On-Balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-Balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Risk weighted amount density	
	Exposures to sovereigns and their							
1	central banks	11.964.119	221.694	12.005.882	44.339	-	%0	
	Exposures to regional and local	• • • • •				200		
2	governments	3.000	-	600	-	300	%50	
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and noncommercial entities	_	1.742	_	348	348	%100	
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	82.218	-	82.218	- 340	-	70100	
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	_	_		
6	Exposures to banks and securities firms	4.976.454	436.655	4.472.779	26.650	1.240.303	%28	
7	Exposures to corporates	41.637.462	44.276.755	41.594.623	4.922.440	43.814.473	%94	
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	_	-		
9	Exposures secured by residental real estate property	-	_	_	-	_		
	Exposures secured by commercial real							
10	estate property	1.295.263	-	1.295.263	-	647.631	%50	
11	Past due receivables	1.666.745	-	741.674	-	629.106	%85	
12	Exposures in higher-risk categories	64.831	1.286.638	64.830	42.773	160.512	%149	
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	_	_	_	_	_		
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	_	-	_		
15	Equity investments in the form of collective investment undertakings	73.685	-	73.685	-	73.685	%100	
16	Other exposures	1.444.248	395.980	1.005.657	208.459	1.116.424	%92	
17	Equity investments	1.010.704	-	1.010.705	-	2.098.520	%208	
18	Total	64.218.729	46.619.464	62.347.916	5.245.009	49.781.302	%74	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Exposures by asset classes and risk weights

	Current Period					50% Secured by Real Estate						Total Risk Amount (after CCR and
	Risk Groups/ Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	25%	Property	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	CVA)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	20.737.610	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.737.610
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	600	-	-	-	-	-	600
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and noncommercial entities	-	_	_	-	-	_	5.799	-	_	_	5.799
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	71.119	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	71.119
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
6	Exposures to banks and securities firms	-	-	4.402.043	-	2.102.638	-	77	-	-	-	6.504.758
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	323.102	-	4.186.627	-	55.431.158	-	300.167	-	60.241.054
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0
9	Exposures secured by property	-	-	-	_	1.297.496	-	-	-	-	-	1.297.496
10	Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	721.898	-	43.808	-	-	-	765.706
11	Exposures in higher-risk categories	_	_	-	_	294	_	3.931	82.183	-	-	86.408
12	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	_	-	_	-	_	0	-	-	-	0
13	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0
	Equity investments in the form of collective investment											
14	undertakings	_	-	-	_	_	-	98.632	-	-	-	98.632
15	Equity investments	-	_	-	_	_	_	419.165	_	-	879.977	1.299.142
16	Other exposures	26	_	-	-	-	_	1.116.385	-	-	-	1.116.411
17	Total	20.808.755	-	4.725.145	-	8.309.553	-	57.118.955	82.183	300.167	879.977	92.224.735

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Exposures by asset classes and risk weights (continued)

	Prior Period					50% Secured by	1 1				ļ	Total Risk
	-	-	1	1	<i>,</i>	Real Estate			1	1	1	Amount (after
	Risk Groups/ Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	25%		1 1	100%	150%	200%	Others	· · ·
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	12.050.221	<u> </u>	_		-		_		- 1	_	12.050.221
2	Exposures to regional and local governments		<u> </u>	_		600	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	_ !	600
	Exposures to administrative bodies and noncommercial		1	1	1		1		1		ļ ļ	
3	entities	_ [_	<u>.</u>	_		348	_		_ [348
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	82.218		_	<u>i</u>	_	_ '	_	_ 1	_ 7	_ !	82.218
5	Exposures to international organizations	_ !		_		-	_ '	-	_ '	- '	_!	-
6	Exposures to banks and securities firms	_ !	[3.364.860	- "	1.134.477	- '	92	- 1	- '	_ ,	4.499.429
7	Exposures to corporates	_ !	·	517.881	1	4.576.577	· - '	41.422.605	- 1	- '	_ '	46.517.063
8	Retail exposures	_ !	_ '	_		_	_ '	_		_ '	_	_
9	Exposures secured by property	_]		_	<u>i</u>	1.295.263	_ '	_	_ !		_ !	1.295.263
10	Past due receivables	_]	_			225.135		516.539	_		_ !	741.674
11	Exposures in higher-risk categories	_]		_	<u> </u>	294	_ '	1.197	106.112	_ *	_ !	107.603
12	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	_ !		_		-	'		1		_ !	-
	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and	1	1	1	1		·		,		ļ	
13	corporates		'	_			'		_			_
	Equity investments in the form of collective investment	1	1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1		1	1		
14	undertakings						'	73.685	_		_'	73.685
15	Equity investments		_	_		_		285.494	_ 1	_ !	725.211	1.010.705
16	Other exposures	97.692		_				1.116.424	_	_ !	_ !	1.214.116
17	Total	12.230.131	<u>-</u> '	3.882.741		7.232.346	<u> </u>	43.416.384	106.112	<u> </u>	725.211	67.592.925

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Analysis of counterparty credit risk exposure by approach

	Current Period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE	Alpha used for computing regulatory exposure at default	Exposure at default post Credit risk mitigation	Risk weighted amount
1	Standardised Approach (for derivatives)	2.094.213	538.647	-	-	2.632.860	1.107.872
2	Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	-	-	_		-	-
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	_	_	_	_	_	-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	_	_	_	_	1.395.907	809.653
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions	_	_	_	_	_	_
6	Total	-	-	-	-	-	1.917.525

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Analysis of counterparty credit risk exposure by approach (continued)

	Prior Period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	ЕЕРЕ	Alpha used for computing regulatory exposure at default	Exposure at default post Credit risk mitigation	Risk weighted amount
1	Standardised Approach (for derivatives)	2.099.433	448.023	-	-	2.547.456	1.158.148
2	Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	_	-	_	_	_	_
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	-	_	-	-		-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)	_	-	-	_	757.723	538.769
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions	_	_	_	-	_	-
6	Total	-	-	-	-	-	1.696.917

Credit valuation adjustment for capital charge

	Current Period	Exposure at default post- credit risk mitigation techniques	Risk weighted amount
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital charge	_	_
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	_	_
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	_	_
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital charge	2.632.860	828.330
4	Total subject to the CVA capital charge	2.632.860	828.330

	Prior Period	Exposure at default post- credit risk mitigation techniques	Risk weighted amount
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital charge	-	-
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	-	-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3*multiplier)	-	-
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital charge	2.547.456	864.195
4	Total subject to the CVA capital charge	2.547.456	864.195

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

 $Standardised\ approach-Counterparty\ credit\ risk\ (CCR)\ exposures\ by\ regulatory\ portfolio\ and\ risk\ weights$

Current Period									
Risk Weight									Total credit
Risk Groups	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	exposure(1)
Exposures to	0 /0	10 / 0	20 /0	30 /0	75/0	100 / 0	130 /0	Other	CAPOSUIC(1)
sovereigns and their									
central banks	581.890	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	581.890
Exposures to	201.070								501.070
regional and local									
governments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Exposures to									
administrative									
bodies and									
noncommercial									
entities	-	-	-	-	-	2.321	-	-	2.321
Exposures to									
multilateral									
development banks	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Exposures to									
international									
organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Exposures to banks									
and securities firms	-	-	677.836	1.734.992	-	-	-	_	2.412.828
Exposures to									
corporates	-	-	32.106	191.405	-	804.412	-	_	1.027.923
Retail exposures	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Receivables									
determined as high									
risk by the Board	_	-	-	-	-	_	3.599	_	3.599
Other exposures	-	-	-	_	-	206	-	_	206
Total	581.890	-	709.942	1.926.397	-	806.939	3.599	-	4.028.767

⁽¹⁾ Total Credit Exposures Amount: The amount which is related to capital adequacy calculation after implementation of counter party credit risk mitigation techniques.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Standardised approach – Counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights (continued)

Prior Period									
Risk Weight Risk Classes	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	Total credit exposure(1)
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	672.191	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	672.191
Exposures to regional and local governments	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Exposures to administrative bodies and noncommercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	5.658	-	-	5.658
Exposures to multilateral development banks	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Exposures to banks and securities firms	-	-	136.885	1.549.838	-	-	-	-	1.686.723
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	108.482	-	826.812	5.194	-	940.488
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	119	-	-	119
Total	672.191	-	136.885	1.658.320	-	832.589	5.194	-	3.305.179

⁽¹⁾ Total Credit Exposures Amount: The amount which is related to capital adequacy calculation after implementation of counter party credit risk mitigation techniques.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Collaterals used for counterparty credit risk

Current Period	Deriv	ative Financial I	nstrument Co	lleterals	Other Instrument Colleterals			
	Collatera	ıls received	Collate	rals given	Collaterals	Collaterals		
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	given		
Cash – domestic								
currency	-	-	-	-	55.658	-		
Cash – foreign								
currency	-	-	_	_	2.401.783	_		
Domestic sovereign								
debt	-	-	-	_	1.852	-		
Other sovereign								
debt	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Government								
agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	-	-	-	-	2.457.441	-		

Prior Period	Derivative Financial Instrument Colleterals Other Instrume					nent Colleterals
	Collatera	ıls received	Collate	rals given	Collaterals	Collaterals
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	given
Cash – domestic						
currency	-	-	-	-	165.542	_
Cash – foreign						
currency	_	-	-	_	1.370.448	_
Domestic sovereign						
debt	_	_	_	_	297	_
Other sovereign						
debt	_		_	_	_	_
Government						
agency debt	-	-	-	-	-	_
Corporate bonds	-	-	-	-	-	_
Equity securities	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	1.535.990	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Exposure to central counterparties

	Current P	eriod	Prior Pe	Prior Period		
	Exposure at Default Post – CRM	RWA	Exposure at Default Post – CRM	RWA		
Exposure to Qualified Central Counterparties						
(QCCPs) Total	493.771	7.758	299.619	5.739		
Exposures for trades at QCCPs (excluding initial margin						
and default fund contributions) of which	365.235	7.305	190.756	3.815		
(i) OTC Derivatives	364.519	7.290	188.337	3.767		
(ii) Exchange-traded Derivatives	690	14	2.414	48		
(iii) Securities financing transactions	26	1	5	-		
(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	_	_				
Segregated initial margin	112.907	_	47.932	_		
Non-segregated initial margin						
Pre-funded default fund contributions	15.628	454	60.931	1.924		
Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	_		
Exposures to non- Central Counterparties (QCCPs) Total		-	-			
Exposures for trades at non-QCCPs (excluding initial margin and default fund contributions); of which	-	-	-	-		
(i) OTC Derivatives	-	_	_	_		
(ii) Exchange-traded Derivatives	-	-	-	_		
(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-	-	-		
(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	-	-	-	-		
Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	_		
Non-segregated initial margin	-	_	-	_		
Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	_	-	_		
Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR (Continued)

INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Explanations related to consolidated risk management (continued)

Market Risk-standard approach

		Risk Weighted Amount (RWA)			
		Current Period	Prior Period		
	Outright products	_	-		
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	434.425	382.550		
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	28.488	24.925		
3	Foreign exchange risk	533.475	882.325		
4	Commodity risk	_	-		
	Options	- "			
5	Simplified approach	-	-		
6	Delta-plus method	_	-		
7	Scenario approach	_	-		
8	Securitisation	_	-		
9	Total	996.388	1.289.800		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets

1.a Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current Period		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash in TL/Foreign Currency	26	-	25	-	
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	24.633	2.450.924	14.691	2.023.420	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	24.659	2.450.924	14.716	2.023.420	

	Current Period(1)		Prior Period	
	\mathbf{TL}	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposits	3.696	19.500	14.691	16.706
Unrestricted time deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposits	-	-	-	-
Other (2)	20.937	2.431.424	-	2.006.714
Total	24.633	2.450.924	14.691	2.023.420

⁽¹⁾ Expected credit loss amounting to TL 1.313 (31 December 2021: TL 1.086) is allocated in "Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey".

As per the Communiqué numbered 2005/1 "Reserve Deposits" of the CBRT, banks keep reserve deposits at the CBRT for their TL and FC liabilities mentioned in the communiqué. Reserves are calculated and set aside every two weeks on Fridays for 14 days periods. The CBRT Required reserves of 2 May 2015 has started to pay interest to the Required reserves, reserve options and unrestricted account held in US dollars according to regulation released at 5 May 2015.

Pursuant to the Communiqué Amending the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves (No: 2013/15) dated April 23, 2022 and numbered 31818 (No: 2022/17); Except for the loan types specified in the communiqué, commercial cash loans of banks and financing companies in Turkish lira are subject to reserve requirements.

As per the "Communiqué on Amendments to be Made on Communiqué on Required Reserves" of Central Bank of Turkey, numbered 2011/11 and 2011/13, required reserves for Turkish Lira and Foreign currency liabilities are set at Central Bank of Turkey based on rates mentioned below. Reserve rates prevailing at 30 June 2022 are presented in table below:

Reserve Rates for Turkish Lira Liabilities (%)					
Original Maturity	Reserve Ratio				
Borrower Funds	8				
Until 1 year maturity (1 year include)	8				
1-3 year maturity (3 year include)	5,5				
More than 3 year maturity	3				

Reserve Rates for Foreign Currency Liabilities (%)					
Original Maturity	Reserve Ratio				
Borrower Funds	25				
Until 1 year maturity (1 year included)	21				
1-2 year maturity (2 year included)	16				
2-3 year maturity (3 year included)	11				
3-5 year maturity (5 year included)	7				
More than 5 year maturity	5				

⁽²⁾ Includes the amount of required reserves blocked at the CBRT for Turkish lira assets and foreign currency liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

2.a. Information on financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blockage:

As of the reporting date, the Group has no financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blockage (31 December 2021: None).

2.b Information on financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss given as repurchase agreements:

As of the reporting date, the Group has no financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements (31 December 2021: None).

2.c Positive differences related to derivative financial assets:

	Curren	t Period	Prior Period		
Derivative Financial Assets (1)	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	72.459	3.464	37.763	1.971	
Swap Transactions	1.473.472	591.643	1.732.072	420.944	
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	304	-	33	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	1.545.931	595.411	1.769.835	422.948	

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes amounting to TL 441.279 were presented at "Derivative Financial Assets" line (31 December 2021: TL 256.505).

As part of its economic hedging strategy, the Parent Bank has implemented TL cross currency interest rate swap transactions in which the Parent Bank's default risk is the reference. These swap agreements are subject to a direct closing condition for both the Parent Bank and the counterparty, in the event of a credit default event (such as a non-payment) related to the Parent Bank, to cancel the amounts accrued in the contract and all future payments. The market rediscount value of these swaps with a nominal value of USD 70 million as of 30 June 2022 is TL 541.366 and the average rates are between 2023 and 2027.

2.d Loans measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss:

Net Book Value	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	-	263.097

Include the loan granted to the special purpose entity as detailed in Section Five Note I.16. This loan is accounted under loans measured at fair value through profit/loss as per TFRS 9.

As of March 31, 2022, LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. owned by Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. 192.500.000.000 Group A registered shares representing 55% of the capital were sold to the Turkey Wealth Fund, and as a result of the collection made from the sale amount, the portion of the related loan corresponding to the Bank's share was closed. Provision has been made for the entire loan amount remaining after collection. It has been classified as non-performing loans as of 30 June 2022 and has been deducted from the records together with the specific provision amount set under TFRS 9 since there is no reasonable expectation regarding its recovery.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 3. Information on banks and foreign bank accounts

3.a Information on banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	58.030	423.916	282.457	471.829
Foreign	_	2.885.736	-	1.453.475
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	58.030	3.309.652	282.457	1.925.304

Expected credit loss amounting to TL 2.709 (31 December 2021: TL 1.740) is allocated in "Banks".

3.b Information on banks and foreign bank accounts:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be announced to Public by Banks".

4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

4.a.1 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government bonds	55.572	1.366.574	120.368	1.058.960
Treasury bills	-	-	-	-
Other government debt securities	-	-	-	-
Bank bonds and bank guaranteed bonds	-	-	-	-
Asset backed securities	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	55.572	1.366.574	120.368	1.058.960

4.a.2 Information on financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral or blockage:

As of 30 June 2022, all financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral comprise of financial assets are issued by the T.R. Undersecreteriat of Treasury. The carrying value of those assets is TL 4.169.530.

	Current Period		Prior F	eriod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Share certificates	-	-	-	-
Bond, Treasury bill and similar investment securities	1.349.076	2.820.454	1.200.532	2.275.660
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1.349.076	2.820.454	1.200.532	2.275.660

4.b Major types of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprised of government bonds 21%, Eurobonds 73,21% and shares and other securities 5,79% (31 December 2021: 25,23% government bonds, 68,23% Eurobonds, 6,54% shares and other securities).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)
- 4.c Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	12.050.251	8.869.824
Quoted on a stock exchange	2.715.411	2.608.355
Unquoted	9.334.840	6.261.469
Share certificates	395.199	287.607
Quoted on a stock exchange	34.258	34.697
Unquoted	360.941	252.910
Impairment provision(-)	(822.950)	(281.265)
Other	77.456	59.111
Total	11.699.956	8.935.277

The net book value of unquoted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income share certificates of the Group is TL 356.047 (31 December 2021: TL 245.786).

5. Information on loans

5.a Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Parent Bank:

	Curren	Current Period		Period
	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans	Cash Loans	Non-Cash Loans
Direct loans granted to shareholders	571.748	-	912.073	-
Corporate shareholders	571.748	-	912.073	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans granted to employees	3.298	-	1.304	-
Total	575.046	-	913.377	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.b Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans:

Current Period (1)		Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring		ler Close
	Standard Loans		Amendmer Conditions of	
Cash Loans		Loans Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized loans	57.782.713	3.219.845	5.789.444	86.949
Working Capital loans	7.841.647	309.108	2.019.797	_
Export loans	1.388.644	-	-	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	5.284.335	-	-	-
Consumer loans	3.298	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	43.264.789	2.910.737	3.769.647	86.949
Specialized loans	-	_	-	_
Other receivables	896.856	-	-	-
Total	58.679.569	3.219.845	5.789.444	86.949

⁽¹⁾ According to Parent Bank account plan purchasing Loans, Fleet Leasing Credits, Refinancing Loans and Portfolio Transfer Credits amounting to TL 4.476.574 shown under "Working Capital Loans", due to the nature of "Investment" shown under the category "other" in the above footnote.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.b Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans (continued):

Prior Period (1)		Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring		
	Standard Loans		Amendme Conditions of	
Cash Loans		Loans Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Non-specialized loans	53.944.662	2.815.924	4.651.931	68.803
Working Capital loans	9.547.442	393.277	1.914.595	68.803
Export loans	1.550.388	_	-	_
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	8.044.021	-	-	-
Consumer loans	1.304	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	34.801.507	2.422.647	2.737.336	-
Specialized loans	-	-	-	_
Other receivables	557.674	-	-	-
Total	54.502.336	2.815.924	4.651.931	68.803

⁽¹⁾ According to Parent Bank account plan purchasing Loans, Fleet Leasing Credits, Refinancing Loans and Portfolio Transfer Credits amounting to TL 2.232.238 shown under "Working Capital Loans", due to the nature of "Investment" shown under the category "other" in the above footnote.

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Standard Loans	Loans under Close Monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans under Close Monitoring
12 Months Expected Credit Loss	677.161	-	556.905	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	1.853.340	-	1.436.779

5.c Loans according to their maturity structure:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be announced to Public by Banks".

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.d Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel:

Current Period	Short Term	Medium and Long Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Individual Credit Cards-TL	-	-	-
With Installments	-	_	-
Without Installments	_	_	_
Individual Credit Cards-FC	_	_	_
With Installments	_	_	_
Without Installments	_	_	-
Personnel Loans- TL	249	3.049	3.298
Real Estate Loans		3.047	3.276
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
General Purpose Loans	249	3.049	3.298
Other		3.047	5.270
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC			
Real Estate Loans			
Vehicle Loans			
General Purpose Loans			
Other			
Personnel Loans-FC	-	_	-
Real Estate Loans			-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards- TL	_	_	_
	-	_	-
With Instalments	-	-	
Without Instalments	-	-	_
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	-	- 2.040	
<u>Total</u>	249	3.049	3.298

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.d Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards given to personnel (continued):

		Medium and Long	
Prior Period	Short Term	Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans –Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	_
Other	-	_	_
Individual Credit Cards-TL	-	-	_
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	_	-
Individual Credit Cards-FC	-	_	-
With Instalments	-	-	_
Without Instalments	-	_	-
Personnel Loans- TL	202	1.102	1.304
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans	202	1.102	1.304
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans- Indexed to FC	-	_	-
Real Estate Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	-	_	_
General Purpose Loans	_	_	-
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	_	_
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards- TL	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	-	-
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalments	-	_	_
Without Instalments	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Overdraft Accounts-FC (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Total	202	1.102	1.304

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)

5.e Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards:

The Parent Bank has not granted any commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards as of the reporting date (31 December 2021: None).

5.f Loans according to borrowers:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

5.g Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	67.504.325	61.814.867
Foreign Loans	271.482	224.127
Total	67.775.807	62.038.994

5.h Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct loans granted to subsidiaries and associates	1.056.546	997.287
Indirect loans granted to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
Total	1.056.546	997.287

5.i Specific provisions provided against loans or default (Stage 3) provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and other receivables with limited collectability	203.204	216.068
Loans and other receivables with doubtful collectability	922.154	572.507
Uncollectible loans and other receivables	335.280	336.483
Total	1.460.638	1.125.058

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.j Information on non-performing loans (net):

5.j.1 Information on loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled from non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period			
Gross amounts before provisions	308.455	1.536.924	286.207
Rescheduled loans	308.455	1.536.924	286.207
Prior Period			
Gross amounts before provisions	334.966	1.264.856	312.133
Rescheduled loans	334.966	1.264.856	312.133

5.j.2 Movement of non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
Current Period	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Prior Period End Balance	335.382	1.264.859	481.278
Additions (+)	16.610	-	556.281
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-performing	-	-	
Loans (+)			22
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (-)	-	22	-
Collections (-)	28.082	313	51.597
Write-offs (-)(1)	-	-	555.395
Sold (-)	-	-	
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Exchange Differences Related to Non-Performing			
Loans	109	272.400	35.441
Current Period End Balance	324.019	1.536.924	466.030
Provisions (-)	203.204	922.154	335.280
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	120.815	614.770	130.750

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 March 2022, Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., owned by LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. 192,500,000,000 Group A shares representing 55% of its capital were sold to the Turkey Wealth Fund, and as a result of the collection made from the sale amount, a collection was made from the related loan at the rate of the Bank's share. However, a provision for impairment has been made for the entire acquired asset. As of 30 June 2022, the risk related to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which has been fully provisioned, has been transferred to the follow-up accounts, and the amount transferred to the follow-up accounts and its specific provisions have been written off from the asset in accounting terms (555.395 Thousand TL). As of 30 June 2022, the effect of the Bank's NPL ratio is calculated as 76 basis points when the calculation is made by taking into account the loans written off.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.j Information on non-performing loans (net) (continued):
- 5.j.2 Movement of non-performing loans (continued):

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
Prior Period	Loans and Receivables With Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables With Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Prior Period End Balance	761.282	844.026	84.480
Additions (+)	12.681	1	470
Transfers from Other Categories of Non- performing Loans (+)	-	43.839	421.687
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-performing Loans (-)	356.372	109.154	_
Collections (-)	87.582	73.381	38.950
Write-offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Retail Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Exchange Differences Related to Non- Performing Loans	5.373	559.528	13.591
Current Period End Balance	335.382	1.264.859	481.278
Specific Provisions (-)	216.068	572.507	336.483
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	119.314	692.352	144.795

5.j.3 Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Uncollectible
	With Limited	With Doubtful	Loans and
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period			
Period End Balance	522	1.536.924	77.850
Specific Provision (-)	522	922.154	77.850
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	-	614.770	-
Prior Period			
Period End Balance	413	1.264.835	72.597
Specific Provision (-)	413	572.498	71.812
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	_	692.337	785

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5. Explanations on loans (continued)
- 5.j Information on non-performing loans (net) (continued):

5.j.4 Information regarding gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited	Loans and Receivables With	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	324.019	1.536.924	461.046
Specific Provision Amount (-)	(203.204)	(922.154)	(330.296)
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	120.815	614.770	130.750
Banks (Gross)	-	_	_
Specific Provision Amount (-)	_	_	_
Banks (Net)	_	_	_
Other Loans (Gross)	_	_	4.984
Specific Provision Amount (-)	_	_	4.984
Other Loans (Net)		-	-

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables With Limited	Loans and Receivables With	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Gross)	335.382	1.264.859	476.433
Specific Provision Amount (-)	216.068	572.507	331.638
Loans to Real Persons and Legal Entities (Net)	119.314	692.352	144.795
Banks (Gross)	_	_	_
Specific Provision Amount (-)	_	_	_
Banks (Net)	_	_	_
Other Loans (Gross)	_	_	4.845
Specific Provision Amount (-)	_	_	4.845
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-

5.j.5 Information on interest accruals, rediscount, and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III.Group	IV.Group	V.Group
	Loans with	Loans with	Uncollectible Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	
	Collectability	Collectability	
Current Period (Net)	-	108.957	23
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	109	272.400	35.441
Provision Amount (-)	109	163.443	35.418
Prior Period (Net)	4.686	288.631	13.135
Interest Accruals and Rediscount with Valuation Differences	5.373	559.528	13.591
Provision Amount (-)	687	270.897	456

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 5.k Main principles of liquidating non-performing loans and receivables:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

5.1 Explanations about the write-off policies from the assets:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

6. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

6.a The information was subjected to repurchase agreement and given as collateral/blocked amount of investments:

	Current Period		Prior I	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Collateralised/Blocked Investments	1.099.364	73.669	2.156.751	58.424
Subject to Repurchase Agreements	-	861.987	-	-
Total	1.099.364	935.656	2.156.751	58.424

6.b Information on government debt measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	8.558.260	3.955.703
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Debt Securities	-	-
Total	8.558.260	3.955.703

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

6.c Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities		
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	4.412.890	3.321.632
Not Quoted	4.145.370	634.071
Value Increase /(Decrease)	-	-
Total	8.558.260	3.955.703

6.d Movement of financial assets at amortized costs within the year :

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at Beginning of the Period	3.955.703	3.083.059
Foreign Currency Differences on Monetary Assets	468.610	306.095
Purchases During The Period	4.054.759	419.990
Disposals Through Sales And Redemptions	343.639	162.558
Valuation Effect	-	-
Interest Income Accruals	422.827	309.117
Balance at End of Period	8.558.260	3.955.703

Expected credit loss amounting to TL 9.667 is allocated in "Financial asset measured at amortized cost" (31 December 2021: TL 4.757).

7. Information on investments in associates (net):

7.a As per Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards unconsolidated associates and reason of unconsolidating:

Subsidiaries that are not included in the scope of consolidation since they are not financial affiliates are valued according to the equity method.

7.b Information on unconsolidated associates:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	Terme Metal Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (Terme)	Istanbul/Turkey	17,83	18,76
2	Ege Tarım Ürünleri Lisanslı Depoculuk A.Ş. (Ege Tarım)	Izmir/Turkey	10,05	20,10

Non-financial associates, as above, are not consolidated in accordance with the Communiqué on "Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks".

			Total Assets	Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit /Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
	1	Terme (1)	7.985	5.096	1.540	-	-	(61)	(58)	-
1	2	Ege Tarım	28.134	20.585	10.960	-	-	1.299	1.162	-

⁽¹⁾ Represents for the period ended 31 December 2021 financial statements. Prior year profit/loss is obtained from 31 December 2020 financial statements.

Information on associates disposed in the current period

In the current period the Group has not disposed any associates.

Information on associates purchased in the current period

In the current period the Group has not purchased any associates.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 7. Information on investments in associates (net) (continued):
- 7.c Information on the consolidated associates:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	
1	İş Faktoring A.Ş. (İş Faktoring)	Istanbul/Turkey	21,75	100,00
2	İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. (İş Finansal)	Istanbul/Turkey	29,46	58,23
3	İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (İş Girişim)	Istanbul/Turkey	16,67	56,79

						Income			
						from	Current		
				Total		Marketable	Period	Prior	
		Total		Fixed	Interest	Securities	Profit/Los	Period	
		Assets	Equity	Assets	Income	Portfolio	S	Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	İş Faktoring	9.151.834	763.833	5.961	598.894	_	154.932	66.921	-
2	İş Finansal (1)	26.947.929	2.549.052	49.976	628.842	-	447.054	157.071	690.979
3	İş Girişim (1)	279.244	275.816	2.707	4.649	52	330	(713)	94.809

⁽¹⁾ Fair value is calculated on the year-end stock market value.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	775.763	623.769
Movements During the Period	138.269	151.994
Purchases	-	-
Bonus Shares Received	-	-
Current Year Share of Profit (-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation Increase (1)	138.269	151.994
Provision for Impairment /cancellations	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	914.032	775.763
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ It includes accounting diferences with equity method.

Information on associates disposed in the current period

In the current period the Group has not disposed any associates.

Information on associates purchased in the current period

In current period the Group has not purchased any associates.

7.d Sectoral information of consolidated associates and the related carrying amounts in the legal books:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	166.134	140.176
Leasing Companies	701.928	589.665
Financial Service Companies	-	-
Other Financial Associates	45.970	45.922

7.e Information on consolidated associates quoted on stock market:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Associates Quoted on Domestic Stock Markets	747.898	635.587
Associates Quoted on Foreign Stock Markets	-	-

⁽²⁾ Non-financial investments in associates amounting to TL 1.921 are not included in the table (31 December 2021: TL 1.788).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 8. Information related to subsidiaries (net)
- 8.a Information related to equity component of subsidiaries:

	YF	TSKB GYO	Yatırım VKŞ
Current Period (1)	Current Period	Current Period	Current Period
CORE CAPITAL			
Paid-in Capital	63.500	650.000	150
Share Premium	-	1.136	_
Legal Reserves	11.359	8.848	48
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	20.841	-	_
Current and Prior Years' Profit / Loss	187.537	87.526	51
Leasehold Improvements (-)	1.140	-	-
Intangible Assets (-)	449	24	1
Total Core Capital	281.648	747.486	248
Supplementary Capital	-	-	-
Capital	-	-	-
Net Available Capital	281.648	747.486	248

⁽¹⁾ The information is obtained from financial statements subject to consolidation as of 30 June 2022.

	YF	TSKB GYO	Yatırım VKŞ	
Prior Period (1)	Prior Period	Prior Period	Prior Period	
CORE CAPITAL				
Paid-in Capital	63.500	650.000	150	
Share Premium	-	1.136	-	
Legal Reserves	6.887	8.848	-	
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	22.198	-	-	
Current and Prior Years' Profit / Loss	142.304	79.929	89	
Leasehold Improvements (-)	754	-	-	
Intangible Assets (-)	578	27	3	
Total Core Capital	233.557	739.886	236	
Supplementary Capital	-	-	-	
Capital	-	-	-	
Net Available Capital	233.557	739.886	236	

 $^{(1) \ \}textit{The information is obtained from financial statements subject to consolidation as of 31 \ December \ 2021.}$

Paid in capital has been indicated as Turkish Lira in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry. Effect of inflation adjustments on paid in capital is the difference caused by the inflation adjustment on shareholders' equity items. Extraordinary reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred with the General Assembly decision after distributable profit have been transferred to legal reserves. Legal reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred from distributable profit in accordance with the Article of 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code No 6102. The Parent Bank's internal capital adequacy assessment process is made annually on a consolidated basis. Consolidated subsidiaries and associates are included in the assessment.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)
- 8.b As per Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards unconsolidated subsidiaries and reason of unconsolidating and needed capital if they are subject to capital requirement:

TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., and TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. are valued at cost and are not consolidated since they are not financial subsidiaries. Unconsolidated subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are not subject to minimum capital requirement.

8.c Information related to unconsolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)	
1	TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş. (TSKB GMD)	Istanbul /Türkiye	99,99	99,99	
2	TSKB Sürdürülebilirlik Danışmanlığı A.Ş. (TSKB SD)	Istanbul/Türkiye	100	100	

		Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1	TSKB GMD	38.074	29.465	3.220	1.717	-	5.594	4.788	-
2	TSKB SD	9.996	9.551	172	1.351	-	2.430	124	-

8.d Information related to consolidated subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage-If different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.(YF)	Istanbul /Turkey	95,78	98,51
2	TSKB Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (TSKB GYO)	Istanbul/Turkey	89,15	89,15
3	Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100

	Total Assets	Shareholders' Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
YF (1)	2.256.272	283.425	10.375	107.101	1.867	53.300	45.038	-
TSKB GYO (1)(2)	753.253	747.510	557	1.069	-	7.597	(17.515)	2.426.535
Yatırım VKŞ (1)	627.029	249	-	-	-	12	30	-

⁽¹⁾ The financial data of the consolidated subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with BRSA regulations.

 $^{(2) {\}it Its fair value is calculated over the year-end stock market value}.$

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)
- 8.e Information related to consolidated subsidiaries: (continued)

Unconsolidated movement related subsidiaries subjected to consolidation is as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	881.621	581.897
Movements During the Period	53.187	299.724
Purchases (2)	-	133.469
Bonus Shares Obtained	-	-
Current Year Shares of Profit	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase / decrease (1)	53.187	166.255
Provision for Impairment /cancellations	-	-
Balance At the End of the Period	934.808	881.621
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	-	-

⁽¹⁾Includes accounting differences with the equity method.

The capital of the consolidated subsidiaries and the investments made in these subsidiaries are mutually offset within the scope of consolidation accounting transactions.

Subsidiaries disposed in the current period

In the current period, the Group does not have any subsidiaries disposed of.

Subsidiaries purchased in the current period

In the current period, the Group does not have any subsidiaries purchased.

⁽²⁾Non-financial subsidiaries amounting to TL 39.015 are not included in the table (31 December 2021: TL 36.115).

⁽³⁾ After the capital increase of 150.000.000-TL (full amount) made by TSKB REIT, the Bank acquired TSKB REIT shares amounting to TL 133.469.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 8. Information related to subsidiaries (net) (continued)

8.f Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts in the legal books:

Subsidiaries	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	_	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Financial Service Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	934.808	881.621

8.g Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	663.340	656.641
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-

9. Information related to entities under common control

TSKB GYO, one of the subsidiaries of the Parent Bank, established a joint venture with Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. in Adana under the name of Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı ("Adana Hotel Project") on 26 May 2011 and Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi on 27 March 2015.

The capital structure of the Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı ("Adana Hotel Project") is designated as 50% of participation Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and 50% of participation for TSKB GYO. The main operations of Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı is to start, execute, and complete the hotel project which will be operated by Divan Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. (previous name "Palmira Turizm Ticaret A.Ş.").

The capital structure of Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi is designated as 50% of participation Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and 50% of participation for TSKB GYO. The main operations of Anavarza Otelcilik Anonim Şirketi is tourism oriented hotels, motels, accommodation facilities, gastronomy, sports, entertainment and health care.

Bilici Yatırım TSKB GYO Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı Ticari İşletmesi, owned by TSKB GYO with 50%-50% Bilici Yatırım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş has been transformed into a company named "Yarsuvat Turizm Anonim Şirketi" together with all its assets and liabilities, as a whole, by changing the type.

Transformation of Bilici Yatırım TSKB GYO Adana Otel Projesi Adi Ortaklığı Ticari İşletmesi to Yarsuvat Turizm Anonim Şirketi and after transformation transfer to Anavarza Otelcilik A.Ş. with all its assets and liabilities as a whole was completed with the Merger document of Adana Chamber of Commerce dated 20.12.2019 and numbered 9647.

	Total Assets	Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Securities Income	Current Year Profit /Loss	Prior Year Profit /Loss	Fair Value
Anavarza Hotelier Corporation	15.142	(6.785)	4.083	150	-	3.114	130	15.142

10. Information on finance lease receivables (net)

10.a Maturities of investments on finance leases:

	Current	Period	Prior Period			
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net		
Less than 1 year	86.680	79.515	71.473	65.843		
Between 1- 4 years	144.215	124.332	139.980	127.005		
More than 4 years	251.867	192.844	180.885	153.719		
Total	482.762	396.691	392.338	346.567		

⁽¹⁾ Expected credit loss amounting to TL 86.027 (31 December 2021: TL 74.350) is allocated in "Lease Receivables".

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

10.b The information on net investments in finance leases:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross investments in finance leases	482.762	392.338
Unearned revenue from finance leases (-)	86.071	45.771
Cancelled finance leases (-)	-	-
Net investments in finance leases	396.691	346.567

10.c Explanation with respect to finance lease agreements, the criteria used in determination of contingent rents, conditions for revisions or purchase options, updates of leasing amounts and the restrictions imposed by lease arrangements, whether arrays in repayment occur, whether the terms of the contract are renewed, if renewed, the renewal conditions, whether the renewal results any restrictions, and other important conditions of the leasing agreement:

Finance lease agreements are made in accordance with the related articles of the Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Company Law No. 6361. There are no restructuring or restrictions having material effect on financial statements.

11. Positive differences on derivative financial assets held for hedging purposes:

There is a positive differences amounting to TL 441.279 related to derivative financial assets for hedging purposes (31 December 2021: positive differences amounting to TL 256.505).

As of 30 June 2022, the net fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments carried in the contract amount and the balance sheet are summarized in the following table:

	C	urrent Period		Prior Period			
	Face Value	Asset	Liability	Face Value	Asset	Liability	
Interest Rate Swap	14.026.727	41.021	(49.032)	19.085.248	208.148	_	
FC	14.026.727	41.021	(49.032)	19.085.248	208.148	_	
TL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Money Swap	9.626.414	400.258	-	7.926.855	48.357	-	
FC	9.626.414	400.258	-	7.926.855	48.357	_	
TL	-	-	-	-	-	-	

11.a Information on fair value hedge accounting:

Current Period Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item (*)	Fair Value of Hedging Instrument (1)		Income St Effect (Profit/Loss Through Derivative Financial Instruments)
				Asset	Liability	
	Fixed Rate					
Interest Rate Swap	Eurobond and	Interest				
Transactions	Green bond Issued	Rate Risk	16.402	-	(14.104)	2.298
Interest Rate Swap	Fixed Rate	Interest				
Transactions	Loans Used	Rate Risk	52.014	-	(50.962)	1.052
Cross Money Swap	Fixed Rate	Interest				
Transactions	Eurobond Issued	Rate Risk	(28.386)	33.389	-	5.003

⁽¹⁾ The fair value of hedged item is presented as net market value less credit risk and accumulated interest.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)

11.b Information on fair value hedge accounting (continued)

Prior Period Hedging Item	Hedged Item	Type of Risk	Fair Value Change of Hedged Item (1)	Fair Value of Hedging Instrument (1)		Fair Value of Hedging Instrument (1) In		Income St Effect (Profit/Loss Through Derivative Financial Instruments)
				Asset	Liability			
	Fixed Rate							
	Eurobond and							
Interest Rate Swap	Green bond	Interest						
Transactions	Issued	Rate Risk	(111.338)	117.468	-	6.130		
Interest Rate Swap	Fixed Rate	Interest						
Transactions	Loans Used	Rate Risk	(24.900)	24.016	-	(884)		
Cross Money Swap	Fixed Rate	Interest						
Transactions	Eurobond Issued	Rate Risk	(72.869)	73.489	-	620		

⁽¹⁾ The fair value of hedged item is presented as net market value less credit risk and accumulated interest.

12. Information on tangible assets (net)

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

13. Information on intangible assets

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

14. Information on investment properties

In the current period, the Group has three investment properties with a net book value of TL 336.178 (31 December 2021: TL 336.178) belonging to the Parent Bank's subsidiary operating in the real-estate investment trust sector. Investment properties movement table as of 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 is as follows:

Current Period	Opening Balance of Current Period	Additions	Disposals	Change in Fair Value	Closing Balance of Current Period
Tahir Han	50.400	-	-	-	50.400
Pendorya Mall	185.502	-	-	-	185.502
Adana Divan Hotel	100.276	-	-	-	100.276
Total	336.178	-	-	-	336.178

Prior Period	Closing Balance of Prior Period	Additions	Disposals	Change in Fair Value	Closing Balance of Prior Period
Tahir Han	37.195	-	-	13.205	50.400
Pendorya Mall	158.430	844	-	26.228	185.502
Adana Divan Hotel	83.898	-	(1.892)	18.270	100.276
Total	279.523	844	(1.892)	57.703	336.178

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 15. Information on deferred tax assets

15.a Temporary differences, tax losses, exemptions and deductions reflected to balance sheet as deferred tax asset:

The Group has computed deferred tax asset or liability on "temporary differences" arising from carrying values of assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements and their tax bases.

Deferred tax asset:	Current period	Prior period
Loan commissions accrual adjustment	35.802	24.877
Other provisions	648.899	536.267
Employee benefit provision	14.844	6.794
Marketable securities	411.921	134.352
Other (1)	14.892	13.556
Total Deferred Tax Asset	1.126.358	715.846
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Marketable securities	(1.897)	(1.064)
Borrowings commissions accrual adjustment	(26.000)	(17.086)
Valuation of derivative instruments	(396.257)	(292.102)
Useful life difference of fixed assets	(1.813)	(2.101)
Others	(26.009)	(6.910)
Total Deferred Tax Liability	(451.976)	(319.263)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	674.382	396.583

⁽¹⁾ In the other item, there is also a deferred asset related to hedge accounting amounting to TL 13.004. (31 December 2021: TL 4.982 tax asset).

	Current period	Prior period
Deferred Tax as of 1 January Asset / (Liability) - Net	396.583	173.911
Deferred Tax (Loss) / Gain	120.991	128.226
Deferred Tax that is Realized Under Shareholder's Equity	156.808	94.446
Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability) Net	674.382	396.583

15.b Temporary differences over which deferred tax asset are not computed and recorded in the balance sheet in prior periods, if so, their expiry date, losses and tax deductions and exceptions:

There is no temporary differences over which deferred tax asset are not computed and recorded in the balance sheet in prior periods. (31 December 2021: None).

15.c Allowance for deferred tax and deferred tax assets from reversal of allowance:

There is no allowance for deferred tax and deferred tax assets from reversal of allowance (31 December 2021: None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated assets (continued)
- 16. Explanations on assets held for sale:

	Current period	Prior period
Net book Value at beginnig of the period	64.403	64.403
Cash Paid for Purchase (*)	-	-
Expected Loss (-)	64.403	-
Net book Value at end of the period	-	64.403

The Parent Bank have reached an agreement on restructuring the debts of Ojer Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (OTAŞ), the major shareholder of Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Türk Telekom) provided under the loan agreements. It was completed that 192.500.000.000 Class A shares owned by OTAŞ in Türk Telekom, representing 55% of Türk Telekom's issued share capital, which have been pledged as security for the existing loan facilities of OTAŞ, would be taken over by a special purpose vehicle incorporated or to be incorporated in the Republic of Turkey, owned directly or indirectly by the creditors. The Parent Bank has participated in LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. which was established within this context with 1.6172% stake and amounting to TL 64.403. The Parent Bank considered the related investment within the scope of TFRS 5 "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

As of 30 June 2022, LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. owned by Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. 192.500.000.000 A group registered shares representing 55% of its capital were sold to the Turkey Wealth Fund, and as a result of the collection made from the sales amount, a collection was made from the related loan in proportion to the Bank's share. However, as of 30 June 2022, a provision for impairment has been made for the entire acquired asset.

17. Information about other assets

17.a Other assets which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total and breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total:

Other assets do not exceed 10% of total assets, excluding off-balance sheet commitments (31 December 2021: None).

- II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities:
- 1. Information on maturity structure of deposits
- 1.a.1 Maturity structure of deposits:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.a.2 Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.b Information on the scope whether the bank with a foreign head office suits saving deposit insurance of the related country:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

1.c Saving deposits which are not under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

2. Negative differences table related to derivative financial liabilities:

	Current	Period	Prior Period	
Derivative Financial Liabilities (1)	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	31.008	3.366	209.013	1.719
Swap Transactions	469.714	436.385	592.257	318.257
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	304	-	33
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	500.722	440.055	801.270	320.009

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes amounting to TL 49.032 (31 December 2021: None) were presented at "Derivative Financial Liabilities" line.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and disclosure related to the consolidated liablities (continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions
- 3.a General information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prio	r Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	14.000	313.879	30.018	269.301
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and				
Funds	-	63.462.646	89.213	53.885.508
Total	14.000	63.776.525	119.231	54.154.809

3.b Maturity analysis of funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	14.000	-	30.018	-
Medium and long-term	-	63.776.525	89.213	54.154.809
Total	14.000	63.776.525	119.231	54.154.809

3.c Information about the marketable securities issued:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Nominal	929.850	18.223.700	857.450	14.420.450
Cost	914.609	18.130.643	853.809	14.346.814
Book Value	949.632	18.678.021	879.492	14.927.941

As of 16 January 2018, the Bank issued the debt instrument which have nominal value of full USD 350 Million, redemption date of 16 January 2023 with fixed interest rate of 5,608%, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

As of 23 January 2020, the Bank issued Eurobond with the nominal amount of full USD 400 Million. Interest rate of these debt instruments determined as 6% which have the redemption date of 23 January 2025 with fixed interest rate, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

As of 14 January 2021, the Bank issued Eurobond with the nominal amount of full USD 350 Million. Interest rate of these debt instruments determined as 5,875% which have the redemption date of 14 January 2026 with fixed interest rate, 5 years maturity and semiannual coupon payment.

Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş. On April 27, 2022 and May 18, 2022, it issued debt instruments with a nominal amount of TL 333,550,000, redemption dates on July 27, 2022 and August 24, 2022 at simple interest rates of 18,00 and 19,00, with maturities of 91 days and 98 days.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (continued)
- 3.c Information about the marketable securities issued (continued)

Information on securities issued during the period are as follows:

ISIN Code	Fund User	Issue Amount(TL)	Issue Date	Redemption Date
TRDYVKSE2214	MNG Kargo Yurtiçi ve Yurtdışı Taşımacılık A.Ş.	75.000.000	14/10/2020	12/10/2022
TRDYVKS12326	MLP Sağlık Hizmetleri A.Ş.	70.000.000	15/01/2021	12/01/2023
TRDYVKS72213	Zorlu Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	80.000.000	10/03/2022	07/07/2022
TRDYVKS82212	Zorlu Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	100.000.000	14/04/2022	12/08/2022
TRDYVKSK2216	MLP Sağlık Hizmetleri A.Ş.	275.300.000	25/05/2022	21/11/2022
TRDYVKSE2214	MNG Kargo Yurtiçi ve Yurtdışı Taşımacılık A.Ş.	75.000.000	14/10/2020	12/10/2022

^(*) The amount of thousand of TL 4.000 included in the portfolio of Group is eliminated in financials.

3.d Additional information about the concentrated areas of liabilities:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

4. Other liabilities which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total and the breakdown of these which constitute at least 20% of grand total

There are no other liabilities which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2021: None).

- 5. Explanations on financial lease obligations (net)
- **5.a** Explanations on finance lease payables:

The Group has no finance lease payables (31 December 2021: None).

5.b Explanations regarding operational leases:

As of the reporting date, 2 head office building, 9 branches, 23 cars, and 357 computers of the Group companies are within the context of operational leasing. (31 December 2021: 2 head office building, 9 branches, 21 cars, and 355 computers are subject to operational leasing). In the current period, the Bank has Lease liability within the scope of TFRS16 amounting to TL 5.832 related to operational lease transactions (31 December 2021: TL 4.678).

5.c Explanations on the lessor and lessee in sale and lease back transactions, agreement conditions, and major agreement terms:

The Group has no sale and lease back transactions as of the reporting date (31 December 2021: None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)

6. Negative differences tablo related to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge (1)	-	49.032	-	-
Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-
Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-
Total	-	49.032	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purpose is classified in "Derivative Financial Liabilities" line in the balance sheet.

7. Information on provisions

7.a Foreign exchange losses on the foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables:

As of the reporting date, the Parent Bank has no foreign exchange losses on the foreign currency indexed loans amount (31 December 2021: None).

7.b The specific provisions provided for unindemnified non cash loans:

As of the reporting date, the Parent Bank's specific provisions provided for unindemnified non cash loans amounts to TL 1.648 (31 December 2021: TL 1.458).

The Parent Bank has an expected loss provision amounting to TL 63.024 for non-cash loans (31 December 2021: TL 60.635)

7.c Information related to other provisions:

7.c.1 Provisions for possible losses:

Free provision amounting to TL 720.000 provided by the Bank management in the current period for possible results of the circumstances which may arise from possible changes in the economy and market conditions. (31 December 2021: TL 440.000)

7.c.2 Information on employee termination benefits and unused vacation accrual

The Bank has calculated reserve for employee termination benefits by using actuarial valuations as set out in the TAS 19 and reflected the calculated amount to the financial statements.

As of 30 June 2022, employee termination benefits is amounting to TL 49.743 (31 December 2021: TL 27.863) and unused vacation amounting to TL 10.187 (31 December 2021: TL 5.504). is classified under reserve for employee benefits in the financial statements.

Liabilities on pension rights

As explained on the Section Three, Accounting Policies, XVII. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits as of 30 June 2022, the Bank has no obligations on pension rights (31 December 2021: None).

Liabilities for pension funds established in accordance with Social Security Institution None (31 December 2021:None).

Liabilities resulting from all kinds of pension funds, foundations etc. which provide post-retirement benefits for the employees

The Parent Bank's present value of the liabilities of TSKB A.Ş. Memur ve Müstahdemleri Yardım ve Emekli Vakfı fund, subject to the transfer to the Social Security Institution of the Pension Fund as of 31 December 2021 has been calculated by an independent actuary in accordance with the actuarial assumptions in the Law and as per actuarial report dated 17 January 2022, there is no need for technical or actual deficit to book provision as of 31 December 2021.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)
- 7. Information on provisions (continued)
- 7.c Information related to other provisions: (continued)
- 7.c.2 Information on employee termination benefits and unused vacation accrual (continued)

Accordingly, as of 30 June 2022 the Parent Bank has no requirements for the benefits transferable to the fund and for other benefits not transferable to the fund and arising from other social rights and payments covered by the existing trust indenture of the Fund and medical benefits provided for employees in accordance to the law explained in Section 3 Note 16, the accounting policies related with employee benefits.

7.c.3 Information on litigation provisions:

As of June 30, 2022, the Group has reflected provision for lawsuits amounting to TL 40,000 (December 31, 2021: None).

7.c.3 If other provisions exceeds 10% of total provisions, the name and amount of sub-accounts: None.

- 8. Information on tax liability
- 8.a Information on current tax liability
- **8.a.1** Information on tax liability:

	Current Period		Current Period Prior Period		riod
Corporate Taxes and Deferred Taxes	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Corporate Tax Liability	485	-	198.690	-	
Deferred Tax Liability	6.476	-	-	-	
Total	6.961	-	198.690	-	

8.a.2 Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Taxes Payable	485	198.690
Taxation of Securities	3.521	7.413
Capital gains tax on property	-	-
Banking and Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	15.411	11.603
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	-	-
Value Added Tax Payable	940	2.696
Other	5.355	3.762
Total	25.712	224.164

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (Continued)
- 8. Information on tax liability (continued)

8.a.3 Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	501	302
Social Security Premiums-Employer	570	349
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	130	86
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	255	171
Other	-	-
Total	1.456	908

8.b Explanations on deferred taxes liabilities:

As of the balance sheet date, the Group has a deferred tax liability of TL 6.476. (31 December 2021: None).

9. Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

10. Explanations on the number of subordinated loans the group used, maturity, interest rate, institution that the loan was borrowed from, and conversion option, if any:

Not prepared in compliance with the Article 25 of the communique "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks".

11. Information on shareholders' equity

11.a Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	2.800.000	2.800.000
Preferred Stock	-	-

11.b Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system ceiling is applicable at bank, if so amount of registered share capital:

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital System	2.800.000	7.500.000

11.c Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in current period:

In line with the decision taken at the Ordinary General Assembly meeting held on March 29, 2022, the Bank has not increased its capital in the current period.

In line with the decision taken at the Ordinary General Assembly meeting held on March 25, 2021, the Bank has not increased its capital during the current period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated liabilities (continued)
- 11. Information on shareholders' equity (continued)
- 11.d Information on share capital increases from capital reserves:

None (31 December 2021: None).

11.e Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

The Parent Bank has no capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period (31 December 2021: None).

11.f Indicators of the Parent Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The prior period income, the profitability and liquidity of the Parent Bank and their trends in the successive periods are followed by Budget Planning and Investor Relations Department by considering the outcomes of the potential changes in the foreign exchange rate, interest rate and maturity alterations on profitability and liquidity under several different scenario analyses. The Parent Bank operations are profitable and the Parent Bank keeps the major part of its profit by capital increases or capital reserves within the shareholders' equity.

11.g Information on preferred shares:

The Parent Bank has no preferred shares (31 December 2021: None).

11.h Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities Under				
Common Control (1)	115.021	-	141.565	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or				
Loss	417.698	(847.045)	109.015	(216.782)
Valuation Differences	281.500	(847.045)	4.590	(216.782)
Foreign Exchange Difference	136.198	-	104.425	-
Total	532.719	(847.045)	250.580	(216.782)

⁽¹⁾ The amounts of the investments valued according to the equity method are included in other comprehensive income.

11.i Informations on legal reserves:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

11.j Informations on extraordinary reserves:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

12. Informations on minority shares:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

III. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities

1.a Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments for Forward Purchase and Sales of Assets	1.284.493	715.188
Commitments for Stock Brokerage Purchase and Sales	132.730	(446.791)
Commitments for Money Market Brokerage Purchase and Sales	55.255	116.150
Commitments from Forward Short Term Borrowing and Transfers	1.113.422	378.227
Capital commitments for Subsidiaries and Associates (1)	154.941	157.380
Other	3.102.568	1.442.295
Total	5.843.409	2.362.449

⁽¹⁾ The remaining amount of the Parent Bank's commitment to purchase the shares of the Turkish Growth and Innovation Fund (TGIF), which is planned to be established by the European Investment Fund (EIF), and the Parent Bank's TSKB It includes the capital participation commitment amount for the cash capital increase of Sustainability A.Ş.

1.b Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items including items listed below:

1.b.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, surety and acceptances, financial collaterals and other letters of credits:

As of the reporting date, total letters of credits, surety and acceptance amount to TL 5.862.813 (31 December 2021: TL 5.370.014).

1.b.2 Certain guarantees, tentative guarantees, surety ships and similar transactions:

As of the reporting date, total letters of guarantee is TL 3.337.499 (31 December 2021: TL 2.912.801).

1.c.1 Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash Loans Given Against Achieving Cash Loans	1.285.669	1.285.669
With Maturity of One Year or Less than One Year	88.233	88.233
With Maturity of More than One Year	1.197.436	1.197.436
Other Non-Cash Loans	7.914.643	6.997.146
Total	9.200.312	8.282.815

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

III. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities (continued)

1.c.2 Information on sectoral risk breakdown of non-cash loans:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

1.c.3 Information on non cash loans classified under Group I and Group II:

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

2. Information related to derivative financial instruments

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

3. Explanations on loan derivatives and risk exposures

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets

There are 57 legal cases against the Group which are amounting to TL 921 as of the reporting date (31 December 2021: TL 921 - 58 legal cases).

Tax Audit Committee inspectors made an investigation for the years 2008-2011 about the payments made by the Parent Bank and employees to "Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Munzam Sosyal Güvenlik ve Yardımlaşma Vakfı" (Foundation) established in accordance with the decisions of Turkish Commercial Law and Civil Law as made to all Foundations in the sector. According to this investigation it has been communicated that the amount Parent Bank is obliged to pay is a benefit in the nature of fee for the members of Foundation worked at the time of payment, the amount Foundation members are obliged to pay should not been deducted from the basis of fee; accordingly tax audit report was issued with the claim that it should be taken penalized income tax surcharge / penalized stump duty deducted from allowance and total amount of TL 17.325 tax penalty notice relating to period in question to Parent Bank relying on this report.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

III. Explanations related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets (continued):

Some of the lawsuits are decided favorable, remaining of lawsuits are decided unfavorable by the tax courts of first instance. On the other hand, appeal and objection have been requested by the Parent Bank against the decision of the Court with respect to the Parent Bank and by the administration against the decision of the Court with respect to the administration and completion of appeal process is waited. The tax and penalty notices related to the decision of the tax court of first instance against the Parent Bank are accrued by administration depending on legal process and as of 31 July 2014 the Parent Bank has made total payments amounting to TL 22.091.

A similar case has been submitted to the Constitutional Court in the form of individual remedies by the main shareholder of the parent Bank in relation to the parent Bank's liabilities to pay, the Constitutional Court gave the decision with court file number 2014/6192. According to court decision published in the Official Gazette dated 21 February 2015 and numbered 29274, the assessments against the Parent Bank was contrary to the principle of legality and the Parent Bank's property rights has been violated. This decision is considered to be a precedent for the Parent Bank and an amount of TL 12.750 corresponding to the portion that the Parent Bank was obliged to pay for the related period is recognized as income in the prior period.

Due to the ownership of Pendorya AVM, which is built on the real estate owned by TSKB REIT registered in Istanbul Province, Pendik District, Doğu Mahallesi, 105 Map, 865 Island, Plot 64, Sağlam Satış ve Paz. Inc. (Malazlar A.Ş.) Pendik 2nd Civil Court of First Instance, prevention of seizure against IMM Presidency and road contractor Karacan Yapı on the grounds that some of the side road construction around Pendorya AVM passes through the parcels owned by it, He filed a lawsuit with the demand for the collection of TL 7 compensation from the defendants, without prejudice to his rights. TSKB REIT intervened alongside the defendants

Relating to immovable property, subject of litigation discovery review and expert reports were submitted to the court file. Objections to the report and statement of TSKB GYO has been given. IBB Presidency has declared that expropriation proceedings related to the subject have been initiated. For this reason, lawsuit was removed from "Possessory Actions" and converted to the "Confiscating without expropriating" by the judge.

Accepting in the new case, the plaintiff claimed compensation from the Administration and in order to determine the amount of compensation the Court decided an expert examination since the information provided by the Land Registry and the Municipality was not deemed sufficient. Expert reports submitted to the Court on 30 May 2013 and the Court decided to add Pendik Municipality as a defendant in the case. At the latest hearing on 24 December 2013 it was decided to accept the expert reports and Pendik Municipality to pay the relevant amount (TL 645) to the plaintiff. The reasoned decision has been notified, the decision which has been appealed by the appellant and the respondent Pendik Municipality has turned deteriorate the Supreme Court decision was a request for the correction requested by the İstanbul Metropolitan Municipality (IMM). The decision has been requested adjustment by IMM and plaintiff Sağlam Satış ve Paz. A.Ş. (Malazlar A.Ş.). Breaking decision of the Supreme Court is expected to evaluate the requests for correction of decision. The Court decided to apply of Supreme Court's decision to dismiss. The notification of reasoned decision is expected.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

III. Explanations related to the consolidated off-balance sheet items (continued)

4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets (continued):

Beyoğlu Municipality approved the reclaim of TSKB GYO for the Building II which has the location as 1486 map and 76 parcel in Fındıklı in Beyoğlu, Istanbul for the forfeiture because of zoning change. However, Municipality of Beyoğlu sued because of no approbation by Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality, in order to keep rights on the subject.

The court made a decision as no solution for the relevant claim due to Beyoğlu Municipality approved the reclaim. However, there has to be permission by Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality, and Cultural and Natural Heritage Preservation Board for the exact result. Thats why, decision was appealed by the company. The Council of State reversed the judgement based on unappropriate zoning plan changes with the decision of 28 March 2014. In addition, a new implementation development plan covering the Fındıklı Building II, which has been canceled by the judicial authorities and which is owned by TSKB GYO, is being prepared by the Municipality of Beyoğlu on December 21, 2010, the 1/1000 Scaled Beyoğlu District Protected Urban Site Protected Development Plan. For this content, TSKB GYO's application were made in writing to the Beyoğlu Municipality on 28 October 2014 in order to plan by taking into account the 1/1000 Scale Implementation Plan which is being prepared by the Municipality of Beyoğlu and the Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality. The court requested the Municipality to ask the plan including the immovable subject to the decision of the Council of State is still in force as a result of the decision of dismissal and that the plan canceled by the court in the letter sent from the Municipality is still valid answered in the form. In the case which was started to discuss again in court; an expert opinion examination was made. The Court has ruled in favor of the Parent Bank by canceling the administrative proceeding. Against decision, within the legal period, Beyoğlu Municipality has applied for the appeal law and it is expected that the file will be sent to Istanbul Regional Administrative Court for examination and, if necessary, for re-trial.

A lawsuit was filed by one of the investors of TSKB GYO on the cancellation of the 5th, 7th and 9th articles decided at the Ordinary General Assembly meeting on 27 April 2018. Although the request for the case was demanded to stop the execution of the 5th and 7th articles, the request for interim injunction requested for the suspension of the execution was rejected and an appeal was filed by the plaintiff. The trial is ongoing.

According to the Legal Department of the Parent Bank, other lawsuits filed against the Parent Bank are not expected to have a significant impact on the financial statements. The provision for a lawsuit filed against the Bank is included in the Note 7.c.3 of Section Five.

5. Custodian and intermediary services

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement

1. Information on interest income

1.a Information on interest on loans:

	Current Period		Prior	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest on Loans (1)				
Short Term Loans	177.667	99.605	159.675	83.569
Medium and Long Term Loans	187.284	1.794.723	165.457	946.661
Interest on Non-performing Loans	1.627	9.914	20	25.488
Premiums received from Resource Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	366.578	1.904.242	325.152	1.055.718

⁽¹⁾ Commission income from loans has been included to the interest on loans.

1.b Information on interest received from banks:

		Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
The Central Bank of Turkey (1)	308	_	371	-	
Domestic Banks	8.100	2.502	7.938	2.383	
Foreign Banks	-	360	-	522	
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	8.408	2.862	8.309	2.905	

⁽¹⁾ Interests given to the Turkish Lira and US Dollar portion of the CBRT Required Reserves, reserve options and unrestricted accounts have been presented under "The Central Bank of Turkey" line in the financial statements.

1.c Information on interest received from marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and				
Loss	1.870	-	1.899	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other				
Comprehensive Income	238.553	250.765	140.393	78.844
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	994.059	46.374	196.053	4.122
Total	1.234.482	297.139	338.345	82.966

As stated in the accounting policies, the Parent Bank makes the valuation of the Consumer Price Indexed government bonds in the securities portfolio based on the reference index on the issue date and the index calculated by taking into account the estimated inflation rate. The estimated inflation rate used in the valuation is updated during the year when deemed necessary. As of 30 June 2022, the valuation of the said assets was based on an annual 66.5% inflation forecast. (30 June 2021: 13.5%)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

1. Information on interest income (continued)

1.d Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Received from Associates and Subsidiaries and Commission Income	18.887	14.269

2. Information on interest expense

2.a Information on interest on funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	6.487	273.988	19.509	76.296
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	_
Domestic Banks	2.386	99.304	9.994	1.916
Foreign Banks	4.101	174.684	9.515	74.380
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	_
Other Financial Institutions	-	374.510	-	182.413
Total (1)	6.487	648.498	19.509	258.709

⁽¹⁾ Commissions given to the Banks and Other Institutions are presented under interest expense.

2.b Information on interest expenses to associates and subsidiaries:

There is no interest expense to its associates and subsidiaries (30 June 2021: None).

2.c Information on interest expense to securities issued:

		t Period		Period
	TL FC		TL	FC
Interest on securities issued (1)	21.788	642.764	-	456.383

 $^{(1) \} Commissions \ given \ to \ is suance \ have \ been \ included \ to \ interest \ expense.$

3. Information on dividend income

Not prepared in accordance with the Article No.25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

4. Information on net trading income (net)

	Current period	Prior period
Profit	4.220.109	1.831.327
Gains on capital market operations	25.753	1.827
Gains on derivative financial instruments (1)	3.687.117	1.350.724
Foreign exchange gains	507.239	478.776
Losses (-)	3.731.543	1.834.755
Losses on capital market operations	1.278	1.393
Losses on derivative financial instruments (1)	1.750.197	833.005
Foreign exchange losses	1.980.068	1.000.357

⁽¹⁾ Foreign exchange gain from derivative transactions amounting to TL 2.339.403 is presented in "Gains on derivative financial instruments" (30 June 2021: TL 838.586), foreign exchange loss from derivative transactions amounting to TL (594.108) is presented in "Losses on derivative financial instruments" (30 June 2021: TL (431.253)).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

5. Information related to other operating income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions Released	38.751	28.962
Gains on Sale of Assets	212	73
From Associate and Subsidiary Sales	-	_
From Immovable Fixed Asset Sales	_	_
From Property Sales	212	73
From Other Asset Sales	_	_
Other (1)	85.676	172.728
Total	124.639	201.763

⁽¹⁾ Also includes the income amount of TL 75.347 related to the intermediary issues of Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. The same amount is included in other operating expenses as well, and it is shown as gross without netting for reporting purposes.

6. Provision expenses related to loans and other receivables of the Group

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	1.004.967	467.920
12 Months Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1)	135.596	101.969
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	413.731	211.126
Non-performing Loans (Stage 3) (2)	455.640	154.825
Marketable Securities Impairment Expenses	13.766	86.525
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	83.584
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive	13.766	2.941
Associates, Subsidiaries, and Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture)	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Entities under Common Control (Joint Venture)	_	-
Other (1)	384.403	65.000
Total	1.403.136	619.445

⁽¹⁾ As of the reporting date the free provision expense for possible losses amounting to TL 280.000 has ben incurred (30 June 2021: 65.000).

⁽²⁾ Also includes the free provision amount for the loan belonging to LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş., which was written off during the period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)

7. Information related to other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits	21.881	597
Bank Social Aid Fund Deficit Provision	-	
Impairment Expenses of Fixed Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Fixed Assets	5.503	4.018
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	_
Impairment Expense of Goodwill	-	_
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	991	1.286
Impairment on Subsidiaries Accounted for Under Equity Method	-	_
Impairment on Assets for Resale	_	
Depreciation Expenses of Assets Held for Resale	-	_
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	68.009	30.954
Rent Expenses	1.726	865
Maintenance Expenses	2.291	1.422
Advertisement Expenses	464	618
Other Expenses	63.528	28.049
Loss on Sales of Assets	-	-
Other (1)	98.995	168.982
Total	195.379	205.837

⁽¹⁾ Includes 75.347 TL expense amount related to the issuances of Yatırım Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. The same amount is included in other operating income as income, and it is shown in gross without offsetting for reporting purposes. Tax and fee expenses, excluding corporate tax, amounting to TL 7.202; Includes leave provision expenses amounting to TL 4.692 (30 June 2021: includes tax and fee expenses excluding corporate tax amounting to TL 3.817; leave provision expenses amounting to TL 2.728).

8. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

As of 30 June 2022 profit before tax of the Group has decreased by 220,63% as compared to the prior period (30 June 2021: 47,46% increase). In comparison with the prior period, the Group's net interest income has increased by 132,09% (30 June 2021: 30,30% increase).

9. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

9.a Information on current tax charge or benefit and deferred tax charge or benefit:

The Group's current tax charge for the period is TL 572.705 (30 June 2021: TL 169.859 expense). Deferred tax income is TL 120.991 (30 June 2021: TL 33.521deferred tax income).

9.b Information related to deferred tax benefit or charge on temporary differences:

Deferred tax benefit calculated on temporary differences is TL 120.991 (30 June 2021: TL 33.521 deferred tax income).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- IV. Explanations and disclosures related to the consolidated income statement (continued)
- 9. Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations (continued)
- 9.c Information related to deferred tax benefit / charge on temporary differences, losses, tax deductions and exceptions:

None. (30 June 2021: None)

10. Explanations on net profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations

The Group is decreased the net profit by 217,59% for the period ended 30 June 2022 compared to prior period.

11. Information on net profit/loss

11.a The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operation is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period:

The Group has generated TL 4.188.471 of interest income, TL 1.396.445 of interest expenses, TL 149.060 of net fee and commission income from banking operations (30 June 2021: TL 1.994.365 interest income, TL 791.350 interest expenses, TL 76.658 net fee and commission income).

11.b The effect of the change in accounting estimates to the net profit/loss; including the effects to the future period, if any:

There are no changes in the accounting estimates (30 June 2021: None).

11.c Minority share of profit and loss:

The current year loss attributable to minority shares is TL 3.087 (30 June 2021: TL 43 profit). The total shareholders' equity, including current year profit attributable to minority shares is TL 94.236 (30 June 2021: TL 57.043).

12. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total, accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items are shown below

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gains on Other Fees and Commissions		
Gains on Brokerage Commissions	62.101	38.340
Commissions from Initial Public Offering	49.257	13.999
Investment Fund Management Income	2.982	2.585
Other	26.948	17.384
Total	141.288	72.308

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- V. Explanations on the risk group of the Parent Bank
- 1. Information on the volume of transactions related to the Parent Bank's own risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and income and expenses of the period

1.a Current period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other Factors in Risk Group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	997.287	9.754	489.070	-	13.581	-
Balance at the end of the period	1.056.546	28	571.748	-	-	-
Interest and commission income received	18.360	527	11.146	-	186	-

⁽¹⁾ Mutual transactions between the Parent Bank and fully consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated.

1.b Prior period:

Risk Group of the Parent Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and I Shareholders of th	Other Factors in Risk Group		
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at the beginning of the period	729.154	515	294.689	-	24.747	-
Balance at the end of the period	997.287	9.754	489.070	-	13.581	-
Interest and commission income received(2)	10.657	1	5.795	-	520	-

⁽¹⁾ Mutual transactions between the Parent Bank and fully consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated.

1.c Information on deposit held by Parent Bank's own risk group:

The Parent Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

2. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with related parties

Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries and Associates		Direct and Indirect Shareholders of the Bank		Other Factors in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Fair Value Through Profit						
or Loss Transactions	-	-	_	-	_	_
Beginning of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss (1)	-	(124)	-	-	-	-
Hedging Risk Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beginning of the Period		-	-	-	-	-
End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Includes information for 30 June 2021.

3. Total salaries and similar benefits provided to the key management personnel

Benefits provided to key management personnel in the current period amount to TL 24.609 (30 June 2021: TL 15.213).

⁽²⁾ Represents for the period of 30 June 2021.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE (Continued)

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

VI. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events:

Within the framework of the authority given by the Board of Directors of our Bank, the syndication loan agreement, which consists of two separate tranches, with a maturity of 367 days, totaling EUR 90 million and USD 17.5 million, under the coordination of Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, Filiale Luxemburg, was signed on 25 July 2022 with the participation of international financial institutions.

Following the international credit rating agency Fitch Ratings' downgrading its country rating to "B" on 8 July 2022, as of 27 July 2022, our Bank's Long-Term Foreign Currency Credit Rating was changed from "B" to "B-" for Long-Term Local Currency Credit, it revised its rating from "B+" to "B" and announced that its outlook remains as "Negative". In addition, our Bank's Government Support Rating was reduced from "b-" to "ns – no support" and Financial Capacity Rating from "b" to "b-".

SECTION SIX

AUDITORS' LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the auditors' limited review report

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2022 have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (A Member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and Auditors' Report dated 1 August 2022 is presented in the introduction of this report.

II. Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditors

There are no other explanations and notes not expressed in sections above related with the Group's operation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Name and Surname	Position	Term	Independent Member	Committees and Roles
Adnan Bali	Chairperson	2021-2024	No	-
Ece Börü	Vice Chairperson	2022-2024	No	Member of Corporate Governance Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee
Murat Bilgiç	Board Member	2022-2024	No	Member of Credit Revision Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee
Bahattin Özarslantürk	Board Member	2021-2024	Yes*	Chair of Credit Revision Committee, Member of Audit Committee
Mithat Rende	Board Member	2021-2024	Yes	Member of Sustainability Committee
Abdi Serdar Üstünsalih	Board Member	2021-2024	No	-
Gamze Yalçın	Board Member	2021-2024	Yes*	Chair of Audit Committee, Chair of Corporate Governance Committee, Chair of Remuneration Committee
Hüseyin Yalçın	Board Member	2021-2024	No	-
Cengiz Yavillioğlu	Board Member	2021-2024	No	-
Murat Doğan	Board Member	2022-2024	No	Member of Corporate Governance Committee, Member of Remuneration Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee
Celal Caner Yıldız	Board Member	2022-2024	No	Member of Credit Revision Committee, Member of Sustainability Committee

^{*} Considered as an independent member pursuant to the Corporate Governance Communique by the CMB for being a Member of the Audit Committee.

Changes in Board of Directors during the period

Ms. Ece Börü has resigned from her posts as our Bank's Chief Executive Officer and natural member of the Board of Directors effective as of April 6, 2022. Mr. Murat Bilgiç has been appointed to the position of Chief Executive Officer and has started to serve as a natural member of our Board of Directors following the commencement of his duties as Chief Executive Officer.

Mr. Ozan Uyar resigned from his duty as Board Member on April 7, 2022. In Bank's Board Meeting on the same day, Ms. Ece Börü and Mr. Celal Caner Yıldız have been appointed as the Board Members to replace the vacancies. Ms. Ece Börü has been appointed also as the Vice Chairperson of the Board.

The Resumes of Mr. Murat Bilgiç, Mr. Murat Doğan and Mr. Celal Caner Yıldız can be found in the Annual Report for the Interim Period of 1 January and 31 March 2022.

Information on the Bank's Board Meetings

The Board of Directors issued 22 decisions in the period between January 1, 2022 - June 30, 2022. Board Members attended the meetings at a satisfactory level.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

Senior Management and Directors

Name and Surname	Position
Murat Bilgiç	CEO
Hakan Aygen	Executive Vice President – Loans Allocation, Loan Analysis, Specialized Loans, Engineering
A. Ferit Eraslan	Executive Vice President – Financial Control, Budget Planning, Corporate Compliance, Treasury & Capital Markets Operations, Loan Operations
Hasan Hepkaya	Executive Vice President - Corporate Banking Marketing, Corporate Banking Sales, Project Finance, Economic Research, Financial & Technical Advisory, Advisory Services Sales
Meral Murathan	Executive Vice President - Financial Institutions & Investor Relations, Development Finance Institutions, Loan Monitoring, Treasury, Corporate Communications
Engin Topaloğlu	Executive Vice President - Board of Internal Auditors, Risk Management, Internal Control
Poyraz Koğacıoğlu	Executive Vice President – Corporate Finance
Özlem Bağdatlı	Executive Vice President - Human Resources, Legal Affairs, Pension & Assistance Funds
Bilinç Tanağardı	Executive Vice President – Application Development, System & Network Support, Enterprise Architecture & Process Management
Tolga Sert	Director - Financial Control, Loan Operations, Treasury & Capital Market Operations
S. Hüseyin Gürel	Director – Advisory Services Sales, Financial & Technical Advisory

Changes in Senior Management and Directors

Ms. Aslı Zerrin Hancı has retired from her duty effective as of 30 April 2022.

On 1 May 2022, Mr. Bilinç Tanağardı, Ms. Özlem Bağdatlı and Mr. Poyraz Koğacıoğlu have been appointed as Executive Vice President. On the same day, Mr. Tolga Sert and Mr. Seyit Hüseyin Gürel have been appointed as Director.

The Resumes of Mr. Bilinç Tanağardı, Ms. Özlem Bağdatlı, Mr. Poyraz Koğacıoğlu, Mr. Tolga Sert and Mr. Seyit Hüseyin Gürel are as follows:

Bilinç Tanağardı

Mr. Tanağardı was born in Konya in 1973 and graduated from the department of Computer Science Engineering at Istanbul University in 1994. He started his career at Degere International and then continued his career as a Software Engineer at Sınai Yatırım Bankası in 1999. Mr. Tanağardı joined TSKB in 2002 and after serving in a variety of roles and positions in Information Technology departments, He was promoted as Head of System and Network Support Department in 2015. As of 1 May 2022, Mr. Tanağardı was appointed as Executive Vice President in charge of Application Development, Enterprise Architecture and Process Management and System and Network Support Departments.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

Senior Management and Directors (continued)

Özlem Bağdatlı

Born in Çanakkale in 1974, Özlem Bağdatlı graduated from the Faculty of Law at Marmara University in 1995. She started her career in the private sector in 1998. Beginning her career at TSKB as a Specialized Lawyer in 2003, Bağdatlı held various positions at the Directorate of Legal Affairs between 2003 and 2021. Appointed as Executive Vice President on 1 May 2022, Bağdatlı is currently working as the Executive Vice President responsible for the Departments of Legal Affairs, Human Resources, and Pension and Assistance Funds. She also acts as the Rapporteur of the Board of Directors.

Poyraz Koğacıoğlu

Koğacıoğlu completed his undergraduate education at the Department of Aerospace Engineering at Middle East Technical University (MET) and obtained his master's degree in business administration (MBA) at Koç University. During his MBA education, Koğacıoğlu joined the Bocconi University exchange program. Having worked as a research assistant at Koç University between 2002 and 2004, Koğacıoğlu continued his career as an Equity Research Analyst at Oyak Investment from 2005 onwards. Koğacıoğlu worked as a Senior Analyst at 3 Seas Capital Partners in 2006 and as a Specialist in TAIB- PDF Corporate Finance in 2007. In the same year, Koğacıoğlu worked as a senior specialist in the corporate finance team at Ak Investment. In 2010, he assumed office as an assistant manager at the same institution. Koğacıoğlu then transferred to the corporate finance team at Garanti Securities as a manager in 2012 and worked there as a director in M&A and IPO from 2015 to February 2019. He was appointed as Executive Vice President at Şeker Real Estate in February 2019. Poyraz Koğacıoğlu assumed office as the Executive Director at TSKB Investment Banking in May 2019. As of 1 May 2022, Poyraz Koğacıoğlu has been appointed as Executive Vice President in charge of Corporate Finance Department.

Tolga Sert

Mr. Tolga Sert was born in Malatya in 1973. He graduated from METU's Petroleum Engineering department in 1995. He continued his education by having a Master's degree from Yeditepe University's Business Administration department in 2003. Beginning his career as an Assistant Expert at Garanti Bank in 1995, Mr. Sert then served as a Credit and Risk Officer at Total. On December 16, 1998, he started to work as an assistant investment advisor at the Treasury department of the Industrial Development Bank of Turkey (TSKB). He assumed duties at Risk Management, Financial Control, Bahrain Branch, Investor Relations and Budget and Planning departments. He was later appointed as Financial Control Manager in 2016, Appointed as a Director as of 1 May 2022, Mr. Tolga Sert is currently in charge of Financial Control, Credit Operations and Treasury and Capital Market Operations Departments.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

Seyit Hüseyin Gürel

Born in 1983 in Istanbul, Seyit Hüseyin Gürel graduated from the Department of Economics at the Middle East Technical University in 2007. Starting his professional life at Industrial Development Bank of Turkey, Gürel held various positions in Financial Analysis Department between 2007 and 2015. Gürel was positioned in Corporate Banking Department in 2015. Gürel was promoted as the Department Head of Corporate Banking Marketing in 2019 and appointed as Department Head of Advisory Services and Marketing in 2020. As of 1 May 2022, Seyit Hüseyin Gürel appointed as Director in charge of Advisory Services Sales and, Financial and Technical Advisory Department.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (Continued)

ASSESSMENT OF THE PERIOD BY THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE BOARD

Concerns of recession and inflation are rising in the global economy together with the impact of Russia's occupation of Ukraine which started in the first quarter of the year and that is still ongoing. The rising commodity prices all over the world and the interruptions caused in the food supply as a result of geopolitical developments have led to accelerated global inflation, which has already shown an increasing trend, causing economic policy-makers including mainly the US and the European Central Banks to increase interest rates and switch to tight monetary policies.

A high inflationary environment has arisen together with the impact of global developments, and our country has maintained its growth also in the second quarter of 2022. The GDP growth of 7,3% recorded in the first quarter, which has been disclosed at the end of May, indicates that the economy continues to grow in parallel to the growth recorded in the previous quarter. An examination of the growth composition reveals that the balance between domestic and foreign demand continues. On the other hand, the increase in energy costs faced together with the depreciation of TL, the food prices increasing as a result of interruptions in supply processes and the increasing trend in import product costs are among the main factors affecting inflation.

In the second quarter of 2022, the banking sector has maintained its strong performance despite the challenging economic conditions which prevail in the country and around the world, continuing to support the economic recovery process of Turkey. Maintaining its asset quality and strong capital structure, the sector closely follows up the regulations enacted by competent authorities as regards loans and share capital, and employs the practices adopted to that end.

TSKB has continued to witness developments strengthening its leading position in the field of sustainability also in the second quarter. Our bank further strengthened its resource diversity thanks to the new financing agreement it has signed with EBRD in April, which supports the transition to a green economy. Maintaining its sound asset quality, TSKB will continue to carry out its lending and consultancy activities in near future in line with its medium- and long-term environmental, social and governance-oriented targets, continuing to contribute to the fulfillment of its customers' transformation requirements.

Yours	Sincerely,

Chairperson of the Board

Adnan Bali

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

ASSESSMENT OF THE PERIOD BY THE CEO

Our sustainable banking approach is maintained in light of the global developments, getting stronger with the areas of focus determined in line with our country's and customers' requirements. The ongoing Russian occupation of Ukraine and the global inflationary environment shape the expectations all over the world, and different variants of coronavirus emerging despite vaccination efforts aggravate uncertainties. Taking into consideration all these developments and making the most efficient use of generally-accepted risk management principles, our Bank maintains its strong financial structure. Carrying out all its activities within the scope of its development banking mission, it captures the opportunities in the best manner possible and improves its financial performance further.

On the other hand, a significant increase is observed in forest fires together with the arrival of summer and the extreme weather conditions observed in our country, highlighting the dramatically-rising importance of the fight against climate change. Focusing more on climate risks and opportunities in recent years, our Bank strives to strengthen its clients against climate change both through its lending activities and consultancy services. Relying on the inspirational and influential power of the sector and believing that the fight against climate change should be conducted collectively, our Bank attaches importance to the exchange of information and experience in climate change and contributes to raising awareness on the issue across the country.

We have added another one to the international development financing sources we have obtained in the first half. In April, we signed a loan agreement worth EUR 53,5 million within the scope of the Green Economy Financing Fund. With this fund, we will provide companies across Turkey with financing for green economy investments of in relation to their energy efficiency and renewable energy activities to be carried out within the scope of the fight against climate change.

We hosted the representatives of the global leading development banks in Istanbul in May within the scope of our collaboration with the International Development Financing Club ("IDFC"), of which we are a founding member. We have exchanged information and experience with IDFC, which is a network of 27 members including only TSKB from Turkey and which aims to support the strategic collaborations among national, international and regional development financing institutions, during the meeting on "Climate Strategy and Risks".

We have published the 7th issue of the Report on Climate published in 2020 for the first time within the scope of the Green Swan Platform founded by our Bank with the aim of raising awareness on sustainability and climate and exchanging information on the issue through its publications. We have focused on forest and soil as our main themes. Underlining that deforestation, land degradation and loss of biodiversity are of critical issues for the human future, the report addresses the subjects of the general outlook of Turkish forests, climate financing, global food security and climate justice in a comprehensive manner.

Having carried out its operations in the Turkish finance sector for 72 years with a sustainable banking mission, our Bank has been chosen "Turkey's Best Bank in the Field of Sustainable Development" at Global Banking & Finance Awards 2022, and "Turkey's Most Sustainable Bank" at World Finance Banking 2022 rewards.

Our bank has disclosed strong financial results once again in the first half of 2022. While the total asset size of our Bank has reached TL 101,1 billion, our total loan portfolio, which represents our direct contribution to the real economy, has reached TL 70,5 billion, representing 70% of our total assets. Our Bank has contributed to the financing of investments in various sectors including manufacturing industry in particular, with its investments in renewable energy projects in the first half, as well as investments focusing on the inclusion. With the increased contribution of our investment banking activities, our fees and commission income increased by 94%, continuing to support our profitability. While the profit before provisions and taxes we derived in the first half of 2022 stood at TL 3,6 billion, our net profit has been recorded as TL 1,5 billion in the same period. The total equity of our Bank has reached TL 8,2 billion, whereas our Return on Equity has been recorded as 40%.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

ASSESSMENT OF THE PERIOD BY THE CEO (continued)

It is becoming increasingly important every day for all stakeholders to integrate their non-financial data along with their financial data into their decision-making mechanisms. The extensive efforts of the International Sustainability Standards Board ("ISSB") founded under the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") Committee are of critical importance for the standardization of sustainability reporting. We will continue to provide all our stakeholders with information on our strategy and governance organization by means of our reports.

We will continue to stand among the most important stakeholders of our customers in their journey of transformation as they prepare for the future thanks to our innovative products and services and agile business model, continuing to contribute to the development of our country's economy. We will be closely following up on the impact-oriented global developments.

Yours Sincerely,

Chief Executive Officer

Murat Bilgiç

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SEVEN

INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INTERIM PERIOD

Economic Developments in the Second Quarter of 2022

The second quarter of 2022 has been a period in which geopolitical uncertainties prevailed and the downward risks became more evident in the global growth outlook. While developed economies' central banks confirmed that the interest rate increases would continue, this trend resulted in the tightening of financial conditions. The data disclosed affirmed the loss of momentum in global economic activities, increasing concerns of a recession. Although growth-related concerns caused a decrease in commodity prices including mainly crude oil prices, the upward trend in inflation continues. There are raised concerns that it might take time to decrease inflation due to accumulated costs, supply chain issues and increased expectations. While the global risk appetite stands at a low level due to these dynamics, there is a continued vulnerability in the capital flows to developing economies.

The Turkish economy has maintained the strength of its economic activities in the first quarter of 2022, whereas the preliminary data related to the second quarter point out a limited slowdown. GDP has increased by 1,2% in the first quarter of 2022 quarter-on-quarter according to the calendar- and seasonally-adjusted data and the annualized GDP growth has been recorded at 7,3%. PMI remained in the shrinkage zone in the second quarter, while the sector confidence indexes had varying performance levels.

The slowdown in exports remained limited as the tourism sector continued its strong recovery. On the other hand, the foreign trade deficit and current deficit continue to grow with the increase in international energy prices. According to the preliminary data of the Ministry of Trade, exports increased by 20% in the first half year on year, while the increase in imports exceeded 40%. Thus, the foreign trade deficit, which stood at USD 21,2 billion in the first half of 2021, increased to USD 51,4 billion. The current deficit, which was recorded at USD 12,4 billion in January-May 2021, increased to USD 28,1 billion year-on-year despite the recovery in the tourism sector and other services. While the vulnerability is observed in capital flows, the official reserves and net errors and omissions were the main factors in terms of financing the current deficit.

An increase continued to be observed in inflation due to the global trends and the accumulated impact of the other cost components. CPI inflation rate, which stood at 61,1% at the end of the first quarter of 2022, increased to 78,6% in June. The annual domestic producer price inflation (DPPI) rate increased to 138,3% from 115,0 in the same period. Details confirmed the maintenance of the price pressure despite the slow-down in certain sub-items. While the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey kept the monetary policy interest rate fixed at 14%, prudent actions were taken at the macro level for strengthening the efficiency of the monetary policy transmission mechanism.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

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INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INTERIM PERIOD (continued)

Economic Developments in the Second Quarter of 2022 (continued)

Markets

While the increasing downward risks in the growth outlook strengthen the expectations for the central banks in developed economies to tighten monetary policy, risk assets around the world face sales pressure. There are continued capital outflows from developing economies.

While Borsa Istanbul returned a part of its profits within the period with the impact of global trends, TL depreciated against USD. Thanks to these trends, Borsa Istanbul 100 and 30 indices recorded an increase of 7,7% and 5,3%, respectively, in the second quarter. The increase in the banking sector's stocks index stood at 11,7% during the same period. While TL depreciated against USD by 13,8%, the depreciation against EUR stood at 7,4%. While bond interest rates followed a fluctuating course, the compound interest rate of the 2-year bond, which stood at 24,97% at the end of the first quarter, was closed at 24,48% at the end of June.

Banking Sector

In the second quarter of 2022, the nominal loan growth rate in TL stood at 27,6%, whereas the total loans increased by 19,2% on a currency-basket basis in FX-adjusted terms. According to the Weekly Bulletin data of the BRSA, the loan growth rate in TL in the sector stood at 36,4% in this period, while the loan growth rate in foreign currency stood at 3,5% in FX-adjusted terms. The corporate loans in TL and the retail loans increased by 44,3% and 21,2%, respectively. According to the loan increase rates of the last one-year, the rate of increase observed in corporate loans in TL accelerated to 66,8% from 41,7% that was recorded in the first quarter results, while the increase in retail loans was recorded at 22,3% in the first quarter results increased to 36,8%. 78% of the increase in loans in TL recorded in the second quarter was caused by corporate loans, whereas the share of corporate loans in both total loans and the loans in TL increased by 2 and 3 points compared to the end of 2021, reaching 80% and 68%, respectively. The increase in the corporate loans in TL according to the 13-weeks' averages is observed to reach 79,7 levels.

The rate of non-performing loans in the sector was recorded at 2,5% as of the end of June, shrinking with the contribution of the increase in total loans compared to the 3,2% level recorded at the end of 2021, together with the limited growth of non-performing loans observed. The rate of non-performing loans in corporate loans decreased to 2,5% from 3,4% in the second quarter, whereas such rate in Non-SME corporate loans fell to 2% from 2,6%. As for retail loans, the rate of non-performing loans maintained its 3,6% level recorded at the end of 2021 also in this quarter together with the slow-down in new loan extensions, as well as the increase in non-performing loans particularly in consumer loans.

In the second quarter, a transition took place in the sector from deposits in FX to deposits in TL, and the deposits in TL increased by 58,7%, while the deposits in FX decreased by 4,3% in FX-adjusted terms, resulting in a net deposit increase of 18,2%. The share of FX deposits in total deposits decreased to 56% from 65% recorded as of the end of 2021. The TL loan/deposit ratio of the sector excluding participation banks that reached 150% by the end of 2021, is observed, starting from the end of February, to have decreased below 130% level, which could be achieved only for short periods within the last 8 years.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

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INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECISIONS

The Bank's Ordinary General Assembly Meeting was held at the Headquarters on 29 March 2022.

The General Assembly Decisions were disclosed to the shareholders in the Annual Report for the Interim Period of 1 January and 31 March 2022 and on the Bank's website and the Public Disclosure Platform.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE BANK'S ACTIVITIES IN THE INTERIM PERIOD

In April, TSKB has signed a green-themed loan agreement worth EUR 53,5 million with the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) which will be disbursed within the framework of the Green Economy Financing Fund to finance green economy investments, including energy efficiency and renewable energy, carried out by companies throughout Turkey as part of the fight against climate change.

On 25 July 2022; with the participation of 8 banks, TSKB has secured a sustainability-linked syndicated loan in the amount of US \$17.5 million and EUR 90 million.

TSKB has received two separate awards from global organizations in the second quarter of the year. The Bank was selected as "Turkey's Best Bank in the Field of Sustainable Development" in the "ESG and Sustainability" category of the Global Banking & Finance Awards 2022, and was selected as the "Most Sustainable Bank of Turkey" by World Finance Magazine which makes two consecutive years for the Bank to be awarded the first place in this category.

In May, the meeting themed "Climate Strategy and Physical Climate Risk Assessment" of IDFC was hosted by TSKB. Also, during the same period, the 7th edition of the Climate Review was published within the scope of the Green Swan Platform, which was issued for the first time in 2020. Forest and soil themes were covered in the report. Noting that issues such as deforestation, land destruction and biodiversity loss are vital for the future of humanity, the study also addresses issues such as the current situation in Turkey's forests, climate finance, global food security and climate justice in a broad framework.

TSKB, which places inclusivity as well as climate risks among the top priority items of its agenda, reinforces its support through loans with social responsibility projects. In this context, the winners of the "Women Stars of Tomorrow: Young Women Musicians Support Fund" project, which was implemented in cooperation with the Istanbul Music Festival, have been determined. The Bank supports 16 young female musicians in the fifth year of the project.

Developments Regarding the Bank's Corporate Governance Operations

The Bank's "Corporate Governance Compliance Report" and "Corporate Governance Information Forms" were published on the Public Disclosure Form on 2 March 2022. These reports are available at https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/Bildirim/1006364 and https://www.kap.org.tr/tr/Bildirim/1006365.

During the Bank's General Assembly Meeting on 29 March 2022; Members of the Board of Directors have been chosen, and the Bank's Board of Directors Committees have been determined as follows:

- Audit Committee– Ms. Gamze Yalçın (Chairperson), Mr. Bahattin Özarslantürk (Member)
- Corporate Governance Committee– Ms. Gamze Yalçın (Chairperson), Ms. Ece Börü (Member), Mr. Murat Doğan (Member), Özen Çaylı (Member)
- Remuneration Committee– Ms. Gamze Yalçın (Chairperson), Mr. Murat Doğan (Member)

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INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assessments for the interim activities (continued)

FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INTERIM PERIOD

The summary of the Bank's key financial indicators as of 30 June 2022 is as follows:

Total asset size has increased by 65% and 17% year-on-year and compared to the end of 2021, respectively, reaching TL 101,1 billion.

The total loan portfolio reached 70,5 billion TL as of the end of June with an increase of 50,8% year-on-year and 9,4% compared to the year-end. The share of loans in assets stood at 69,8%. The share of non-performing loans in total loan portfolio was 3,3% as of the end of June.

Our shareholders' equity has increased by 27% and 17% year-on-year and compared to the end of 2021, respectively, reaching TL 8,2 billion. The capital adequacy ratio recorded as 20,8% at the end of 2021 fell to %17,65 by the end of June.

Cumulated net interest income was elevated by 132% year-on-year, reaching TL 2,8 billion, whereas fee and commission income picked up by 94%, reaching TL 149 million. The cost to income ratio, which was recorded as 9% in 2021, fell to 8,3% in the first half of 2022.

Bank's net profit marked an annual increase of 218%, reaching 1.522 million TL.

The return on equity ratio, which stood at 16,4% at the end of 2021, was lifted up to 40% in the first half of 2022.

The return on assets, which stood at 1,6% at the end of 2021, increased to 3,3% in the first half of 2022.

RISK MANAGEMENT

TSKB Risk Management Policies and implementation principles governing these policies comprise the written standards defined by the Board of Directors and enforced by the Bank's senior management.

In line with TSKB's Risk Management Policies, the main risks exposed by the Bank have been identified as credit risks, asset-liability management risk (market risk, structural interest rate risk, liquidity risk) and operational risk. A Risk Management Department has been established within the Bank to ensure compliance with said risk policies and the codes of practice pertaining thereto, and manage the risks the Bank is exposed to in accordance with these policies.

TSKB Risk Management Department actively participates in all processes related to the management of risks, and regularly reports to the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, senior management, and the relevant departments of the Bank. The roles, responsibilities and structure of the Department have been set forth in the Regulation on Risk Management Department.

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INFORMATION ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

I. Interim period activity report included chairman of board of directors and CEO's assesments for the interim activities (continued)

OTHER INFORMATION

Explanations related to the developments that had a significant impact on the banking activities in the relevant period are provided above. Please see our 2021 Annual Integrated Report available at the following address for further details:

https://en.tskb.com.tr/i/content/4704_1_TSKB%202021%20Integrated%20Annual%20Report.pdf